

**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**

**COUNTY OF MOORE**

**NORTH CAROLINA**

**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED**

**JUNE 30, 2024**

**FINANCIAL SERVICES**

**CAROLINE L. XIONG**

**FINANCE DIRECTOR**

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**  
**YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

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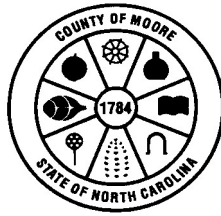
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JIM VON CANON  
District I

NICK PICERNO  
District II

JOHN RITTER  
District III

FRANK QUIS  
District IV



## County of Moore

### Board of Commissioners

KURT COOK  
District V

MISTY RANDALL LELAND  
County Attorney

J. WAYNE VEST  
County Manager

LAURA M. WILLIAMS  
Clerk to the Board

November 26, 2024

To the Board of County Commissioners and Citizens of the County of Moore, North Carolina:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publishes within six months of the close of the fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

County management assumes full responsibility of the completeness and reliability of the information contained in the report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that have been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurances that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Mauldin & Jenkins, Certified Public Accountants, has issued an unmodified opinion on the County of Moore's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

### ***Profile of the Government***

The County of Moore was established in 1784 and is located in the Sandhills region of North Carolina. It has a land area of 706 square miles and a population of 106,898 as of June 30, 2024. The County has a commissioner/manager form of government. The five members of the Board of Commissioners are elected at large from residential districts on a partisan basis and serve staggered four-year terms. Commissioners hold policy-making and legislative authority. They are also responsible for adopting the budget and appointing the County Manager, County Attorney, Tax Administrator and Clerk to the Board. The County Manager is responsible for implementing policies, managing daily operations and administering county personnel policies.

The County provides its citizens with a wide range of services that include public safety, sanitation, health and social services, water and sewer, cultural and recreational activities, general administration and others. This report includes all of the County's activities in maintaining these services. The County also extends financial support to certain boards, agencies, and commissions to assist their efforts in serving citizens. Among these are the Moore County Board of Education and Sandhills Community College.

### ***Local Economy***

The County's economy is well diversified with significant healthcare, retirement, tourism, retail, agriculture and manufacturing sectors. County residents enjoy a varied lifestyle with many activities available, a diverse host of attractions for entertaining guests, and a pleasant climate. Its location, being 65 miles to Raleigh, 326 miles to Washington, DC, 565 miles to New York City and 355 miles to Atlanta helps to make it an ideal retirement and business community.

The sales tax revenue has increased compared to the prior years as a result of more consumer spending. The property tax collection rates are holding steady and we do not anticipate dropping below FY2024 collection levels.

### ***Long-term financial planning***

Unassigned fund balance in the general fund (22.05 percent of total general fund expenditures) is in compliance with the fiscal policies adopted by the Board of Commissioners for budgetary and planning purposes, which states that any amount over 17 percent will be transferred to the Capital Reserve Fund for future major capital projects to reduce the amount that will need to be borrowed to finance those projects.

## **Agriculture**

The agricultural community in the County is served by several groups including: NC Cooperative Extension, Farm Service Agency, Natural Resource Conservation Service and the Soil and Water Conservation District. The Farm Bureau and Piedmont Farm Credit also serve the agricultural community. The agencies mentioned continue to develop programs that will benefit agricultural production in crops that have in the last 20 years replaced tobacco as a primary crop. Currently, the top three crops in Moore County include hay grown for forage, soybeans and corn. Efforts are being made in the areas of cooperative farm marketing and agritourism. Agritourism may also provide opportunities for generating additional income on farmland from the tourist market already present in the County. The County was ranked 16th among counties in the State in poultry production with a market value of \$185,849,000, according to the latest 2022 Census of Agriculture.

## **Tourism**

The suppliers of tourism assets and services in the County are well known and quite diverse, ranging from four-star self-contained golf resorts to independent restaurants and family-owned motels. Supporting the destination's appeal are 40 golf courses, which are consistently ranked in the top echelon of golf courses within the state and country. The Convention and Visitors Bureau (CVB) serves as the destination marketing & management organization for the County, responsible for promoting the area for meetings and conventions, sporting events, and leisure travelers. Visitors to this destination spent over \$805 million dollars in 2023 which generated \$26.1 million in local taxes as well as supporting more than 6,000 direct jobs, making this industry the second highest employer in the County.

The strong tourist economy, along with a community-wide effort including the CVB, helped the Pinehurst Resort and the County obtain the rights to host the 2009 and 2019 U.S. Amateur, the 2014 and 2022 U. S. Women's Open as well as the 1999, 2005, 2014 and 2024 U.S. Men's Open Championships. The Pinehurst Resort hosted the 2024 U.S. Men's Open Championship, the fourth time the venerable club hosted the men's championship (1999, 2005, 2014, and 2024). The 2024 Men's U.S. Open had an estimated impact of \$200 million and drew 250,000 people from around the world. Pine Needles Lodge & Golf Club hosted the 2022 U.S. Women's Open. The Country Club of North Carolina hosted the 2021 U.S. Junior Amateur. Moore County is also the host of the U.S. Kids World & Teen Championships and will celebrate its 20<sup>th</sup> year in 2024, staging events on more than 10 golf courses in the area. This event boasts a \$15.1 million economic impact for the destination. The tourism industry continues to seek new ways to further diversify its business by adding family-friendly amenities and building creative marketing promotions and strategies to attract golfers and non-golfers to the destination. Unique opportunities such as agri-tourism, a strong farm-to-fork dining scene and amateur sports tourism add to the diverse offerings attracting visitors.

A favorable economic impact to the County was accomplished in 2024. The United States Golf Association ("USGA") opened the new World Golf Hall of Fame on its Pinehurst campus during the 2024 U.S. Open. which includes a new equipment-testing facility, innovation hub, museum/visitor center and office. The USGA also announced that Pinehurst Resort will host four additional U.S. Open Championships in 2029, 2035, 2041 and 2047. In Southern Pines, the BHAWK Distillery opened in early 2024, With 8,000 square feet of space, the facility is designed to be a true destination distillery.

## **Retirement**

The County's retirement sector is very important to the local economy, over 25% of the County's population is over 65. The County has an above average number of older residents and a higher per capita income than the State average. Many seniors enjoy retirement communities and assisted-living facilities as part of their lifestyle.

## **Manufacturing**

Incorporated in 2002 as a 501(c)(3) nonprofit entity, Moore County Economic Development Partnership (MCEDP) brings public and private interests together to provide economic development services for all of the County. The County makes an annual contribution to support MCEDP's operating budget and mission of increasing the number of new jobs and capital investment in the County through new industry recruitment, existing industry expansion and retention, and entrepreneurial development.

## **Relevant Financial Policies**

County management is responsible for the accounting system and for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and maintaining accountability for assets; and (3) compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to federal and state financial assistance programs. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the costs of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The government's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, all deposits were either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized. All of the investments held by the government on June 30, 2024 are classified in the category of lowest credit risk as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The Manager's budget provides a sound basis and balanced budget plan for managing the fiscal year's revenues and expenditures across all fund types and has been developed with the guiding principles of prioritizing education, public safety, health and human services, maintaining a relatively low tax rate, funding necessary capital expenditures with the capital reserve fund, protecting the risk management fund, and reviewing expenditure trends for potential reduction of expenses.

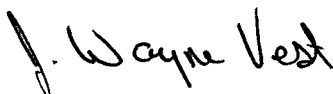
## **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Moore for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This was the 36th consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficient organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.


A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire Financial Services staff. We wish to express appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Board of Commissioners for their support of the aforementioned projects.

Respectfully submitted,



Wayne Vest  
County Manager



Caroline L. Xiong  
Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of  
Achievement  
for Excellence  
in Financial  
Reporting

Presented to

**County of Moore**  
**North Carolina**

For its Annual Comprehensive  
Financial Report  
For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

*Christopher P. Morill*

Executive Director/CEO

# Citizens of Moore County

## Board of Commissioners

## Elected Officials

### Component Units

North West Moore  
Water District

Moore County  
ABC Board

Moore County  
Economic Development

East Moore  
Water District

Moore County Airport  
Authority

Convention and Visitors  
Bureau

### Statutory Boards

Jonathan Russell  
Soil & Water  
Full time: 2

David Richmond  
Social Services  
Full time: 117  
Part time: 1

Towanna Dixon  
Elections  
Full time: 5

Matt Garner  
Health  
Full time: 49

### State/Regional

Cooperative Extension  
Full time: 6

Library  
Full time: 9

### Appointed

Gary Briggs  
Tax  
Full time: 27

Wayne Vest  
County Manager  
Full time: 7

Misty Leland  
County Attorney  
Full time: 8

Laura Williams  
Clerk to the Board  
Full time: 1

Janet Parris  
Assistant County  
Manager

Teri Prots  
Aging  
Full time: 20  
Part time: 1

Kay Ingram  
Information  
Technology  
Full time: 16

Bryan Phillips  
Public Safety

EMS  
Full time: 102  
Part time: .25

Communications  
Full time: 19  
Part time: .25

Fire Marshal  
Full time: 1

Teresa Brewer  
Child Support  
Full time: 11  
DRC/Youth Service  
Full time: 1  
Part time: 1

Chris Wiley  
Park & Recreation  
Full time: 6

Randy Gould  
Public Works

Utilities  
Full time: 44

WPCP  
Full time: 19  
Part time: 1

Caroline Xiong  
Financial Services  
Full time: 7

Debra Ensminger  
Planning  
Full time: 15

Sonia Biggs  
Transportation  
Full Time: 13  
Part time: 2

Kelly Greene  
Veterans  
Full time: 5

Dawn Gilbert  
Human Resources  
Self Insurance Fund  
Full time: 5

Gene Boles  
Property  
Management  
Full time: 32  
Part time: 1

Solid Waste  
Full time: 11  
Part time: 7

### County of Moore FY 2023/2024

**Full time: 764    Part time: 16**

**FTE: 772**

7/18/23 (4) IMC II approved by BOC  
10/3/2023 (2) Flexible Positions approved by BOC  
10/17/2023 (1) Utility Field Services Technician approved by BOC  
11/21/2023 (3) Cadet Deputy Sheriff approved by BOC  
1/23/24 (1) IMC III and (1) IM Supervisor II

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS**

**June 30, 2024**

COMMISSIONERS

Nick Picerno, Chair	District 2
Kurt Cook, Vice Chair	District 5
Frank Quis	District 4
John Ritter	District 3
Jim Von Canon	District 1

COUNTY OFFICIALS

J. Wayne Vest	County Manager
Janet Parris	Assistant County Manager
Misty Randall Leland	County Attorney
Laura M. Williams	Clerk to the Board
Ronnie Fields	Sheriff
William Britton	Register of Deeds
Gary E. Briggs	Tax Administrator
Caroline L. Xiong	Finance Director



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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To Members of the Board of Commissioners  
Moore County  
Carthage, North Carolina

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Moore County, North Carolina** (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Moore County ABC Board (the "ABC Board"), which represents 25%, 26% and 51% of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2024. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditor.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. The financial statements of the ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules related to the County's pensions and other post-employment benefits, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

---

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, the "Other Financial Information" as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the State of North Carolina Single Audit Implementation Act (collectively, "the supplementary information") are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the title pages, introductory section, and statistical section, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC*

Raleigh, North Carolina  
November 26, 2024

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

As the management team of the County of Moore (the County), we offer readers of the County of Moore's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-iii of this report.

### Financial Highlights

- The total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the County at the close of the fiscal year by \$86,192,571 (*net position*).
- The Government's total net position increased by \$35,003,821 primarily due to increased capital constructions and Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery funds. As of June 30, 2024, the County incurred a liability of \$31,600,944 in post-employment benefits and \$9,160,053 in landfill closure and post-closure care costs.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$172,344,570, a decrease of \$3,061,847 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 37.29% of this total amount or \$64,261,940 is restricted or non-spendable.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$30,270,322, or 22.05% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year. The 14.05% over the minimum recommended by the LGC is \$19,289,896.
- The County of Moore's total debt decreased by \$20,299,984 or 6% during the fiscal year, primarily due to a decrease in OPEB Liability and the debt payments throughout the year.
- In May 2021, S&P Global Ratings assigned its 'AA' rating to Moore County, N.C.'s series 2021 limited obligation bonds. At the same time, S&P Global Ratings affirmed its 'AA+' rating on the county's general obligation (GO) debt outstanding and its 'AA' rating on the county's existing limited obligation bonds.
- In May 2021, Moody's Investors Service assigned a Aa2 rating to Moore County, NC's \$58.5 million Limited Obligation Bonds, Series 2021. Per Moody's Investors Service, the County's GO rating is currently assigned as Aa1.

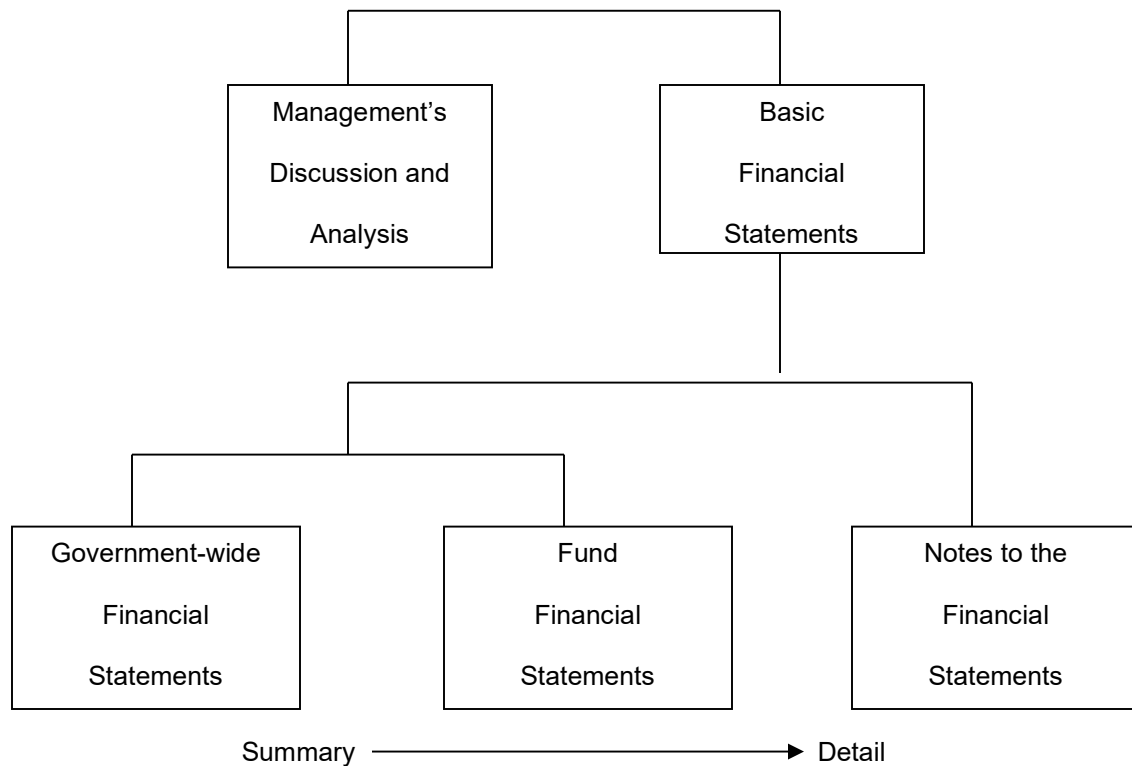
### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the County of Moore.

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## Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Figure 1



### Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Pages 16 and 17) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Pages 18 through 27) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary (agency) fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's nonmajor governmental funds and intragovernmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's pension and benefits plans.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net positions are the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories:

- 1) Governmental activities;
- 2) Business-type activities; and,
- 3) Component units.

The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, environmental protection and community development, human services, cultural and recreational, education, and general government. Property taxes, sales taxes, and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities.

The business-type activities are those for which the County charges customers to provide. These include the water pollution control plant and public utilities services offered by the County, as well as the East Moore Water District.

The final category is the component units. The component units include the Convention and Visitors Bureau, which promotes the development of travel, tourism and conventions in the County; the Moore County Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) Board, which distributes a portion of its surpluses to the County; and the Moore County Airport Authority, which operates an airport facility owned by the County.

The government-wide financial statements are on Pages 16 and 17 of this report.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Moore, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary (agency) funds.

**Governmental Funds** – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The County of Moore adopts an annual budget for its General Fund as required by the N.C. General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board of Commissioners about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the Budget Ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board of Commissioners; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary Funds** – The County of Moore has two kinds of proprietary funds; Enterprise and Intragovernmental funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County of Moore uses Enterprise Funds to account for its water and sewer activities. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Intragovernmental funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the County. The County uses intragovernmental funds to account for one activity: the Self Insurance Fund. Because these operations benefit predominately governmental rather than business-type activities, the intragovernmental funds have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

**Fiduciary Funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The County has two custodial funds: Sheriff Accounts Fund and Special Tax Districts Fund.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 28-86 of this report.

**Other Information** – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 87 of this report.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a Government's financial condition. The total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the County at the close of the fiscal year by \$86,192,571 as of June 30, 2024. The County's net position increased by \$35,003,821 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Fund balance of the Opioid Fund and net position of the governmental activities were restated as of July 1, 2023 with an increase of \$419,326 and an increase of \$10,505,519, respectively, to correct the recording of opioid funds collected within 90 days of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 in the fund statement and to record the additional opioid revenue that was recognized for Governmental Activities. One significant component of the County's net position is its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional

portion of the County's net position \$46,335,058 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining deficit balance of (\$74,357,273) is unrestricted.

As with many counties in the State of North Carolina, the County's deficit in unrestricted net position is due primarily to the portion of the County's outstanding debt incurred for use by the Moore County Schools and Sandhills Community College. The County is responsible for providing capital funding for the schools and college. The County has chosen to meet its obligation to provide schools and college capital funding by using a mixture of County funds and general obligation debt. The assets funded by the County, however, are owned and utilized by the schools and college. Since the County, as the issuing government acquires no capital assets the County has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets. At the end of the fiscal year, the outstanding balance of the school-related and community college-related debt less unspent bond/debt proceeds was \$150,893,287. Also, the \$164,983,081 of the outstanding debt on the County's financial statements was related to assets included in the schools and colleges financial statements. This debt is reported within the unrestricted portion of net position rather than as part of the net investment in capital assets.

The breakdown of the unrestricted portion of the total net position is defined as follows:

School/college system unrestricted	(\$150,893,287)
All other unrestricted	<u>\$ 76,536,014</u>
Total unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(\$ 74,357,273)</u>

### County of Moore's Net Position

Figure 2

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$ 197,365,767	\$ 198,566,521	\$ 45,006,468	\$ 44,769,721	\$ 242,372,235	\$ 243,336,242
Capital assets	115,044,489	103,927,356	74,668,529	60,139,288	189,713,018	164,066,644
Total assets	312,410,256	302,493,877	119,674,997	104,909,009	432,085,253	407,402,886
Total deferred outflows of resources	29,284,427	29,059,058	2,943,377	2,959,354	32,227,804	32,018,412
Long-term liabilities outstanding	293,764,643	311,608,956	37,783,091	39,973,762	331,547,734	351,582,718
Other liabilities	14,201,063	21,088,460	5,023,163	3,317,779	19,224,226	24,406,239
Total liabilities	307,965,706	332,697,416	42,806,254	43,291,541	350,771,960	375,988,957
Total deferred inflows of resources	20,740,122	16,278,557	6,608,404	6,470,553	27,348,526	22,749,110
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	72,801,344	71,165,938	41,413,442	32,670,810	114,214,786	103,836,748
Restricted for:						
Stabilization by state statute	23,375,498	16,556,089	-	-	23,375,498	16,556,089
Health - Medicaid Assistance Program	538,686	436,157	-	-	538,686	436,157
Solid Waste-White Goods Program	1,104,941	984,703	-	-	1,104,941	984,703
Solid Waste - Scrap Tire Program	542,770	400,009	-	-	542,770	400,009
Register of Deeds	520,140	456,741	-	-	520,140	456,741
Building inspection	2,295,146	1,978,542	-	-	2,295,146	1,978,542
Emergency Telephone System	1,123,755	1,187,855	-	-	1,123,755	1,187,855
Fire protection	2,653,355	1,888,825	-	-	2,653,355	1,888,825
Environmental protection	88,471	90,318	-	-	88,471	90,318
Charitable services	29,785	29,821	-	-	29,785	29,821
Health services	27,532	45,421	-	-	27,532	45,421
Opioid	11,058,606	830,941	-	-	11,058,606	830,941
Grants Project	525,115	613,134	-	-	525,115	613,134
ARP	717,961	295,772	-	-	717,961	295,772
Net pension asset	248,750	268,804	-	-	248,750	268,804
Debt Service Reserve	-	-	90,326	49,283	90,326	49,283
System Development Fees	-	-	1,394,221	890,729	1,394,221	890,729
Unrestricted	(104,663,000)	(114,652,108)	30,305,727	24,495,447	(74,357,273)	(90,156,661)
Total net position	\$ 12,988,855	\$ (17,423,038)	\$ 73,203,716	\$ 58,106,269	\$ 86,192,571	\$ 40,683,231



There are several particular aspects of the County's financial operations that also positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of real property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage above 99%.
- Conservative revenue projections for the 2023-2024 budget cycle based upon the local economy and local trends
- Continued low cost of debt due to the County's Aa1/AA+ bond ratings.

**County of Moore's Changes in Net Position  
Figure 3**

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 18,301,291	\$ 17,176,583	\$ 25,363,877	\$ 22,873,815	\$ 43,665,168	\$ 40,050,398
Operating grants and contributions	12,203,935	12,721,947	-	-	12,203,935	12,721,947
Capital grants and contributions	8,546,525	413,136	5,630,231	3,795,552	14,176,756	4,208,688
General revenues:						
Property taxes	87,011,933	84,658,561	-	-	87,011,933	84,658,561
Sales taxes	36,143,405	33,307,724	-	-	36,143,405	33,307,724
Other taxes and licenses	379,802	516,892	-	-	379,802	516,892
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	5,901,357	6,335,292	-	-	5,901,357	6,335,292
Other	12,737,924	9,771,793	992,202	674,630	13,730,126	10,446,423
Transfers	(8,337,304)	(146,570)	8,337,304	146,570	-	-
Total revenues	172,888,868	164,755,358	40,323,614	27,490,567	213,212,482	192,245,925
Expenses:						
General government	20,366,445	19,042,806	-	-	20,366,445	19,042,806
Public safety	43,534,243	38,942,348	-	-	43,534,243	38,942,348
Environmental protection and community development	10,624,676	9,487,772	-	-	10,624,676	9,487,772
Human services	21,757,932	20,738,223	-	-	21,757,932	20,738,223
Cultural and recreation	2,093,061	1,919,319	-	-	2,093,061	1,919,319
Education	48,675,870	46,673,791	-	-	48,675,870	46,673,791
Debt service - interest	5,930,267	6,505,173	-	-	5,930,267	6,505,173
Debt service fees	-	8,253	-	-	-	8,253
Water pollution control	-	-	6,751,239	5,532,483	6,751,239	5,532,483
Public utilities	-	-	14,881,808	13,336,085	14,881,808	13,336,085
East Moore water district	-	-	3,593,120	3,224,222	3,593,120	3,224,222
Total expenses	152,982,494	143,317,685	25,226,167	22,092,790	178,208,661	165,410,475
Change in net position	19,906,374	21,437,673	15,097,447	5,397,777	35,003,821	26,835,450
Net position, July 1, as previously presented	(17,423,038)	(36,075,450)	58,106,269	52,708,492	40,683,231	16,633,042
Error Correction (Note 15)	10,505,519	(2,785,261)	-	-	10,505,519	(2,785,261)
Net position, July 1 (restated)	(6,917,519)	(38,860,711)	58,106,269	52,708,492	51,188,750	13,847,781
Net position, June 30	\$ 12,988,855	\$ (17,423,038)	\$ 73,203,716	\$ 58,106,269	\$ 86,192,571	\$ 40,683,231

**Governmental activities:** Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$19,906,374. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Increase in sales taxes by 9% which is over \$2.8 million compared to the prior year due to local business and tourism growth in Moore County. Morganton Park is a 266,000 square-foot upscale shopping center located in Southern Pines that opened several new stores: Golf Galaxy, Dicks' Sporting Goods, Five Below and HomeGoods. The U.S. Open in June 2024 also brought over 250,000 visitors to Pinehurst.
- Investment income has increased by 45% which is \$3,734,203 due to the high interest earnings at the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT) and First Bank that reached 5.25% at the end of the fiscal year. This is the highest interest yield since October 2007.
- The new courthouse is still under construction and will not be completed until summer 2024. Over \$9.6 million was added to the category of construction in progress in capital assets in FY2024.
- The County continues to achieve a high property tax collection rate which was 99.7% in FY2024. The County's most recent revaluation was effective January 1, 2023. With the business and community expansion in Moore County, our property tax valuation based on market value increased by 44.5% from the prior year which enabled the County Commissioners to reduce the property tax rate from \$0.485 to \$0.33 which is 1 cent below revenue neutral.

**Business-type activities:** Business-type activities increased the County of Moore's net position by \$15,097,447. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Public Utilities and East Moore Water District (EMWD) both had contributed capital related to water distribution and/or sewer collection systems of \$1,834,274 and \$440,750, respectively. This donated capital was from new construction and developments in the County.
- Vass Phase II project contributed \$7,952,109 in capital assets. This sewer improvements capital project is funded through the USDA Revenue Bonds and USDA grants.
- \$8,337,304 of Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery funds were transferred to Public Utilities (\$7,308,874) and East Moore Water District (\$1,028,430) to complete the capital projects for the Linden Road Wells, Water & Sewer Line Extensions, and the Thurlow Booster Pump Station (EMWD).
- Fee increases also positively impacted the water, sewer, and irrigation fees.

### **Financial Analysis of the County's Funds**

As noted earlier, the County of Moore uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds:** The focus of the County of Moore's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriations can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County of Moore. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$54,594,515, while total fund balance reached \$73,707,734. The Governing Body of the County of Moore has determined that the County should maintain an available fund balance of 17% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the

County. The County currently has an available fund balance of 39.78% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 53.70% of the same amount.

As of June 30, 2024, the governmental funds of the County of Moore reported a combined fund balance of \$172,344,570 with a net decrease in fund balance of \$3,061,847. Included in this change in fund balance are decreases in fund balance for the School/College Capital Bond Project Fund and the New Courthouse Building Project Fund. For these two capital projects, there were no additional revenues collected, with the exception of the investment income, since the bond proceeds were reported in the fiscal year that the bonds were issued. The decreases in fund balance for School/College Capital Bond Project Fund and the New Courthouse Building Project Fund were primarily related to the invoices paid based on the construction in progress.

The increase in Capital Reserve for Governmental Projects is based on our fiscal policy that states that any unassigned fund balance over 17% of our current expenditures will be transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve for Governmental Projects, for future capital project needs.

The increases in Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Fund and Opioid Fund were additional funds received from investment income and opioid settlement funds, respectively.

The General Fund's net increase in fund balance by \$7.5 million is mainly due to the following reasons:

- Increase of the County's taxable assessed valuation and a significant economic growth in recent years.
- Our population continued to increase over the past five years and exceeded over 105,000 residents in 2024.
- The sales tax and investment income have heavily contributed to a positive fund balance by collecting \$4.5 million and \$5.4 million over the estimated revenue budgets, respectively.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights:** The County approaches the budget with fact-based estimates of revenues and expenditures. Revenues were conservatively forecast. During the budget execution phase, a combination vacant position analysis and less robust hiring process were effectively used to hedge against unforeseen revenue shortfalls. The result was that, actual revenues were \$10.7 million or 7.86% over budget while actual expenditures were \$13.0 million or 8.66% under budget.

During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and, 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain service levels. Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$1,041,383.

**Proprietary Funds:** The County of Moore's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water Pollution Control Plant at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$7,882,809; those for the Public Utilities Fund equaled \$18,541,031; and those for the East Moore Water District totaled \$3,881,887. The change in net position for the funds was \$(258,201); \$13,554,721; and \$1,800,927, respectively.

- The decrease in WPCP's net position was primarily due to the additional operational costs related to the WPCP raw sewage pump station.
- The grant reimbursements from the Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery funds benefited both the Public Utilities Fund and East Moore Water District Fund. The USDA grant also contributed to additional revenues for Public Utilities Capital Project: Vass Phase II Sewer System Improvements.

## Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital assets:** The County of Moore's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024, totals \$189,713,018 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, airport and park facilities, water and sewer systems, a water pollution control system plant, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Vehicle and equipment upgrades
- New Courthouse
- Landfill collection site
- Public Utilities and East Moore Water District infrastructure improvements and contributed capital related to infrastructure growth.

### County of Moore's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Land	\$ 38,357,608	\$ 38,371,438	\$ 1,141,160	\$ 863,661	\$ 39,498,768	\$ 39,235,099
Construction in progress	43,043,401	31,539,601	13,331,717	1,134,224	56,375,118	32,673,825
Buildings	22,926,466	24,810,049	9,531,011	10,132,716	32,457,477	34,942,765
Water pollution control plant	-	-	12,530,269	13,782,603	12,530,269	13,782,603
Water pollution control lines	-	-	8,439,374	4,830,064	8,439,374	4,830,064
Water and sewer systems	-	-	27,739,924	27,954,167	27,739,924	27,954,167
Equipment	4,632,559	3,178,372	1,282,802	536,465	5,915,361	3,714,837
Vehicles	4,208,013	4,225,515	545,548	713,023	4,753,561	4,938,538
Right-to-use assets	1,529,216	1,212,425	-	-	1,529,216	1,212,425
Subscription assets	347,226	589,959	126,724	192,365	473,950	782,324
Total	<u>\$ 115,044,489</u>	<u>\$ 103,927,359</u>	<u>\$ 74,668,529</u>	<u>\$ 60,139,288</u>	<u>\$ 189,713,018</u>	<u>\$ 164,066,647</u>

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 4 of the Basic Financial Statements.

**Long-term Debt:** As of June 30, 2024, the County of Moore had total bonded debt outstanding of \$125,730,000 all of which is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

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## County of Moore's Outstanding Debt

**Figure 5**

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
General obligation bonds	\$ 116,070,000	\$ 126,740,000	\$ 9,660,000	\$ 9,925,000	\$ 125,730,000	\$ 136,665,000
Limited obligation bonds	45,799,000	49,634,000	21,666,000	23,242,000	67,465,000	72,876,000
Bond anticipation note	-	-	-	5,413,000	-	5,413,000
Revenue bond	-	-	6,734,000	1,346,000	6,734,000	1,346,000
Revolving loans	-	-	982,030	1,109,398	982,030	1,109,398
Direct placement installment purchases	33,679,456	36,140,228	-	-	33,679,456	36,140,228
Vendor debt issued	154,805	-	-	-	154,805	-
Leases	1,568,972	1,237,327	-	-	1,568,972	1,237,327
Subscription liability	298,834	588,369	67,408	147,424	366,242	735,793
Arbitrage rebate liability	1,389,091	295,250	-	-	1,389,091	295,250
Unamortized premium	19,555,570	21,235,055	2,314,171	2,540,297	21,869,741	23,775,352
Accrued Compensation benefits	62,715	46,341	89	28	62,804	46,369
Landfill Closure & Postclosure	9,160,053	8,543,692	-	-	9,160,053	8,543,692
Compensated Absences	3,824,866	3,441,627	317,091	262,494	4,141,957	3,704,121
Net Pension liability (LGERS)	28,899,750	23,709,478	2,858,217	2,344,893	31,757,967	26,054,371
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	4,544,672	3,918,836	-	-	4,544,672	3,918,836
Total OPEB Liability	28,756,859	36,078,753	2,844,085	3,568,228	31,600,944	39,646,981
	<u>\$ 293,764,643</u>	<u>\$ 311,608,956</u>	<u>\$ 47,443,091</u>	<u>\$ 49,898,762</u>	<u>\$ 341,207,734</u>	<u>\$ 361,507,718</u>

The County of Moore's total debt decreased by \$20,299,984 or 6% during the fiscal year, primarily due to a decrease in OPEB Liability and the debt payments throughout the year.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, County of Moore's bond ratings remained at Aa1 rating from Moody's and maintained its AA+ Standard and Poor's rating for General Obligation Bonds. This bond rating is an indication of the sound financial condition of the County. County of Moore's bond ratings are a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the County's outstanding debt.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the County of Moore is \$1,560,727,832.

Additional information regarding the County of Moore's long-term debt can be found in note 9 on pages 70-81 of this report.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The County of Moore's economy remains strongly rooted in healthcare, tourism, retirement, and agriculture.

The County of Moore's standard of living continues to be one of the highest in North Carolina on average. However, there remain large variances countywide. The per capita income for 2022 was \$62,886. As of June 2024, our unemployment rate was 4.00%.

The total tax base which includes real property, personal property, motor vehicles and public service company values are projected to increase \$7.0 billion from 2024 to 2025 based on growth. Due to lessons learned from the past economic recession, the unknown factors of the Coronavirus Pandemic that started in March 2020 and the anticipated slow recovery process, the

FY2025 budget will remain modest as have budgets in recent years. It is anticipated that the property tax revenue, as well as the sales tax revenues will show a slight increase of 4.3% during FY2025 with sales tax growth increase of \$1.1 million from 2024 to 2025 based on a surprising increase in sales tax collections as the fiscal year 2023-2024 progressed. We remain conservative in the pandemic recovery budget and remain hopeful that the recovery from the pandemic shut down translates into an accelerated economic recovery. The 10 Year Capital Improvement Plan will be altered to align the plan goals with the fiscal reality.

A favorable economic impact to the County was announced in September of 2020. The United States Golf Association (USGA) announced that it would establish "Golf House Pinehurst", to include a new equipment-testing facility, innovation hub, museum/visitor center and office by 2025 and host five U.S. Open Championships by 2047. The 2024 U.S. Open took place June 13-16, 2024, at Pinehurst Resort. Pinehurst No. 2 hosted the championship for the fourth time and for the first time since 2014.

On June 1, 2021, the Board of Commissioners accepted the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds as provided under the American Rescue Plan. \$19,594,757 was awarded to the County and can be obligated by December 31, 2024 but must be expended by December 31, 2026. The County received \$9,797,379 prior to June 30, 2021, and the remaining half of the federal funds was received in June 2022 for the amount of \$9,797,379. The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds were allocated toward infrastructures such as broadband, water and sewer projects and using the funds for revenue replacement standard allocation, specifically for the salary and fringe benefits of public safety employees. These ARP projects are ongoing. The broadband projects were awarded to two internet service providers in the area.

### **Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Ending June 30, 2025**

**Governmental Activities:** The General Fund is the most prevalent and recognizable fund within the County budget and is primarily supported through property and sales taxes. Property tax is budgeted at forty seven percent (47%) and sales tax is twenty-two percent (22%) of revenue collections. The budget for fiscal year 2024-25 General Fund expenditures includes an 6.42% increase equaling \$4,979,868 with most of the increases being dedicated to education expenses, human services, and public safety. The 2024-25 tax rate is .330/\$100 of valuation which is .155/\$100 lower than the prior year. Since fiscal year 2010 through fiscal year 2019, the property tax rate had remained constant at .465/\$100 of valuation for 10 straight years. The last county-wide property revaluation took effect, in fiscal year 2023-2024 with fifteen and a half cent tax decrease. Prior to and since the last revaluation, County, School, College and other community leaders have worked diligently informing citizens of many facility needs and determining the best financing strategy for these facilities with a plan to implement the necessary tax rate to fund several projects in fiscal year 2020 budget and beyond. The .51/\$100 tax rate which was in effect for fiscal years 2020 through fiscal year 2022, accounts for the necessary amount to fund 4 elementary schools and a high school major addition/renovation for Moore County Schools, a nursing education facility for Sandhills Community College and a County court facility addition and renovation. Three of the elementary schools and the nursing education facility are being financed using voter approved general obligation bonds partially paid for with the assistance of voter approved one-fourth cent local sales and use tax. Construction on the Sandhills Community College is expected to be completed this fiscal year. There will be a county-wide property revaluation in fiscal year 2027-28. The revenue neutral tax rate for fiscal year 2023-2024 was calculated to be .3512/\$100 valuation.

The County's first opioid funding distribution to Samaritan Colony occurred for reimbursement of recovery support services and recovery housing costs. Moore County is expected to receive over \$11.3 million over the next 18 years in Opioid Settlement Funds. The Opioid Task Force was assembled to review and recommend organizations that will use the funding for programs to fight

opioid addiction. To date, Moore County has received just over \$2.6 million. The Moore County Board of Commissioners has allocated \$134,628 to First Health of the Carolinas and \$137,880 to Samaritan Colony, Inc. for treatment and support. An additional \$289,985 has been allocated to Adult and Teen Challenge of the Sandhills and \$57,447 to the Boys & Girls Club. In total, Moore County has approved resolutions supporting \$619,940. All the funds allotted are awarded in the form of reimbursement. Of these funds, \$71,847 is to be allocated toward early intervention, \$403,523 is to be allocated toward recovery support services, \$121,320 is to be allocated toward recovery housing and \$23,250 is to be allocated toward Naloxone distribution. This first distribution is a start to get funds flowing into the community to help prevent and fight the opioid crisis.

**Business-type Activities:** Water and sewer rates increased for FY2024 due to a water/sewer rate study. The fee schedule includes a System Development Fee (SDF) which takes into account the impact of existing systems created by new taps. SDF fees will be used to help fund future capital projects and/or pay down existing debt. The water and sewer rates are set based on an annual rate study performed by a consultant. The rate recommendations are based on the annual needs and the needs identified in the 10 Year Capital Improvement Plan. For Moore County Public Utilities, a new water source with water treatment facilities was identified to be needed within 10 years which are estimated to cost approximately \$200 Million. A water source study is underway and is scheduled to be completed by the end of the calendar year.

### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County of Moore's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Financial Services, County of Moore, Post Office Box 905, 206 South Ray Street, Carthage, North Carolina, 28327.

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Statement of Net Position  
6/30/2024**

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Component Units		
				Convention and Visitors Bureau	Moore County ABC Board	Moore County Airport Authority
<b>Assets</b>						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 132,054,631	\$ 32,150,810	\$ 164,205,441	\$ 2,885,077	\$ 5,531,841	\$ 9,502,831
Receivables:						
Property taxes (net of allowances for uncollectible taxes of \$102,100)	715,074	-	715,074	-	-	-
Returned checks	7,644	-	7,644	-	-	-
Accounts receivable, (net)	10,694,237	4,466,492	15,160,729	726,055	-	428,424
Lease receivable	2,202	189,043	191,245	-	-	290,270
Due from other governments and agencies	15,327,534	-	15,327,534	-	-	-
Note receivable	200,000	-	200,000	-	-	-
Prepaid expenses	12,000	-	12,000	5,350	87,500	-
Inventories	106,265	830,995	937,260	-	1,491,124	104,401
Restricted cash and investments	38,075,365	2,679,513	40,754,878	-	-	-
Total current assets	197,194,952	40,316,853	237,511,805	3,616,482	7,110,465	10,325,926
Non-current assets:						
Net pension asset	164,645	-	164,645	-	-	-
Lease receivable	6,170	4,689,615	4,695,785	-	-	-
Capital assets						
Right-to-use lease assets, net of amortization	1,529,216	-	1,529,216	139,741	-	-
Subscription assets, net of amortization	347,226	126,724	473,950	-	-	-
Capital assets, Depreciable, net of depreciation	31,767,038	60,068,928	91,835,966	-	1,571,914	15,539,709
Capital assets, Non-Depreciable	81,401,009	14,472,877	95,873,886	-	1,164,037	463,174
Total capital assets	115,044,489	74,668,529	189,713,018	139,741	2,735,951	16,002,883
Total non-current assets	115,215,304	79,358,144	194,573,448	139,741	2,735,951	16,002,883
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>312,410,256</b>	<b>119,674,997</b>	<b>432,085,253</b>	<b>3,756,223</b>	<b>9,846,416</b>	<b>26,328,809</b>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>29,284,427</b>	<b>2,943,377</b>	<b>32,227,804</b>	<b>204,305</b>	<b>292,663</b>	<b>304,941</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,313,163	3,422,146	9,735,309	53,304	1,359,445	574,056
Accrued interest	1,932,039	107,892	2,039,931	-	-	102,576
Lease accrued interest	26,072	-	26,072	-	-	-
Advance from grantors	1,110,881	-	1,110,881	-	-	-
Prepaid fees	-	146,523	146,523	-	-	73,967
Prepaid antenna licenses	-	149,089	149,089	-	-	-
Prepaid taxes	-	2,547	2,547	-	-	-
Payable from restricted assets	4,818,908	1,194,966	6,013,874	-	-	-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	21,985,387	2,402,902	24,388,289	72,525	-	1,184,532
Due in more than one year	271,779,256	35,380,189	307,159,445	752,082	652,729	4,021,808
Total long-term liabilities	293,764,643	37,783,091	331,547,734	824,607	652,729	5,206,340
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>307,965,706</b>	<b>42,806,254</b>	<b>350,771,960</b>	<b>877,911</b>	<b>2,012,174</b>	<b>5,956,939</b>
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>	<b>20,740,122</b>	<b>6,608,404</b>	<b>27,348,526</b>	<b>179,599</b>	<b>2,024</b>	<b>486,100</b>
<b>Net position</b>						
Net investment in capital assets	72,801,344	41,413,442	114,214,786	(5,317)	2,735,951	10,826,143
Restricted for:						
Stabilization by state statute	23,375,498	-	23,375,498	726,055	-	-
Health - Medicaid Assistance Program	538,686	-	538,686	-	-	-
Solid Waste - White Goods Program	1,104,941	-	1,104,941	-	-	-
Solid Waste - Scrap Tire Program	542,770	-	542,770	-	-	-
Register of Deeds	520,140	-	520,140	-	-	-
Building inspection	2,295,146	-	2,295,146	-	-	-
Emergency Telephone System	1,123,755	-	1,123,755	-	-	-
Fire protection	2,653,355	-	2,653,355	-	-	-
Environmental protection	88,471	-	88,471	-	-	-
Charitable services	29,785	-	29,785	-	-	-
Health services	27,532	-	27,532	-	-	-
Opioid	11,058,606	-	11,058,606	-	-	-
Grants project	525,115	-	525,115	-	-	-
ARP	717,961	-	717,961	-	-	-
Working capital	-	-	-	-	636,325	-
Law enforcement, education and rehabilitation	-	-	-	-	74,462	-
Net pension asset	248,750	-	248,750	-	-	-
Debt Service Reserve	-	90,326	90,326	-	-	-
System development fees	-	1,394,221	1,394,221	-	-	-
Unrestricted	(104,663,000)	30,305,727	(74,357,273)	2,182,280	4,678,143	9,364,568
<b>Total net position</b>	<b>\$ 12,988,855</b>	<b>\$ 73,203,716</b>	<b>\$ 86,192,571</b>	<b>\$ 2,903,018</b>	<b>\$ 8,124,881</b>	<b>\$ 20,190,711</b>



**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Statement of Activities  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government			Component Units		
					Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Convention and Visitors Bureau	Moore County ABC Board	Moore County Airport Authority
<b>Primary government:</b>										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 20,366,445	\$ 4,439,926	\$ -	\$ 8,337,307	\$ (7,589,212)	\$ -	\$ (7,589,212)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	43,534,243	5,921,455	1,177,928	104,760	(36,330,100)	-	(36,330,100)	-	-	-
Environmental protection and community development	10,624,676	7,008,480	91,426	-	(3,524,770)	-	(3,524,770)	-	-	-
Human services	21,757,932	714,396	10,934,581	104,208	(10,004,747)	-	(10,004,747)	-	-	-
Cultural and recreational	2,093,061	217,034	-	-	(1,876,027)	-	(1,876,027)	-	-	-
Education	48,675,870	-	-	250	(48,675,620)	-	(48,675,620)	-	-	-
Debt service - interest	5,930,267	-	-	-	(5,930,267)	-	(5,930,267)	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	152,982,494	18,301,291	12,203,935	8,546,525	(113,930,743)	-	(113,930,743)	-	-	-
Business-type activities:										
Water Pollution Control Plant	6,751,239	6,481,964	-	-	-	(269,275)	(269,275)	-	-	-
Public utilities	14,881,808	15,302,217	-	5,189,481	-	5,609,890	5,609,890	-	-	-
East Moore water district	3,593,120	3,579,696	-	440,750	-	427,326	427,326	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	25,226,167	25,363,877	-	5,630,231	-	5,767,941	5,767,941	-	-	-
<b>Total primary government</b>	<b>\$ 178,208,661</b>	<b>\$ 43,665,168</b>	<b>\$ 12,203,935</b>	<b>\$ 14,176,756</b>	<b>\$ (113,930,743)</b>	<b>\$ 5,767,941</b>	<b>\$ (108,162,802)</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
<b>Component units:</b>										
Convention and Visitors Bureau	\$ 3,681,412	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(3,681,412)	\$ -	\$ -
Moore County ABC Board	14,034,168	16,544,445	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,510,277	-
Moore County Airport Authority	5,711,267	5,786,380	-	5,955,302	-	-	-	-	-	6,030,415
<b>Total component units</b>	<b>\$ 23,426,847</b>	<b>\$ 22,330,825</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 5,955,302</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (3,681,412)</b>	<b>\$ 2,510,277</b>	<b>\$ 6,030,415</b>
General revenues:										
Property taxes					87,011,933	-	87,011,933	-	-	-
Sales taxes					36,143,405	-	36,143,405	-	-	-
Net room occupancy taxes					-	-	-	3,883,869	-	-
Other taxes and licenses					379,802	-	379,802	-	-	-
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues					5,901,357	-	5,901,357	-	-	-
Donations					249,499	-	249,499	-	-	-
Investment income					11,964,732	392,901	12,357,633	124,245	91,867	296,328
Other revenues					395,665	77,200	472,865	-	14,337	-
Miscellaneous					-	117,355	117,355	1,734	-	-
Payments from component units					24,589	-	24,589	-	-	-
Gain on sale of assets					103,439	404,746	508,185	-	-	-
Transfers					(8,337,304)	8,337,304	-	-	-	-
Total general revenues					133,837,117	9,329,506	143,166,623	4,009,848	106,204	296,328
Change in net position					19,906,374	15,097,447	35,003,821	328,436	2,616,481	6,326,743
Net position, beginning, as previously reported					(17,423,038)	58,106,269	40,683,231	2,574,582	5,508,400	13,863,968
Error correction (Note 15)					10,505,519	-	10,505,519	-	-	-
Net position, beginning					(6,917,519)	58,106,269	51,188,750	2,574,582	5,508,400	13,863,968
Net position - ending					\$ 12,988,855	\$ 73,203,716	\$ 86,192,571	\$ 2,903,018	\$ 8,124,881	\$ 20,190,711

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Balance Sheet  
Governmental Funds  
June 30, 2024**

	General	School/College Bond Project Fund	Capital Reserve For Governmental Projects	New Courthouse Building Project Fund	Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	(Previously Nonmajor) Opioid Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 57,232,706	\$ 1,598,863	\$ 38,803,123	\$ 5,841,158	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,371,875	\$ 126,847,725
Receivables:								
Property taxes (net of allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$102,100 at June 30, 2024)	536,408	-	-	-	-	-	122,465	658,873
Returned checks	7,644	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,644
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	8,787,611	1,867,376	10,654,987
Due from other governments and agencies	14,971,844	38,212	-	306,985	-	-	10,493	15,327,534
Note receivable	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	200,000
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	10,000	2,000	-	12,000
Lease receivable	8,372	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,372
Inventories	106,265	-	-	-	-	-	-	106,265
Restricted cash and investments	5,001,683	14,089,794	-	14,157,955	1,828,844	2,398,549	598,540	38,075,365
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 78,064,922</b>	<b>\$ 15,726,869</b>	<b>\$ 38,803,123</b>	<b>\$ 20,306,098</b>	<b>\$ 1,838,844</b>	<b>\$ 11,188,160</b>	<b>\$ 25,970,749</b>	<b>\$ 191,898,765</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 3,737,141	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 984,563	\$ 4,721,704
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	-	1,110,881	-	-	1,110,881
Accounts payable from restricted assets	-	2,500,016	-	2,318,890	2	102,554	-	4,921,462
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>3,737,141</b>	<b>2,500,016</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,318,890</b>	<b>1,110,883</b>	<b>102,554</b>	<b>984,563</b>	<b>10,754,047</b>
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>								
Property tax receivable	536,408	-	-	-	-	-	69,493	605,901
EMS receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,972	52,972
Opioid receivable	-	-	-	-	-	8,043,021	-	8,043,021
Leases	8,245	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,245
Prepaid fees	2,510	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,510
Prepaid taxes	72,884	-	-	-	-	-	14,615	87,499
<b>Total deferred inflows of resources</b>	<b>620,047</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>8,043,021</b>	<b>137,080</b>	<b>8,800,148</b>
<b>Fund balances</b>								
Nonspendable								
Leases	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	127
Inventories	106,265	-	-	-	-	-	-	106,265
Long-term receivables	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	200,000
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	10,000	2,000	-	12,000
Restricted for:								
Stabilization by state statute	18,806,827	-	-	-	-	-	4,568,671	23,375,498
Health - Medicaid Assistance Program	538,686	-	-	-	-	-	-	538,686
Solid Waste - White Goods Program	1,104,941	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,104,941
Solid Waste - Scrap Tire Program	542,770	-	-	-	-	-	-	542,770
Register of Deeds	520,140	-	-	-	-	-	-	520,140
Building inspection	2,295,146	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,295,146
Capital projects/financing agreement compliance	-	13,226,853	-	14,157,955	-	-	-	27,384,808
Emergency Telephone System	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,123,755	1,123,755
Fire protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,653,355	2,653,355
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	88,471	88,471
Charitable services	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,785	29,785
Health services	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,532	27,532
Opioid	-	-	-	-	-	3,015,585	-	3,015,585
ARP	-	-	-	-	717,961	-	-	717,961
Grants projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	525,115	525,115
Committed fund balance								
Committed for tax revaluation	508,448	-	-	-	-	-	-	508,448
Committed for airport capital project	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,938	1,938
Committed for debt services	5,946,375	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,946,375
Committed for general government	-	-	38,803,123	-	-	-	1,618,892	40,422,015
Committed for public safety	-	-	-	3,829,253	-	-	9,011,578	12,840,831
Committed for environmental protection and community development	-	-	-	-	-	-	800,000	800,000
Committed for cultural and recreational	-	-	-	-	-	-	177,361	177,361
Assigned fund balance								
Subsequent year's expenditures	8,000,000	-	-	-	-	25,000	134,029	8,159,029
Assigned for public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,766,466	4,766,466
Assigned for Capital Reserve for Fire Protection Services Fund	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Assigned for risk management	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Assigned for human services	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,296	36,296
Assigned for county general operational & capital expenditure	1,800,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,800,000
Assigned for capital reserve for capital projects for MCS	1,067,687	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,067,687
Unassigned fund balance								
General fund	30,270,322	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,270,322
Capital project funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	(714,138)	(714,138)
<b>Total fund balances</b>	<b>73,707,734</b>	<b>13,226,853</b>	<b>38,803,123</b>	<b>17,987,208</b>	<b>727,961</b>	<b>3,042,585</b>	<b>24,849,106</b>	<b>172,344,570</b>
<b>balances</b>	<b>\$ 78,064,922</b>	<b>\$ 15,726,869</b>	<b>\$ 38,803,123</b>	<b>\$ 20,306,098</b>	<b>\$ 1,838,844</b>	<b>\$ 11,188,160</b>	<b>\$ 25,970,749</b>	<b>\$ 191,898,765</b>

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the**  
**Statement of Net Position**  
**June 30, 2024**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Ending fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 172,344,570
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	113,168,047
Right to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,529,216
Subscription assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	347,226
Net pension asset	164,645
Contributions and deferred outflows to pension plans in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	5,217,335
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for total pension liability related to LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	161,223
Benefit payments and administration costs for total OPEB liability are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	906,826
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.	56,201
Deferred charges in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	2,265,496
Net pension liability	(28,899,750)
Total OPEB liability	(28,709,458)
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	(4,544,672)
Pension related deferrals	12,571,750
OPEB related deferrals	(12,460,994)
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivable, opioid receivable and EMS receivable	8,701,894
Unearned bond premium reported as a liability in the government-wide statement and will be recognized a revenue in the fiscal year they are earned	(19,555,570)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	3,679,623
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt, including leases, is not a current expenditure and therefore is not reflected in the funds.	(1,958,111)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	<u>(211,996,642)</u>
Net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 12,988,855</u></u>

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances  
Governmental Funds  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	General	School/College Bond Project Fund	Capital Reserve For Governmental Projects	New Courthouse Building Project Fund	Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	(Previously Nonmajor) Opioid Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenues</b>								
Property taxes	\$ 72,194,237	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,743,324	\$ 86,937,561
Sales taxes	36,143,405	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,143,405
Other taxes and licenses	379,802	-	-	-	-	-	-	379,802
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	5,901,357	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,901,357
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	10,177,844	250	-	-	8,337,305	-	2,235,059	20,750,458
Charges for services	12,825,801	-	-	-	-	-	5,475,490	18,301,291
Investment income	8,833,790	940,738	-	1,182,569	432,190	76,176	499,270	11,964,733
Donations	244,244	-	-	-	-	-	5,255	249,499
Other revenues	286,417	38,212	-	-	-	2,043,173	71,035	2,438,837
Payments from component units	24,589	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,589
Total revenues	147,011,486	979,200	-	1,182,569	8,769,495	2,119,349	23,029,433	183,091,532
<b>Expenditures</b>								
Current:								
General government	15,875,514	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,875,514
Public safety	21,224,647	-	-	-	-	-	17,733,658	38,958,305
Environmental protection and community development	8,580,432	-	-	-	2	-	125,650	8,706,084
Human services	17,996,767	-	-	-	-	327,031	1,797,972	20,121,770
Cultural and recreational	1,684,741	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,684,741
Education	42,568,879	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,568,879
Grants - other	921,406	-	-	-	-	-	-	921,406
Capital outlay	3,797,760	5,002,350	-	10,976,542	-	-	4,171,766	23,948,418
Debt service:								
Principal	17,264,433	-	-	-	-	-	125,158	17,389,591
Interest and other charges	7,340,740	-	-	-	-	-	14,001	7,354,741
Bond issuance & other costs	-	5,300	-	5,500	-	-	-	10,800
Total expenditures	137,255,319	5,007,650	-	10,982,042	2	327,031	23,968,205	177,540,249
<b>Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures</b>	<b>9,756,167</b>	<b>(4,028,450)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(9,799,473)</b>	<b>8,769,493</b>	<b>1,792,318</b>	<b>(938,772)</b>	<b>5,551,283</b>
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>								
Transfers from other funds	5,403,796	-	4,871,374	-	-	-	2,657,618	12,932,788
Transfers to other funds	(8,028,992)	(150,000)	-	(919,188)	(8,337,304)	-	(4,834,608)	(22,270,092)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	102,164	-	-	-	-	-	1,275	103,439
Subscription liabilities issued	42,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,700
Lease liabilities issued	26,560	-	-	-	-	-	396,670	423,230
Debt issued	154,805	-	-	-	-	-	-	154,805
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,298,967)	(150,000)	4,871,374	(919,188)	(8,337,304)	-	(1,779,045)	(8,613,130)
<b>Net change in fund balances</b>	<b>7,457,200</b>	<b>(4,178,450)</b>	<b>4,871,374</b>	<b>(10,718,661)</b>	<b>432,189</b>	<b>1,792,318</b>	<b>(2,717,817)</b>	<b>(3,061,847)</b>
Fund balance - beginning as previously reported	66,250,534	17,405,303	33,931,749	28,705,869	295,772	-	28,397,864	174,987,091
Adjustment - change to reporting entity (Note 15)	-	-	-	-	-	830,941	(830,941)	-
Error correction (Note 15)	-	-	-	-	-	419,326	-	419,326
<b>Fund balance - beginning</b>	<b>66,250,534</b>	<b>17,405,303</b>	<b>33,931,749</b>	<b>28,705,869</b>	<b>295,772</b>	<b>1,250,267</b>	<b>27,566,923</b>	<b>175,406,417</b>
<b>Fund balance - ending</b>	<b>\$ 73,707,734</b>	<b>\$ 13,226,853</b>	<b>\$ 38,803,123</b>	<b>\$ 17,987,208</b>	<b>\$ 727,961</b>	<b>\$ 3,042,585</b>	<b>\$ 24,849,106</b>	<b>\$ 172,344,570</b>

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and  
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the  
Statement of Activities  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (3,061,847)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization expense.	11,117,129
Expenses reported on fund statements that are capitalized on government-wide statements - refunding costs.	(403,803)
Contributions to the pension plan (LGERS, ROD) in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	5,217,335
Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	161,223
Benefit payments and administration costs for OPEB are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	906,826
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(1,968,794)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(8,611,677)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is not a current expenditure and therefore is not reflected in the funds.	148,793
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	16,339,296
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	<u>61,893</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 19,906,374</u>

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances  
Budget and Actual - General Fund  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Property taxes	\$ 71,634,734	\$ 71,634,734	\$ 72,194,237	\$ 559,503
Sales taxes	31,600,000	31,600,000	36,143,405	4,543,405
Other taxes and licenses	369,000	369,000	379,802	10,802
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	4,582,417	4,582,417	5,901,357	1,318,940
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	10,450,717	10,892,387	10,177,844	(714,543)
Investment income	3,000,000	3,400,000	8,833,790	5,433,790
Charges for services	12,831,159	12,833,707	12,825,801	(7,906)
Donations	408,996	409,452	244,244	(165,208)
Other revenues	36,000	232,709	286,417	53,708
Payments from component units	348,350	348,350	24,589	(323,761)
Total revenues	135,261,373	136,302,756	147,011,486	10,708,730
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current:				
General government	16,701,711	17,570,747	15,875,514	1,695,233
Public safety	20,991,021	21,717,174	21,224,647	492,527
Environmental protection and community development	10,008,284	10,078,165	8,580,432	1,497,733
Human services	19,722,948	20,446,792	17,996,767	2,450,025
Cultural and recreational	1,698,438	1,750,747	1,684,741	66,006
Education	40,867,256	42,568,879	42,568,879	-
Grants - other	4,367,095	3,253,639	1,121,406	2,132,233
Capital outlay	3,903,614	8,498,313	3,797,760	4,700,553
Debt service:				
Principal	16,894,801	17,264,434	17,264,433	1
Interest	7,317,364	7,340,743	7,340,740	3
Total expenditures	142,472,532	150,489,633	137,455,319	13,034,314
<b>Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures</b>	<b>(7,211,159)</b>	<b>(14,186,877)</b>	<b>9,556,167</b>	<b>23,743,044</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>				
Transfers from other funds	7,400,312	7,400,673	7,403,796	3,123
Transfers to other funds	(400,000)	(10,298,992)	(10,028,992)	270,000
Lease liabilities issued	-	26,561	26,560	(1)
Debt issued	-	154,805	154,805	-
Subscription liabilities issued	-	107,490	42,700	(64,790)
Sale of assets	60,000	60,000	102,164	42,164
Fund balance appropriated	150,847	16,736,340	-	(16,736,340)
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,211,159	14,186,877	(2,298,967)	(16,485,844)
<b>Net change in fund balances</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 7,257,200</b>	<b>\$ 7,257,200</b>

**Reconciliation from budgetary basis of  
accounting to modified accrual basis**

Current year note receivable	200,000
Net change in fund balance modified accrual	7,457,200
Fund balance - Beginning	60,304,159
Fund balance - Ending	67,761,359
A legally budgeted Capital Reserve Fund for Debt Service is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes:	
Transfer from General Fund	2,000,000
Transfer to General Fund	(2,000,000)
Fund Balance, Beginning	5,946,375
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 73,707,734

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Statement of Net Position  
Proprietary Funds  
June 30, 2024**

	Enterprise Funds				Internal Service Funds
	Water Pollution Control Plant Fund	Public Utilities Fund	East Moore Water District Fund	Total	
<b>Assets</b>					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,242,660	\$ 19,169,313	\$ 3,738,837	\$ 32,150,810	\$ 5,206,906
Accounts receivable	573,129	3,521,523	371,840	4,466,492	39,250
Lease receivable	-	189,043	-	189,043	-
Due from East Moore Water District	-	280,000	-	280,000	-
Inventories	236,282	594,713	-	830,995	-
Restricted cash for System Development Fees	272,290	1,121,931	-	1,394,221	-
Restricted cash for Debt Service Reserve	-	41,043	49,283	90,326	-
Restricted cash and investment	-	938,413	256,553	1,194,966	-
Total current assets	10,324,361	25,855,979	4,416,513	40,596,853	5,246,156
Noncurrent assets					
Lease receivable, non current	-	4,689,615	-	4,689,615	-
Due from East Moore Water District	-	9,380,000	-	9,380,000	-
Capital assets					
Subscription asset, net of amortization	42,250	84,474	-	126,724	-
Land and construction in progress	3,120,938	9,791,829	1,560,110	14,472,877	-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	21,830,915	28,753,626	9,484,387	60,068,928	-
Total noncurrent assets	24,994,103	52,699,544	11,044,497	88,738,144	-
Total assets	35,318,464	78,555,523	15,461,010	129,334,997	5,246,156
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	850,424	2,092,953	-	2,943,377	13,539
<b>Liabilities</b>					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,200,922	\$ 2,016,798	\$ 204,426	\$ 3,422,146	\$ 328,432
Customer deposits - payable from restricted assets	-	938,413	256,553	1,194,966	-
Accrued interest	29,988	45,412	32,492	107,892	-
Prepaid utility fees	-	115,149	31,374	146,523	-
Prepaid antenna licenses	-	149,089	-	149,089	-
Prepaid taxes	-	2,547	-	2,547	-
Insurance claims payable	-	-	-	-	1,160,473
Current - Due to Public Utilities	-	-	280,000	280,000	-
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,117,364	1,259,538	26,000	2,402,902	-
Total current liabilities	2,348,274	4,526,946	830,845	7,706,065	1,488,905
Noncurrent liabilities					
Notes payable	490,100	364,562	-	854,662	-
Bonds payable	8,337,241	19,118,804	1,295,000	28,751,045	-
Due to Public Utilities	-	-	9,380,000	9,380,000	-
Accrued vacation benefits	76,698	85,393	-	162,091	11,150
Accrued compensation benefits	-	89	-	89	-
Net pension liability	952,739	1,905,478	-	2,858,217	-
Total OPEB liability	918,028	1,836,057	-	2,754,085	47,401
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,774,806	23,310,383	10,675,000	44,760,189	58,551
Total liabilities	13,123,080	27,837,329	11,505,845	52,466,254	1,547,456
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	662,368	5,946,036	-	6,608,404	32,616
<b>Net position</b>					
Net investment in capital assets	14,228,341	27,161,106	23,995	41,413,442	-
Restricted for System Development Fees	272,290	1,121,931	-	1,394,221	-
Restricted for Debt Service Reserve	-	41,043	49,283	90,326	-
Unrestricted net position	7,882,809	18,541,031	3,881,887	30,305,727	3,679,623
Total net position	\$ 22,383,440	\$ 46,865,111	\$ 3,955,165	\$ 73,203,716	\$ 3,679,623

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position**  
**Proprietary Funds**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	Enterprise Funds				Internal Service Funds
	Water Pollution Control Plant Fund	Public Utilities Fund	East Moore Water District Fund	Total	
<b>Operating revenues</b>					
Charges for services	\$ 6,481,964	\$ 15,302,217	\$ 3,579,696	\$ 25,363,877	\$ 11,139,826
Other revenues	-	69,119	8,081	77,200	-
Total operating revenues	6,481,964	15,371,336	3,587,777	25,441,077	11,139,826
<b>Operating expenses</b>					
Salaries and fringe benefits	1,516,749	3,416,476	-	4,933,225	101,428
Operational expenses	2,545,030	7,274,451	1,766,047	11,585,528	13,462
Professional services	114,244	408,418	291,960	814,622	-
Repairs and maintenance	284,717	854,689	-	1,139,406	-
Depreciation	2,021,363	2,461,173	1,132,348	5,614,884	-
Subscription amortization	21,885	43,756	-	65,641	-
Administrative costs	-	-	-	-	1,722,267
Hospitalization benefits and insurance premiums	-	-	-	-	9,932,561
Wellness Clinic	-	-	-	-	308,215
Total operating expenses	6,503,988	14,458,963	3,190,355	24,153,306	12,077,933
<b>Operating income (loss)</b>	(22,024)	912,373	397,422	1,287,771	(938,107)
<b>Nonoperating revenue (expense)</b>					
Investment income	11,074	381,827	-	392,901	-
Lease interest income	-	117,355	-	117,355	-
Loss on disposal of assets	(47,300)	(16,125)	-	(63,425)	-
Gain on disposal of assets	-	404,746	-	404,746	-
Interest	(199,951)	(406,720)	(402,765)	(1,009,436)	-
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	(236,177)	481,083	(402,765)	(157,859)	-
<b>Income (loss) before contributions and transfers</b>	(258,201)	1,393,456	(5,343)	1,129,912	(938,107)
<b>Capital grants and contributions</b>	-	5,189,481	440,750	5,630,231	-
<b>Transfers from other funds</b>	-	7,466,123	1,522,769	8,988,892	1,000,000
<b>Transfers to other funds</b>	-	(494,339)	(157,249)	(651,588)	-
<b>Change in net position</b>	(258,201)	13,554,721	1,800,927	15,097,447	61,893
<b>Total net position - beginning</b>	22,641,641	33,310,390	2,154,238	58,106,269	3,617,730
<b>Total net position - ending</b>	\$ 22,383,440	\$ 46,865,111	\$ 3,955,165	\$ 73,203,716	\$ 3,679,623



**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Statement of Cash Flows  
Proprietary Funds**

**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	Enterprise Funds			Total	Internal Service Funds
	Water Pollution Control Plant Fund	Public Utilities Fund	East Moore Fund		
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>					
Cash received from customers	\$ 6,458,753	\$ 13,136,987	\$ 3,423,636	\$ 23,019,376	\$ -
Cash paid for goods and services	(2,117,859)	(7,401,942)	(2,096,198)	(11,615,999)	(11,820,194)
Cash paid to employees for services	(1,418,093)	(3,232,768)	-	(4,650,861)	(102,229)
Cash received for interfund services	-	-	-	-	11,699,948
Other operating revenue	-	69,119	8,081	77,200	-
<b>Net cash provided (used) by operating activities</b>	<u>2,922,801</u>	<u>2,571,396</u>	<u>1,335,519</u>	<u>6,829,716</u>	<u>(222,475)</u>
<b>Cash flows from (to) noncapital financing</b>					
Payment from EMWD	-	265,000	-	265,000	-
Principal payment - due to Public Utilities	-	-	(265,000)	(265,000)	-
Transfer in	-	7,466,123	1,522,769	8,988,892	1,000,000
Transfer out	-	(494,339)	(157,249)	(651,588)	-
<b>Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,236,784</u>	<u>1,100,520</u>	<u>8,337,304</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>
<b>Cash flows from capital and related financing activities</b>					
Proceeds from disposal of assets	-	404,746	-	404,746	-
Proceeds from bond issued	-	5,413,000	-	5,413,000	-
Principal payments on long-term debt	(831,132)	(952,252)	(25,000)	(1,808,384)	-
Bond anticipation notes principal payments	-	(5,413,000)	-	(5,413,000)	-
Lease interest income	-	117,355	-	117,355	-
Interest paid	(398,511)	(498,566)	(403,905)	(1,300,982)	-
Capital contributions - federal/state grants	-	3,355,207	-	3,355,207	-
Purchase of capital assets	(7,370,648)	(9,183,214)	(1,444,305)	(17,998,167)	-
<b>Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities</b>	<u>(8,600,291)</u>	<u>(6,756,724)</u>	<u>(1,873,210)</u>	<u>(17,230,225)</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>					
Investment income	11,074	381,827	-	392,901	-
<b>Net cash provided by investing activities</b>	<u>11,074</u>	<u>381,827</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>392,901</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<u>(5,666,416)</u>	<u>3,433,283</u>	<u>562,829</u>	<u>(1,670,304)</u>	<u>777,525</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>					
<b>Beginning of year</b>	<u>15,181,366</u>	<u>17,837,417</u>	<u>3,481,844</u>	<u>36,500,627</u>	<u>4,429,381</u>
<b>End of year</b>	<u>\$ 9,514,950</u>	<u>\$ 21,270,700</u>	<u>\$ 4,044,673</u>	<u>\$ 34,830,323</u>	<u>\$ 5,206,906</u>
<b>Classified as:</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,242,660	\$ 19,169,313	\$ 3,738,837	\$ 32,150,810	\$ 5,206,906
Restricted cash	272,290	2,101,387	305,836	2,679,513	-
	<u>\$ 9,514,950</u>	<u>\$ 21,270,700</u>	<u>\$ 4,044,673</u>	<u>\$ 34,830,323</u>	<u>\$ 5,206,906</u>
<b>Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities</b>					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (22,024)	\$ 912,373	\$ 397,422	\$ 1,287,771	\$ (938,107)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation/amortization	2,043,248	2,504,929	1,132,348	5,680,525	-
Change in assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources					
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(23,211)	(2,120,702)	(179,907)	(2,323,820)	560,122
(Increase) decrease in inventories	38,355	112,007	-	150,362	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and claims payable	777,661	1,009,699	(38,191)	1,749,169	156,542
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation payable	25,162	29,435	-	54,597	770
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensation payable	-	61	-	61	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions	(61,976)	(123,952)	-	(185,928)	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for OPEB	48,630	97,260	-	145,890	2,431
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	171,108	342,216	-	513,324	-
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	(241,381)	(482,762)	-	(724,143)	(12,069)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions	(5,686)	(11,371)	-	(17,057)	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for OPEB	156,715	313,431	-	470,146	7,836
(Increase) decrease in lease receivable	-	216,907	-	216,907	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for leases	-	(315,238)	-	(315,238)	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	16,200	33,300	-	49,500	-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposit & prepaid fees	-	53,803	23,847	77,650	-
Total adjustments	<u>2,944,825</u>	<u>1,659,023</u>	<u>938,097</u>	<u>5,541,945</u>	<u>715,632</u>
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<u>\$ 2,922,801</u>	<u>\$ 2,571,396</u>	<u>\$ 1,335,519</u>	<u>\$ 6,829,716</u>	<u>\$ (222,475)</u>
<b>Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:</b>					
Loss on disposal of assets	\$ (47,300)	\$ (16,125)	\$ -	\$ (63,425)	\$ -
Contributions of capital assets	-	1,834,274	440,750	2,275,024	-
	<u>\$ (47,300)</u>	<u>\$ 1,818,149</u>	<u>\$ 440,750</u>	<u>\$ 2,211,599</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

# COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

## Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	<b>Custodial Funds</b>
<b>Assets</b>	
Cash	\$ 176,609
Taxes receivable for other governments, net	494,528
Total assets	<u>671,137</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
Due to other governments	<u>520,414</u>
Total liabilities	<u>520,414</u>
<b>Net Position</b>	
Restricted for:	
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>150,723</u>
Total fiduciary net position	<u><u>\$ 150,723</u></u>

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position**  
**Fiduciary Funds**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	<b>Custodial Funds</b>
<b>ADDITIONS</b>	
Ad valorem taxes collected for other governments	41,946,201
Collections on behalf of inmates	51,231
Total additions	<u>41,997,432</u>
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b>	
Tax distributions to other governments	41,939,835
Payments on behalf of inmates	24,420
Total deductions	<u>41,964,255</u>
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	33,177
Net position - beginning	<u>117,546</u>
Net position - ending	<u><u>\$ 150,723</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended**  
**June 30, 2024**

**Note 1.**

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies of the County of Moore and its discretely presented Component Units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

**A. Reporting Entity**

The County, which is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its Component Units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. One Component Unit of the County has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it does not appear in the financial statements. The blended Component Units, although they are legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations. The three discretely presented component units below are reported in separate columns in the County's government-wide financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

**Discretely Presented Component Units:**

**Component Units**

**Convention and Visitors Bureau**

The Convention and Visitors Bureau (CVB) is a public authority with the purpose of promoting the development of travel, tourism and conventions in the County, through state, national and international advertising and promotion. The CVB is funded by a local occupancy tax since the County Board of Commissioners adopted a resolution levying this tax on May 14, 1987 in Senate Bill 138. In June 2015, the General Legislature amended this legislation by House Bill 545. The CVB is directed by a nine-member Board of Directors appointed by the County Commissioners.

Complete Financial Statements for the Convention and Visitors Bureau may be obtained at the administrative office listed below.

Convention and Visitors Bureau  
155 W. New York Ave., Suite 300  
Southern Pines, NC 28387

**Moore County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority**

Moore County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (Authority) exists to issue and serve revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member Board, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any member of the Board with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the government-wide financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The Component Units – Governmental Fund types are accounted for by the County. All accounting and other administrative functions are administered by the County, except for Moore County ABC Board. These Units are audited in conjunction with the County.

**Moore County ABC Board**

The members of the Moore County ABC Board (ABC Board) are appointed by the County Commissioners. The ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the County and the various municipalities within the County.

Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained at the administrative office listed below.

Moore County ABC Board  
273 N. E. Broad Street  
Southern Pines, NC 28387

### **Moore County Airport Authority**

Moore County Airport Authority (Airport Authority) was established by the North Carolina General Assembly. The five members of the Airport Authority are appointed by the County Commissioners. The Airport Authority operates a facility owned by the County.

Complete financial statements for the Airport Authority may be obtained at the administrative office listed below.

Moore County Airport Authority  
7825 Aviation Drive  
Carthage, NC 28327

### **Blended Component Units:**

#### **Component Units – Proprietary Fund Types**

##### **East Moore Water District**

On December 18, 2000 the Board of County Commissioners, by resolution, formed the East Moore Water District (EMWD) to provide municipal water services for a specified district in eastern Moore County. The Component Unit's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government, and the County has the operational responsibility of EMWD. The Board of County Commissioners serves as the EMWD Board of Directors. The population was 19,068, and the assessed valuation of property within the district was \$2,937,220,680 as of June 30, 2024. The district does not issue separate financial statements.

##### **North West Moore Water District**

On July 21, 2003 the Moore County Board of Commissioners, by resolution, formed the North West Moore Water District (NWMWD) to provide municipal water services for specified districts in the northern and western areas of the County. The Component Unit's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government, and the County has the operational responsibility of NWMWD. The Board of County Commissioners serves as the NWMWD Board of Directors. On May 25, 2004, \$16,000,000 bonds were authorized, and no bonds were issued. The district does not issue separate financial statements nor did the district have any transactions for the year ended June 30, 2024.

### **B. Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting**

*Government-wide Statements:* The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its Component Units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements:* The Fund Financial Statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category –

*governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary Fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, sales taxes, Federal and State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, planning, human services, cultural and recreational projects, education, and general government services. The Capital Reserve Fund for Debt Service does not meet the legal requirements under North Carolina General Statutes 159-18; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, it is consolidated in the General Fund.

**School/College Project** – Accounts for the acquisition, construction and rehabilitation of facilities for Moore County Public Schools and Sandhills Community College.

**Capital Reserve for Governmental Projects** – Accounts for financial resources to be used for future capital expenditures including County facilities and schools/community college. The Capital Reserve for Governmental Projects does not meet all the legal requirements under North Carolina General Statutes 159-18.

**New Courthouse Building Project** – Accounts for resources and costs associated with the New Courthouse Building Project.

**Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds** – Accounts for the funds received directly from the federal government to help turn the tide on the pandemic, address economic fallout and lay the foundation for a strong and equitable recovery.

**Opioid Fund** - Accounts for the monies deposited from the opioid settlement to fight against the opioid epidemic.

The County reports the following non-major governmental funds:

**Emergency Medical Services Fund** – Accounts for emergency medical services development and operation costs funded by the advanced life support tax and insurance billing of non-County taxpayers.

**Emergency Telephone System Fund** – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures related to the County's emergency 911 telephone system.

**Soil & Water District Fund** – Accounts for the revenues and expenditures related to the Soil & Water District Fund.

**Grants Fund** – Accounts for the revenue sources and expenditures related to multi-year federal/state grants and private contributions.

**Moore County Transportation Services Fund (MCTS)** – Accounts for transportation of citizens and clients of county agencies funded by user fees, as well as federal and state grants.

**Moore County Fire District Fund** – Accounts for the collection and distribution of property taxes for Fire Districts.

**DSS Charitable Fund** – Accounts for the monies deposited with the Department of Social Services through donations or designated gifts to be used toward helping clients.

**DSS Representative Payee Fund** - Accounts for the monies deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals.

**Airport Project** – Accounts for the costs to rehabilitate and expand the Moore County Airport.

**Emergency Communication Narrow Banding Project** – Accounts for resources and costs associated with the Emergency Communication Narrow Banding Project.

**Parks & Recreation Project** – Accounts for resources and costs associated with a new Parks & Recreation facility.

**Solid Waste Improvement Capital Project** – Accounts for resources and costs associated with the expansion of Cell 6 at the landfill and other capital projects associated with Solid Waste.

**Capital Reserve for Capital Projects For Sandhills Community College (SCC)** - Accounts for financial resources to be used for future capital expenditures related to the community college. The Capital Reserve for Capital Projects For Sandhills Community College (SCC) does not meet all the legal requirements under North Carolina General Statutes 159-18.

**Capital Reserve for Debt Service For Sandhills Community College (SCC)** - Accounts for financial resources to be used for future debt service needs related to the community college. The Capital Reserve for Debt Service For Sandhills Community College (SCC) does not meet all the legal requirements under North Carolina General Statutes 159-18.

**Capital Reserve for Debt Service For Moore County Schools (MCS)** - Accounts for financial resources to be used for future debt service needs related to the Moore County Schools. The Capital Reserve for Debt Service For Moore County Schools (MCS) does not meet all the legal requirements under North Carolina General Statutes 159-18.

**Capital Reserve for Capital Projects For Moore County Schools (MCS)** – Accounts for financial resources to be used for future capital expenditures related to Moore County Schools. The Capital Reserve for Capital Projects For Moore County Schools (MCS) does not meet all the legal requirements under North Carolina General Statutes 159-18.

**Pandemic Recovery Capital Project** - Accounts for resources and costs associated with the pandemic recovery.

**Capital Reserve for Solid Waste** - Accounts for financial resources to be used for future Solid Waste projects as well as future closing and post-closure landfill costs.

The County reports all of its enterprise funds as major:

**Water Pollution Control Plant (WPCP) Fund**

**WPCP Operations** - Accounts for the operation of the Moore County Water Pollution Control Plant.

**WPCP Capital Reserve Fund** - Accounts for financial resources to be used for future capital expenditures such as improving and expanding the Water Pollution Control Plant. This fund is consolidated into the WPCP Fund.

**WPCP Capital Project Fund** – Accounts for costs related to the Raw Sewage Pump Station Construction & Influent Meter Vault Construction and Morganton Road Interceptor Construction. This fund is consolidated into the WPCP Fund.

**Public Utilities Fund**

**Public Utilities Operations** - Accounts for the operation of the County's water distribution and sewer collection system.

**Public Utilities Capital Reserve Fund** - Accounts for financial resources to be used for future capital expenditures such as improving and expanding the Public Utilities Fund. This fund is consolidated into the Public Utilities Fund.

**2013 Water Source Capital Project Fund** – Accounts for the costs related to the 2013 Water Source for the Harnett County portion of the project funded with local funds. This fund is consolidated into the Public Utilities Fund.

**Vass Phase II Sewer System Improvements Capital Project Fund** - Accounts for the costs related to the Vass Phase II Sewer System Improvements project which will include sewer service to the unsewered portion of the Town of Vass funded by local funds, USDA Revenue Bonds and USDA grants. This fund is consolidated into the Public Utilities Fund.

**ARP Capital Project Fund** – Accounts for costs related to the Linden Road Wells and other water/sewer projects. These projects are funded by the American Rescue Plan Act. This fund is consolidated into the Public Utilities Fund.

**Seven Lakes Sewer Capital Project Fund** – Accounts for costs related to the sewer force main along NC Hwy 211 from NC 73 to Pinehurst near Murdocksville Road. This project is funded by State funding from the NC General Assembly. This fund is consolidated into the Public Utilities Fund.

#### **East Moore Water District Fund**

**East Moore Water District Operations** - Accounts for the construction and operations of the East Moore Water District.

**East Moore Water District Capital Reserve Fund** - Accounts for financial resources to be used for future capital expenditures such as improving and expanding the East Moore Water District Fund. This fund is consolidated into the East Moore Water District Fund.

**East Moore Water District Phase IV Capital Project Fund** – Accounts for the costs related to the East Moore Water District. The project is to provide water service to the Eastwood area, including Murdocksville Road, Pine Lake Road and connecting roads. This fund is consolidated into the East Moore Water District Fund.

**ARP Capital Project Fund** – Accounts for costs related to the Thurlow Booster Pump Station. This project is funded by the American Rescue Plan Act. This fund is consolidated into the East Moore Water District Fund.

The County reports the following additional fund types:

**Internal Service Funds** – Internal Service Funds are used to account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies for the government, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County has one Internal Service Fund: the Self-Insurance Fund.

**Custodial Funds** – Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others that meet certain criteria. The County maintains the following custodial funds: the Municipal Tax Fund, which accounts for ad valorem and vehicle property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities within the County but that are not revenues to the County, and the Sheriff Funds, which holds cash deposits made to inmates as payment for work performed while incarcerated as well as cash collections for the benefit of inmates from their friends and families.

#### **C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.



*Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements.* The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

*Governmental Fund Financial Statements.* Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Since September 1, 2013, the State of North Carolina has been responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. These property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. Motor vehicle property taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed by the County for periods prior to September 1, 2013, or those for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

#### **D. Budgetary Information**

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the general, special revenue, enterprise, and internal service funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Project Funds and Grant Project Funds. In the special revenue funds, there are two funds "Grants Fund" and "Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Fund" that are not annually budgeted because they are multi-year projects.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level for the general, special revenue, enterprise and internal service funds, and at the project level for the multi-year funds. The County Manager, Assistant County Manager, or his/her designee is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer amounts within a fund without limitation but shall report them to the Board of Commissioners. The County Manager, Assistant County Manager, or his/her designee may transfer amounts by budget amendment between funds and these budget amendments must be reported and approved by the Board of Commissioners in an itemized report. During the year several amendments to the original budget became necessary, the effects of which \$16.7M in additional fund balance were appropriated during the year.

A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes that prescribes the last day on which certain steps of the budget procedures are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date by which each is required to be completed:

April 30	Each department head will transmit to the budget officer the departmental budget requests and revenue estimates for the budget year.
June 1	The budget and the budget message shall be submitted to the County Commissioners. The public hearing on the budget should be scheduled at this time.
July 1	The budget ordinance shall be adopted by the County Commissioners.

#### **E. Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciation lives.

#### **F. Deposits and Investments**

All deposits of the County and its Component Units are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and its Component Units may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and its Component Units may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30c] authorizes the County and its Component Units to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), which consists of a SEC-registered mutual fund (the Government Portfolio), is authorized by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). The Government Portfolio, which invests in treasuries and government agencies, is a money market mutual fund (2a7) and maintains an AAAM rating from S&P and AAmf by Moody's Investor Service. The Government Portfolio is reported at fair value.

#### **G. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The County, Airport, and CVB pool monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. ABC Board considers demand deposits and investments purchased

with an original maturity of three months or less, that are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### **H. Restricted Assets**

The General Fund has \$538,686 cash restricted for Medicaid expense purposes in the Health department. The amount of \$2,295,146 was also restricted for Building Inspection and is classified as restricted cash because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-354. \$520,140 was restricted for Register of Deeds per North Carolina General Statute 161-11.3 to be expended on computer and imaging technology. There is a balance of \$1,104,941 for the White Goods Account and is restricted for the management of discarded white goods per North Carolina General Statute 130A-309.82. Finally, the balance of \$542,770 is restricted for the disposal of scrap tires per North Carolina General Statute 130A-309.54. These funds are invested in a First Bank checking account and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust.

The unexpended proceeds of the School/College Bond Project general obligation bonds are classified as restricted cash for the Capital Project Fund because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds and debts were originally issued. The funds, which total \$14,089,794, are invested in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust and First Bank.

The unexpended proceeds of the New Courthouse Building Capital Project general obligation bonds are classified as restricted cash for the Capital Project Fund because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds and debts were originally issued. The funds, which total \$14,157,955 are invested in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust.

The Coronavirus State & Fiscal Recovery funds cash balance is classified as restricted because their use is restricted to the purpose for which the grant funds were awarded. The Cash balance is \$1,828,844. The funds are invested in a First Bank money market account.

The Grants fund also has a cash balance of \$598,540. They are classified as restricted because their use is restricted to the purpose for which the grants and contributions were originally awarded. The funds are invested in a First Bank checking account.

The Opioid fund cash balance is classified as restricted because their use is restricted to the purpose for which the opioid settlement funds were awarded. The cash balance is \$2,398,549. The funds are invested in a First Bank checking account.

Customer deposits held by the County before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Public Utilities Fund and EMWD have \$938,413 and \$256,553 in customer deposits, respectively.

The Water Pollution Control Plant and Public Utilities implemented the system development fees (SDF) at the start of the fiscal year. In accordance with North Carolina General Statute 162A-211, system development fee revenue shall be accounted for by means of a capital reserve fund established pursuant to Part 2 of Article 3 of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes and limited as to expenditure of funds in accordance with North Carolina General Statute 162A-211. The Water Pollution Control Plant and Public Utilities had \$272,290 and \$1,121,931 in SDF revenue, respectively.

Public Utilities and the East Moore Water District must establish and maintain a Debt Service Reserve Account in accordance with USDA - RUS Instruction 1780, paragraph 1780.39(e) (2) to provide for at least one annual loan installment. Prior written concurrence from the Agency must be obtained before funds may be withdrawn from this account during the life of the loan. The Debt Service Reserve restricted for Public Utilities and the East Moore Water District is \$41,043 and \$49,283, respectively.

#### **I. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable and Deferred Revenues**

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes, except for ad valorem taxes on certain vehicles, on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year, and these taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, no interest or penalties are assessed until the following January 6. The taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2023. As allowed by State law, the County has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the County's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

#### **J. Lease Receivable**

The County's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. There are no variable components under the lease agreement. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### **K. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts**

The County and its Component Units provide credit, in the normal course of business to residents primarily located in the County of Moore, North Carolina. All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

#### **L. Inventory**

Inventory in the General Fund and Enterprise Funds consists of supplies that are valued at cost using the average cost method.

The CVB had no inventory as of June 30, 2024. The ABC Board and the Airport Authority carry inventory for resale. This inventory is valued at the lower of cost (FIFO) or market.

#### **M. Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **N. Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Assets**

##### **Capital Assets**

Minimum capitalization costs for the year ending June 30, 2024, were \$5,000 for all classes of assets except for land which is capitalized without regard to value. The County's purchased or constructed capital assets with an original cost of greater than \$5,000 are recorded at historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002, consist of water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at cost.

The County holds title to certain Moore County Board of Education properties which are not included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County and CVB are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Buildings	10 – 50 years
Water and sewer systems	10 – 50 years
Furniture and equipment	3 – 5 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computer Software	5 years

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

Buildings	17 – 40 years
Furniture/equipment	3 – 7 years
Vehicles	5 years
Building improvements	15 years

All assets acquired prior to July 1, 1994 including buildings, hangars, runways, and other capital assets used by the Airport Authority are owned by the County of Moore. Non-grant equipment and furnishings acquired after July 1, 1994 are recorded by the Airport Authority at original cost at the time of acquisition. The Airport Authority's equipment and furnishings are depreciated using the straight-line method over a five-year period and a fifteen-year period for building improvements.

### **Right-to-use Assets**

#### **Leases**

The County has recorded right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right-to-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is shorter.

#### **Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements**

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset.

#### **O. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion – a charge on refunding, pension and contributions made to the OPEB or pension plans in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, property tax receivable, EMS receivable, other prepaid fees, lease, Opioid receivable and OPEB and pension related deferrals.

#### **P. Long-term Debt**

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

#### **Q. Compensated Absences**

The vacation policies of the County and its Component Units provide for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. If a County employee has more than thirty (30) days vacation accumulated at December 31, the excess amount above thirty (30) days is converted into sick leave and added to the employee's sick leave accumulation. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, and the ABC Board, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned.

The sick leave policies of the County and its Component Units provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since none of the entities has any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made by the County or its Component Units.

## **R. Opioid Settlement Funds**

In April 2022, drug manufacturer Johnson & Johnson, and three drug distributors, McKesson, AmerisourceBergen, and Cardinal Health, finalized a \$26 billion-dollar nationwide settlement related to multiple opioid lawsuits. These funds will be disbursed to each participating state over an 18-year period according to an allocation agreement reached with all participating states. The majority of these funds are intended for opioid abatement and the distribution of the funds will be front loaded.

North Carolina's Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between the state and local governments for the settlement funds allocates the funds as follows:

- 15% directly to the State ("State Abatement Fund")
- 80% to abatement funds established by Local Governments ("Local Abatement Funds")
- 5% to a County Incentive Fund.

The County received \$240,436 as part of this settlement in Fiscal Year 2022, \$990,226 in Fiscal Year 2023 and \$2,043,172 in Fiscal Year 2024. Per the terms of the MOA, the County created a special revenue fund, the Opioid Settlement Fund, to account for these funds. All funds are to be used for opioid abatement and remediation activities. Funds are restricted until expended. \$327,031 funds have been expended as of June 30, 2024, as the Task Force and Review Committee had to review all the proposals before awarding any Opioid funds to any agencies. The MOA offered the County two options of expending the funds. The County opted for Option A, which allows the County to fund one or more high-impact strategies from a list of evidence-based strategies to combat the opioid epidemic. An additional \$8,043,021 is recorded as a deferred inflow in Opioid Fund. This amount represents opioid settlement funds that are expected but not available. No allowance has been booked against the receivable as the County anticipates receiving of these funds and have collected for the last two years. The County will continue to monitor each settlement party for any collection issues. Currently, no allowance is considered necessary.

## **S. Reimbursements for Pandemic-related Expenditures**

In FY 2020/21, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and replace lost revenue for the eligible state, local, territorial, and tribal governments. The County was allocated \$19,594,757 of fiscal recovery funds to be paid in two equal installments. The first installment of \$9,797,379 was received in June 2021. The second installment was received in June 2022. County staff and the Board of Commissioners have elected to use \$10,000,000 of the ARPA funds for revenue replacement in Fiscal Year 2022. The \$5,896,017 and \$4,103,983 used to reimburse the Sheriff and EMS employees' salaries and fringe benefits were transferred to the General Fund and EMS fund, respectively, from the Revenue replacement funds. The remaining funds were allocated to infrastructure/capital projects and will be transferred to the appropriate funds once the projects are in progress. In Fiscal Year 2023, \$146,570 was transferred to the ARP EMWD Capital Project Fund for the design and construction of the Thurlow Booster Pump Station. In Fiscal Year 2024, \$8,337,305 was drawdown based on the Public Workforce Expansion Reimbursement Project which will give the County more flexibility to fund anticipated ARP-eligible capital projects and reduce the reporting requirements with U.S. Treasury.

## **T. Net Position/Fund Balances**

### **Net Position**

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through State statute.

### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The Governmental Fund types classify fund balances as follows:

**Nonspendable Fund Balance** - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Leases – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of the lease receivable in excess of the deferred inflow of resources for the lease receivable, which is not a spendable resource.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Long-term receivables - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents a receivable that will not be collected in the next fiscal year and therefore is not a spendable resource.

Prepaid items - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents payments to vendors that are applicable to future accounting periods.

Restricted Fund Balance-This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors, grantors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". *Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget.* Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories, prepaids and lease receivables in excess of deferred inflows of resources for leases, as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Health – Medicaid Assistance Program - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for Health – Medicaid Assistance Program expenditures.

Restricted for Solid Waste – White Goods Program - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for solid waste – White Goods Program expenditures.

Restricted for Solid Waste – Scrap Tire Program - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for solid waste – Scrap Tire Program expenditures.

Restricted for Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for building inspection – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for the building inspection expenditures per G.S. 153A-354.

Restricted for capital projects/financing agreement compliance - portion of fund balance that is restricted because they are unexpended debt proceeds.

Restricted for emergency telephone system - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for Emergency Telephone System expenditures.

Restricted for fire protection - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for fire protection expenditures.

Restricted for environmental protection – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for environmental expenditures per G.S. 139-7.1.

Restricted for charitable services- portion of fund balance that can only be used to support social services clients.

Restricted for health services – portion of fund balance that can only be used to benefit beneficiaries under the Social Security's Representative Payee Program.

Restricted for Opioid - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for opioid expenditures.

Restricted for ARP- portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for American Rescue Plan Act expenditures.

Restricted for Grants projects - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for several multi-year federal, state and local grants projects.

Restricted for working capital - The Moore County ABC Board is required by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission rule .0902 to set its working capital requirements at not less than two weeks' average gross sales of the last fiscal year. (Gross sales are gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages less distributions as defined in G.S. 18B-805(b)(2), (3) and (4)).

Restricted for debt service reserve – portion of net position that is restricted in accordance with USDA - RUS Instruction 1780, paragraph 1780.39(e) (2) to provide for at least one annual loan installment.

Restricted for system development fees - portion of net position that is restricted with the implementation of the system development fees (SDF) in accordance with North Carolina General Statute 162A-211.

Restricted net position on the Statement of Net Position varies from restricted fund balance on Governmental Funds by the amount of the restriction for the Register of Deeds' pension plan of \$248,750.

Committed Fund Balance - This classification includes portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The Board of Commissioners is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for Tax Revaluation - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

Committed for airport capital project - portion of fund balance that can only be used for airport capital expenditures such as the Airport Project fund.

Committed for debt services – portion of fund balance that can only be used for future debt service.

Committed for general government - portion of fund balance that can only be used for general government expenditures such as the County Buildings Project fund and future capital projects.

Committed for public safety - portion of fund balance that can only be used for public safety expenditures such as the Emergency Communication Narrow Banding Project and the New Courthouse Building Project.

Committed for environmental protection and community development - portion of fund balance that can only be used for environmental protection and community development expenditures such as the Solid Waste Improvement Capital Project.

Committed for cultural and recreational - portion of fund balance that can only be used for cultural and recreational expenditures.



Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has been constrained to reflect the County's intended use of resources. These constraints are assigned by the Board of Commissioners or their designee.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however, the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to transfer appropriations within a fund without limitation but shall report them to the Board of Commissioners.

Assigned for public safety - portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for public safety expenditures.

Assigned for Capital Reserve for Fire Protection Services Fund - portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for future Fire Capital Debts.

Assigned for risk management - portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for the risk management fund for future medical claims.

Assigned for human services - portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for transportation services.

Assigned for county general operational & capital expenditures - portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for general county operational & capital expenditures.

Assigned for capital reserve for capital projects for Moore County Schools (MCS) - portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the board for financial resources and available funds collected from the Article 46 sales tax to be used for future capital construction expenditures related to Moore County Schools (MCS)

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The County of Moore has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 17% of the General Fund's Total Annual Operating Expenditures of the County. Any portion of the General Fund balance in excess of 17% of the General Fund's Total Annual Operating Expenditures of the County may be appropriated to be transferred to a Capital Reserve Fund for future use except as provided for in the last adopted Resolution for Sandhills Community College.

#### **U. Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **V. Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds**

The Capital Reserve Fund for Debt Service does not meet the legal requirements under North Carolina General Statutes 159-18; therefore, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, it is consolidated in the General Fund. Fund balance for the General Fund is reconciled as follows:

Fund balance, ending - General Fund (pre-consolidation)	\$	67,761,359
<b>Capital Reserve Fund for Debt Service:</b>		
Transfers in		2,000,000
Transfers out		(2,000,000)
Fund balance, beginning		5,946,375
Fund balance, ending	\$	73,707,734
Total ending fund balance - General Fund	\$	73,707,734

## W. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statements of net position. The net adjustment of (\$159,355,715) consists of several elements as follows:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column)

	\$	189,488,334
Less accumulated depreciation		<u>(76,320,287)</u>
Net capital assets		113,168,047

Right-to-use lease assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total right to use asset on government-wide statement in governmental activities column)

	1,766,751
Less accumulated amortization	<u>(237,535)</u>
Net right-to-use lease assets	1,529,216

Subscription assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total subscription assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column)

	917,397
Less accumulated amortization	<u>(570,171)</u>
Net subscription assets	347,226

Net pension asset

164,645

Contributions and deferred outflows to the pension plan (LGERS, ROD) in the current fiscal year

5,217,335

Benefit payment and pension administration costs for LEOSSA

161,223

Contributions to OPEB plan in the current fiscal year

906,826

Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government-wide statements as the funds are unavailable in the fund statements

56,201

Deferred charges in governmental activities is not reported in the funds

2,265,496

Pension related deferrals	\$ 12,571,750
OPEB related deferrals	(12,460,994)
Liabilities for deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund statements but not the government-wide	
Property taxes receivable, opioid receivable and EMS receivable	8,701,894
Unearned bond premium reported as a liability in the government-wide statement and will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned	
Unearned bond premium	(19,555,570)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	
Net position of the internal service funds	3,679,623
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is not a current expenditure and therefore is not reflected in the funds	
Accrued interest payable	(1,958,111)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Bonds	(116,070,000)
Limited obligation bonds	(45,799,000)
Installment financing	(33,679,456)
Vendor debt issued	(154,805)
Lease liability	(1,568,972)
Subscription liability	(298,834)
Arbitrage rebate liability	(1,389,091)
Compensated absences	(3,876,431)
Total OPEB liability	(28,709,458)
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure care costs	(9,160,053)
Net pension liability	(28,899,750)
LEO separation allowance	(4,544,672)
Total long-term liabilities	<u>(274,150,522)</u>
Total adjustment	\$ <u>(159,355,715)</u>

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$22,968,221.

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense.

This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period

Capital outlay	\$ 16,189,960
Loss on disposal	(58,241)
Depreciation expense	<u>(5,088,647)</u>
Total	11,043,072

Right-to-use lease asset capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	423,230
Amortization expense for intangible assets	<u>(106,440)</u>
Total	316,790

Subscription asset capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	103,064
Amortization expense for intangible assets	<u>(345,797)</u>
Total	(242,733)

Expenses reported on fund statements that are capitalized on government-wide Statements – refunding costs	(403,803)
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Contributions to the pension plan (LGERS, ROD) in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	5,217,335
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Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	161,223
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Contributions to the OPEB plan are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	906,826
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County's portion of collective OPEB expense	184,447
County's portion of collective pension expense	<u>(8,796,124)</u>
Total	(8,611,677)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds

Accrued interest receivable	10,182
Deferred opioid revenue	(2,043,173)
Deferred tax revenue	<u>64,197</u>
Total	(1,968,794)

Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is not a current expenditure and therefore is not reflected in the funds

Accrued interest	148,793
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The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items

Amortization of bond premium	1,679,485
Bonds principal payments	10,670,000
Installment financing payments	2,460,772
Vendor debt issued	(154,805)
Lease liabilities issued	(423,230)
Lease payments	91,585

Subscription liabilities issued	\$ (42,701)
Subscription payments	332,236
Arbitrage rebate	(1,093,841)
Limited obligation bond payments	3,835,000
Increase in closure and postclosure landfill payable	(616,361)
Increase in compensated absences	(398,844)
Total	16,339,296

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of self-insurance costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of Net Position

Change in net position for all internal service fund	61,893
Total adjustment	<u>\$ 22,968,221</u>

## Note 2.

### Deposits and Investments

#### A. Deposits

All of the County's and its Component Units' deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's and its Component Units' agents in these Units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and its Component Units, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County, its Component Units or with the Escrow Agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or its Component Units under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County and its Component Units rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The County has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

### DEPOSITS June 30, 2024

	Petty Cash	Carrying Amount Including Fiduciary Funds	Bank Balance	Bank Balance Covered By Federal Depository Insurance	Interest Bearing Deposits Covered By Collateral Held Under Pooling Method
County of Moore	\$ 3,600	\$ 130,091,377	\$ 131,265,810	\$ 250,000	\$131,015,810
CVB	-	2,885,077	2,885,077	-	2,885,077
Moore County					
ABC Board	2,539	5,529,302	5,371,599	250,000	5,121,599
Airport Authority	350	2,499,791	2,499,791	-	2,499,791
Total	<u>\$ 6,489</u>	<u>\$ 141,005,547</u>	<u>\$ 142,022,277</u>	<u>\$ 500,000</u>	<u>\$ 141,522,277</u>

## B. Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the County had the following investments and maturities.

Investment Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Book Value at 06/30/2024	Less Than 6 Months	6-12 Months	1-3 Years
NC Capital Management Trust-Government Portfolio	Fair Value	\$75,041,951	\$75,041,951	N/A	N/A

Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months. The NCCMT Government Portfolio has an AAAM rating from S&P and AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Service.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

*Interest Rate Risk.* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rates, the County holds at least one hundred percent of the County's investment portfolio in maturities of less than 6 months. Also, the County's internal management policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than three years. The County does have a formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk. The Funds will be invested with the chief objectives of safety of principal, liquidity, and yield, in that order.

*Credit Risk.* The County's investment policy limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust, US Treasury Securities, US Agency Securities specifically authorized in GS-159 and rated no lower than "AAA", and Commercial Paper meeting the requirement of NCGS-159 plus having a national bond rating. State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAM by Standard & Poor's and AAAMf by Moody's Investor Service as of June 30, 2024.

*Custodial Credit Risk.* For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that is in the possession of an outside party. The County has a formal policy on custodial credit risk which states that all investments will be purchased "payment-verses-delivery" and if certificated will be held by the Finance Officer in the name of the County. All non-certificated investments will be held in book-entry form in the name of the County with the County's third party Custodian (Safekeeping Agent.)

At June 30, 2024, the Airport Authority had investments in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio of \$7,002,690. The Airport Authority has no policy on credit risk.

### Note 3.

#### Receivables

##### A. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

For the County, the amounts shown for receivables in the Balance Sheet, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>June 30, 2024</u>
General Fund, Property Taxes	\$ 102,100
Emergency Medical Service Fund, Property Taxes	9,800
Transportation Services, User Fees	43,786
Emergency Medical Services Fund, EMS fees	803,600

Water Pollution Control Plant Fund, User Fees	6,956
Public Utilities Fund, User Fees	68,230
East Moore Water District Fund, User Fees	545,431
Fire District Fund, Property Taxes	15,570
Custodial Fund, Property Taxes	40,200
Total	<u>\$ 1,635,673</u>

#### **B. Receivables Due from Other Governments and Agencies**

Due from other governments that is owed to the County consists of the following:

	<u>June 30, 2024</u>
Local Option Sales Tax	\$ 11,501,857
Grants Federal/State	1,222,533
Construction Sales Tax	355,690
Scrap Tires & White Goods	74,682
DMV Collections	424,877
State/County Sales Tax	994,729
Other	753,166
Total	<u>\$ 15,327,534</u>

#### **C. Use Value Assessment on Certain Lands**

In accordance with the General Statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forest land may be taxed by the County at present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

<u>Year Levied</u>	<u>Tax</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2021	\$ 4,820,928	\$ 1,217,284	\$ 6,038,212
2022	4,427,091	719,402	5,146,493
2023	4,399,194	318,942	4,718,136
2024	4,263,981	-	4,263,981
Total	<u>\$17,911,194</u>	<u>\$ 2,255,628</u>	<u>\$20,166,822</u>

#### **D. Receivables**

Receivables at the government-wide level on June 30, 2024, were as follows:

<b>Accounts</b>	
Governmental Activities:	
General	\$ -
Other Governmental	11,502,373
Internal Service	39,250
Total receivables	11,541,623
Allowance fo doubtful accounts	(847,386)
Total-governmental activities	<u>\$ 10,694,237</u>
Business-type Activities	
Wastewater Treatment	\$ 580,085
Public Utilities	3,589,753
East Moore Water District	917,271
Total receivables	5,087,109
Allowance fo doubtful accounts	(620,617)
Total - business-type activities	<u>\$ 4,466,492</u>

## E. Lease Receivable

Since the year ended 6/30/22, the financial statements include GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

On 03/01/2023, Moore County, NC entered into a 60 month-lease as Lessor for the use of ATM State Employees Credit Union 3/1/2023 - 2/29/2028. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$11,244. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$8,372. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$200. The lease has an interest rate of 2.6820%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2024 was \$8,245, and Moore County, NC recognized lease revenue of \$2,249 during the fiscal year.

On 07/01/2021, Moore County, NC entered into a 222 month-lease as Lessor for the use of Verizon Mclean Tank. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$729,432. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$649,949. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$38,657. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3000%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2024 was \$611,145, and Moore County recognized lease revenue of \$39,429 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On 07/01/2021, Moore County, NC entered into a 222 month-lease as Lessor for the use of U.S. Cellular Mclean Tank. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$1,022,392. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$910,988. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$54,183. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3000%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2024 was \$856,599, and Moore County recognized lease revenue of \$55,264 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On 07/01/2021, Moore County, NC entered into a 222 month- lease as Lessor for the use of T-Mobile Mclean Tank. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$1,326,416. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$1,181,884. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$70,296. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3000%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2024 was \$1,111,322, and Moore County recognized lease revenue of \$71,698 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On 07/01/2021, Moore County, NC originally entered into a 222 month-lease as Lessor for the use of SprintCom Mclean Tank, but during fiscal year 2023, the Lessee decided to terminate the contract on 12/31/2023. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$737,416 then adjusted to \$116,704. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$0. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$39,081. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3000%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2024 was \$16,672, and Moore County recognized lease revenue of \$33,344 during the fiscal year. The lessee has decided not to use the 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On 09/15/2021, Moore County, NC entered into a 300 month-lease as Lessor for the use of Verizon Moore Hospital. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$877,142. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$810,231. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$34,347. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3190%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2024 was \$779,097, and Moore County recognized lease revenue of \$35,086 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 4 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On 07/01/2021, Moore County, NC entered into a 222 month-lease as Lessor for the use of AT & T New Cingular Mclean Tank. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$335,501. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$298,943. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$17,780. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3000%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2024 was \$281,095, and Moore County recognized lease revenue of \$18,135 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.



On 07/01/2021, Moore County, NC entered into a 222 month-lease as Lessor for the use of AT & T Moore Hospital. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$1,152,213. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$1,026,663. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$61,063. The lease has an interest rate of 2.3000%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of 06/30/2024 was \$965,368, and Moore County recognized lease revenue of \$62,282 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

#### **F. Note Receivable**

Moore County entered into a joint development agreement with Moore County Economic Development Partnership (originally named PIP), a North Carolina nonprofit corporation. The purpose of this agreement is to promote industrial parks in the County. In support of this project, the County agreed to appropriate \$200,000 to acquire the Site Project. The loan will be at an interest rate of four percent (4%) per annum, which interest will not be compounded. This loan will be payable on an acreage release basis as portions of the industrial park are sold to one or more end-users, unless forgiven in whole or in part.

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**Note 4.**  
**Capital Assets**

**A. Changes in Governmental Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2024
<b>Governmental activities:</b>					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 38,371,438	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (13,830)	\$ 38,357,608
Construction in progress	31,539,601	11,527,061	-	(23,261)	43,043,401
Total capital assets not being depreciated	69,911,039	11,527,061	-	(37,091)	81,401,009
Capital assets being depreciated and amortized:					
Buildings	74,157,247	411,838	(192,196)	13,830	74,390,719
Equipment	17,282,290	2,598,394	(311,575)	23,261	19,592,370
Vehicles	13,036,965	1,652,667	(585,396)	-	14,104,236
Right-to-use lease equipment	82,474	26,560	-	-	109,034
Right-to-use lease buildings	539,778	396,670	(17,822)	-	918,626
Right-to-use lease infrastructure	739,091	-	-	-	739,091
Right-to-use lease computer equipment	7,994	-	(7,994)	-	-
Subscription Software	896,177	103,064	(81,844)	-	917,397
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized:	106,742,016	5,189,193	(1,196,827)	37,091	110,771,473
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:					
Buildings	(49,347,198)	(2,263,398)	146,343	-	(51,464,253)
Equipment	(14,103,918)	(1,155,081)	299,188	-	(14,959,811)
Vehicles	(8,811,450)	(1,670,169)	585,396	-	(9,896,223)
Right-to-use lease equipment	(30,093)	(23,922)	-	-	(54,015)
Right-to-use lease buildings	(57,268)	(48,468)	17,822	-	(87,914)
Right-to-use lease infrastructure	(63,737)	(31,869)	-	-	(95,606)
Right-to-use lease computer equipment	(5,814)	(2,180)	7,994	-	-
Subscription Software	(306,218)	(345,797)	81,844	-	(570,171)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(72,725,696)	\$ (5,540,884)	\$ 1,138,587	\$ -	(77,127,993)
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net	34,016,320				33,643,480
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 103,927,359				\$ 115,044,489

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 3,009,674
Public safety	1,241,430
Environmental protection and community development	549,400
Human services	380,294
Cultural and recreational	<u>360,086</u>
Total depreciation/amortization expense	<u>\$ 5,540,884</u>

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## B. Changes in Business-type Capital Assets

	Balance June 30, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2024
<b>Business-type activities:</b>					
<u>Water Pollution Control Plant Fund</u>					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 408,508	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 408,508
Construction in progress	171,304	2,712,430	(47,300)	(124,004)	2,712,430
Total capital assets not being depreciated	579,812	2,712,430	(47,300)	(124,004)	3,120,938
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Water Pollution Control plant	34,650,643	13,994	-	-	34,664,637
Water Pollution Control lines	16,730,749	4,089,727	-	124,004	20,944,480
Equipment	800,841	529,215	-	-	1,330,056
Vehicle	287,537	25,282	-	-	312,819
Subscription Software	65,655	-	-	-	65,655
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized	52,535,425	4,658,218	-	124,004	57,317,647
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Water Pollution Control plant	(20,868,040)	(1,266,328)	-	-	(22,134,368)
Water Pollution Control lines	(11,900,685)	(604,421)	-	-	(12,505,106)
Equipment	(436,737)	(117,300)	-	-	(554,037)
Vehicles	(194,252)	(33,314)	-	-	(227,566)
Subscription Software	(1,520)	(21,885)	-	-	(23,405)
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,401,234)	\$ (2,043,248)	\$ -	\$ -	(35,444,482)
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net	19,134,191				21,873,165
Water Pollution Control Plant fund capital assets, net	\$ 19,714,003				\$ 24,994,103

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Business-type activities (continued):

Public Utilities Fund

Capital assets not being depreciated:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2024
Land	\$ 424,512	\$ 277,499	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 702,011
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-	-
Construction in progress	816,350	8,273,468	-	-	9,089,818
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,240,862	8,550,967	-	-	9,791,829

Capital assets being depreciated and amortized:

Buildings	962,657	29,268	-	-	991,925
Water and sewer system	54,958,203	1,913,727	(21,500)	-	56,850,430
Equipment	2,071,040	458,111	(14,695)	-	2,514,456
Vehicles	2,053,215	65,415	-	-	2,118,630
Subscription Software	131,269	-	-	-	131,269
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized	60,176,384	2,466,521	(36,195)	-	62,606,710

Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:

Buildings	(944,520)	(6,156)	5,375	-	(945,301)
Water and sewer system	(27,004,036)	(2,106,470)	-	-	(29,110,506)
Equipment	(1,898,679)	(123,689)	14,695	-	(2,007,673)
Vehicles	(1,433,477)	(224,858)	-	-	(1,658,335)
Subscription Software	(3,039)	(43,756)	-	-	(46,795)
Total accumulated depreciation	(31,283,751)	\$ (2,504,929)	\$ 20,070	\$ -	(33,768,610)
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net	28,892,633				28,838,100

Public Utilities fund capital assets, net

\$ 30,133,495	\$ 38,629,929
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East Moore Water District

Capital assets not being depreciated:

Land	\$ 30,641	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,641
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-	-
CIP	146,570	1,382,899	-	-	1,529,469
Total capital assets not being depreciated	177,211	1,382,899	-	-	1,560,110

Capital assets being depreciated:

Buildings/Utilities	22,119,574	502,156	-	-	22,621,730
Total capital assets being depreciated	22,119,574	502,156	-	-	22,621,730

Less accumulated depreciation

Buildings/Utilities	(12,004,995)	(1,132,348)	-	-	(13,137,343)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,004,995)	\$ (1,132,348)	\$ -	\$ -	(13,137,343)
Total capital assets being depreciated	10,114,579				9,484,387

East Moore Water District fund capital assets, net

\$ 10,291,790	\$ 11,044,497
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Business-type activities capital assets, net

\$ 60,139,288	\$ 74,668,529
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## C. Changes in Component Unit Capital Assets

	Balance June 30, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2024
<b>Discretely presented component units:</b>					
<u><b>Convention and Visitors Bureau Fund</b></u>					
Capital assets being amortized:					
Right-to-use lease asset	\$ 334,785	\$ 12,466	\$ 15,960	\$ -	\$ 331,291
Right-to-use subscription asset	14,850	-	14,850	-	-
Total capital assets being amortized	349,635	12,466	30,810	-	331,291
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Right-to-use lease asset	\$ (139,138)	\$ (68,372)	\$ (15,960)	\$ -	\$ (191,550)
Right-to-use subscription asset	(9,900)	(4,950)	(14,850)	-	-
Total accumulated depreciation	(149,038)	(73,322)	(30,810)	-	(191,550)
Total capital assets being amortized, net	200,597				139,741
Convention and Visitors Bureau Fund capital assets, net	<u>\$ 200,597</u>				<u>\$ 139,741</u>
<u><b>Airport Authority</b></u>					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 280,134	\$ 43,907	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 324,041
Construction in progress	5,554,985	-	-	(5,415,852)	139,133
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,835,119	43,907	-	(5,415,852)	463,174
Capital assets being depreciated and amortized:					
Buildings and improvements	\$ 9,654,939	2,875,879	-	5,426,322	17,957,140
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	549,921	111,099	(13,240)	(10,470)	637,310
Vehicles	58,265	-	-	-	58,265
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized:	10,263,125	2,986,978	(13,240)	5,415,852	18,652,715
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements	(1,973,992)	(642,911)	-	-	(2,616,903)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(382,317)	(70,272)	13,240	-	(439,349)
Vehicles	(50,715)	(6,039)	-	-	(56,754)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,407,024)	(719,222)	13,240	-	(3,113,006)
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net	7,856,101				15,539,709
Airport Authority capital assets, net	<u>\$ 13,691,220</u>				<u>\$ 16,002,883</u>
<u><b>ABC Board</b></u>					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,222,879	\$ -	\$ (69,000)	\$ -	\$ 1,153,879
Construction in progress	2,617	13,504	(5,963)	-	10,158
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,225,496	13,504	(74,963)	-	1,164,037
Capital assets being depreciated and amortized:					
Buildings	2,135,598	-	(478,320)	-	1,657,278
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	217,306	35,590	(9,073)	-	243,823
Vehicles	79,919	-	-	-	79,919
Buildings and improvements	524,486	5,963	(14,607)	-	515,842
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized:	2,957,309	41,553	(502,000)	-	2,496,862
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:					
Buildings	(629,443)	(49,170)	240,156	-	(438,457)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(128,416)	(26,500)	9,074	-	(145,842)
Vehicles	(79,919)	-	-	-	(79,919)
Buildings and improvements	(240,751)	(34,586)	14,607	-	(260,730)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,078,529)	(110,256)	263,837	-	(924,948)
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net	1,878,780	\$ (68,703)	\$ (238,163)	\$ -	1,571,914
ABC Board capital assets, net	<u>\$ 3,104,276</u>				<u>\$ 2,735,951</u>

**Note 5.****Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations****A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System**

*Plan Description.* The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at [www.osc.nc.gov](http://www.osc.nc.gov).

*Benefits Provided.* LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

*Contributions.* Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 14.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.85% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$5,658,860 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

*Refunds of Contributions* – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

***Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$31,757,967 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the County's proportion was .4795% (measured as of June 30, 2023), which was an increase of .018% from its proportion as of June 30, 2023 (measured as of June 30, 2022).

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$9,107,070. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,538,778	\$ 76,184
Changes of assumptions	1,349,530	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	8,499,822	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	274,480	258,928
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,658,860	-
Total	<u>\$ 19,321,470</u>	<u>\$ 335,112</u>

\$5,658,860 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

**Year ended June 30:**

2025	\$ 4,781,047
2026	2,415,352
2027	5,771,683
2028	359,416
2029	-
Thereafter	-
	<u>\$ 13,327,498</u>

**Actuarial Assumptions.** The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 Percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	6.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan actuary currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.



Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

<b>Asset Class</b>	<b>Target Allocation</b>	<b>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</b>
Fixed Income	33.0%	2.4%
Global Equity	38.0%	6.9%
Real Estate	8.0%	6.0%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.6%
Opportunistic Fixed Income	7.0%	5.3%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	4.3%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	

The information in the preceding table is based on 30-year expectations developed with an investment consulting firm as part of a study that was completed in early 2022, and is part of the asset liability and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized. The long-term expected real rate of return for the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2023 is 0.78%.

**Discount rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.5%. This discount rate is in line with the long-term nominal expected return on pension plan investments. The calculation of the net pension liability is a present value calculation of the future net pension payments. These net pension payments assume that contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.** The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	<b>1% Decrease (5.50%)</b>	<b>Discount Rate (6.5%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (7.50%)</b>
County's proportionate share of the net Pension liability (asset)	\$ 55,019,430	\$ 31,757,967	\$ 12,606,951

**Pension plan fiduciary net position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

## B. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

### 1. Plan Description

The County and the ABC Board administer a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's and the ABC Board's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan. All full-time law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2022, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

	<u>Moore County</u>
Retirees receiving benefits	20
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>84</u>
Total	104

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

**Basis of Accounting.** The County of Moore and the ABC Board have chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

### 3. Actuarial Assumptions for the County of Moore

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2022 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent per annum
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation
Discount rate	4.00 percent per annum, compounded annually

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the five year period ending December 31, 2019.

**Mortality Assumption:** All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

**Mortality Projection:** All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

**Deaths After Retirement (Healthy):** Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rate for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

**Deaths After Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement):** Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

Deaths After Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members): Mortality rates are based on the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are Set Forward 3 years. Rates for female members are Set Forward 1 year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

Deaths Prior To Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

#### 4. Contributions.

The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$307,801 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

### **Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a total pension liability of \$4,544,672. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023 based on a December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2023 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$579,606.

	<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 563,909	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	388,077	524,592
County benefit payments and admin expenditures paid subsequent to the measurement date	161,223	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,113,209</b>	<b>\$ 524,592</b>

The County paid \$161,223 in benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### **Year ended June 30:**

2025	\$ 216,847
2026	134,617
2027	(4,267)
2028	(13,384)
2029	56,550
Thereafter	37,031
	<b>\$ 427,394</b>

*Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.00 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.00 percent) than the current rate:

	<b>1% Decrease (3.00%)</b>	<b>Discount Rate (4.00%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (5.00%)</b>
Total pension liability	\$ 4,959,607	\$ 4,544,672	\$ 4,170,452

**Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability  
Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance**

	<b><u>2024</u></b>
Beginning balance	\$ 3,918,836
Service Cost	178,857
Interest on the total pension liability	162,269
Change in benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	480,249
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	112,262
Benefit payments	<u>(307,801)</u>
Ending balance of the total pension liability	<u>\$ 4,544,672</u>

*Changes of assumptions.* Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.31 percent at December 31, 2022 (measurement date) to 4.00 percent at December 31, 2023 (measurement date).

*Changes in Benefit Terms.* Reported compensation adjusted to reflect the assumed rate of pay as of the valuation date.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019.

**C. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers**

*Plan Description.* The County and the ABC Board contribute to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County and the ABC Board. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

*Funding Policy.* Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County and the ABC Board to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. The County's contributions for the year ending June 30, 2024 were \$381,167, which consisted of \$319,221 from the County and \$61,946 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited. The ABC Board's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$0.

**D. Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund**

*Plan Description.* The County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible

county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at [www.osc.nc.gov](http://www.osc.nc.gov).

**Benefits Provided.** An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

**Contributions.** Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$11,184 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

***Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

At June 30, 2024, the County reported an asset of \$164,645 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 1.370%, which was a increase of .141% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$31,232. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 7,289
Changes of assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	83,631	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	14,711	18,132
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	11,184	-
Total	<u>\$ 109,526</u>	<u>\$ 25,421</u>

\$11,184 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

**Year ended June 30:**

2025	\$24,840
2026	18,528
2027	24,278
2028	5,275
2029	-
Thereafter	-
	<hr/> \$72,921

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the Bond Index External Investment Pool.

The information in the preceding table is based on 30-year expectations developed with an investment consulting firm as part of a study that was completed in early 2022, and is part of the asset liability and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized. The long-term expected real rate of return for the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2023 is 0.78%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.00%. This discount rate is in line with the long-term nominal expected return on pension plan investments. The calculation of the net pension liability is a present value calculation of the future net pension payments. These net pension payments assume that contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory contribution

rate and that contributions from employers will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

*Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.00 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>(2.00%)</u>	<u>(3.00%)</u>	<u>(4.00%)</u>
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (112,389)	\$ (164,645)	\$ (208,707)

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

#### **E. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

The net pension liability (asset) for LGERS and ROD was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as December 31, 2022. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of December 31, 2023, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2022.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>LGERS</u>	<u>ROD</u>	<u>LEOSSA</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 31,757,967	\$ (164,645)	n/a	\$ 31,593,322
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.4795%	1.370%	n/a	-
Total pension liability	n/a	n/a	\$ 4,544,672	\$ 4,544,672
Pension expense	\$ 9,107,070	\$ 31,232	\$ 579,606	\$ 9,717,908

At June 30, 2024 the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>LGERS</u>	<u>ROD</u>	<u>LEOSSA</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b><u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u></b>				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,538,778	\$ -	\$ 563,909	\$ 4,102,687
Changes of assumptions	1,349,530	-	388,077	1,737,607
Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments	8,499,822	83,631	-	8,583,453
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	274,480	14,711	-	289,191
County contributions (LGERS, ROD)/benefit payments and administration costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the measurement date	5,658,860	11,184	161,223	5,831,267
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	<u>\$19,321,470</u>	<u>\$ 109,526</u>	<u>\$ 1,113,209</u>	<u>\$20,544,205</u>
<b><u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u></b>				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 76,184	\$ 7,289	\$ -	\$ 83,473
Changes of assumptions	-	-	524,592	524,592
Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments	-	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	258,928	18,132	-	277,060
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	<u>\$ 335,112</u>	<u>\$ 25,421</u>	<u>\$ 524,592</u>	<u>\$ 885,125</u>

#### **F. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan**

The County administers a supplemental retirement benefit plan for all of its full-time employees that are not involved in law enforcement, through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Effective January 1, 1991, the County began contributing to the plan an amount equal to 2.6 percent of each permanent full-time employee's salary each month. All contributed amounts plus investment earnings allocated to the employee's accounts are fully vested immediately. The County established the plan and may amend it at its discretion. However, effective July 1, 2008, the rate was increased to 3 percent. The County contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, for all permanent full-time employees, not involved in law enforcement, were \$907,882. Total voluntary contributions by covered employees were \$464,762. The County's contribution represented 3 percent for employees hired prior to June 30, 2013 and 1.5% for employees hired after June 30, 2013 for an introductory period of 3 years. After the 3 years period, the County's contribution will go up to 3 percent.



## G. Other Post-employment Benefits

### Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

*Plan Description.* Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

*Benefits Provided.* This plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least 15 years of creditable service with the County. Members that retire with at least 15 years of service up to 20 years, the retired member can participate in the County's group health insurance plan at the group rates. Members that retire with at least 20 years of service up to 30 years, the County will contribute 50% of the group rate on behalf of the retiree. Members that retire with 30 or more years of service, the County will contribute 75% of the group rate on behalf of the retiree. Health care, prescription drugs and dental benefits are provided by the County. The Board of Commissioners manages the plan and may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

According to a County resolution, the County provides health care benefits to retirees of the County who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least fifteen years of continuous service with the County. Under minimum qualifications, the retiree pays 100% of the premium, currently \$783 per month. If the employee has 20 years of service with State retirement plan and the last 15 years are with the County of Moore, the retiree pays 50% of the premium. With 30 years of State retirement plan service, and the last 15 years with the County, the retiree pays 25% of the premium. The County's retirees cannot purchase spouse or dependent coverage. The County has chosen to fund healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

The Retiree Health Plan will become secondary coverage when a retiree has become eligible for Medicare or another employer-sponsored plan. For retirees whose hire date is on or after January 1, 2010, health coverage will end when retiree becomes eligible for Medicare at age 65.

Members of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2023, the date of the latest actuarial valuation for the County of Moore

<u>Moore County</u>	
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	79
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>670</u>
Total	<u>740</u>

### Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$31,600,944 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2023.

*Actuarial assumptions and other inputs.* The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	0.75 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases	
General	3.25 – 8.41 percent, including wage inflation
Law Enforcement Officers	3.25 -7.90 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Rate Index	
Prior Measurement Date	3.54 percent
Measurement Date	3.65 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre-Medicare-7.00% for 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2033

Medicare-5.125% for 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2026

Dental

3.50%

The County selected a Municipal bond Index Rate equal to the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of June by The Bond Buyer, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date as the discount rate used to measure the TOL.

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>
<b>Balance at June 30, 2023</b>	<b>\$ 39,646,981</b>
<b>Changes for the year</b>	
Service cost	798,407
Interest	1,417,275
Differences between expected and actual experience	(9,511,419)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	75,635
Benefit payments	(825,935)
<b>Net changes</b>	<b>(8,046,037)</b>
<b>Balance at June 30, 2024</b>	<b>\$ 31,600,944</b>

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.54% to 3.65%.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal and salary increases used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience performed concurrently with the June 30, 2023 valuation.

*Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate:

	<b>1% Decrease (2.65%)</b>	<b>Discount Rate (3.65%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (4.65%)</b>
Total OPEB liability	\$38,738,823	\$31,600,944	\$26,122,811

*Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.* The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<b>1% Decrease</b>	<b>Current</b>	<b>1% Increase</b>
Total OPEB liability	\$25,889,706	\$31,600,944	\$39,051,635

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB income of \$205,778. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 724,666	\$ 9,507,857
Changes of assumptions	7,303,175	12,235,992
Benefit payments and administrative costs made subsequent to the measurement date	998,157	-
Total	<u>\$ 9,025,998</u>	<u>\$ 21,743,849</u>

\$998,157 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal period. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

### Measurement Period Ended June 30

2025	\$ (2,421,460)
2026	(2,252,391)
2027	(1,891,556)
2028	(1,655,556)
2029	(2,260,774)
Thereafter	(3,234,271)
	<u>\$ (13,716,008)</u>

### H. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the system, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the system at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 with a minimum of \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the County made \$27,454 contributions to the State for death benefits. The County's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0.05% and .14% of covered payroll, respectively.

### Note 6.

#### Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies and Commitments

##### A. Litigation

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits, arising in the ordinary course of operations. Although the outcome of the various lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the County's opinion, after discussion with

legal counsel, that potential claims against the County, in excess of professional liability insurance coverage, resulting from such litigation will not materially affect the financial condition of the County. Accordingly, no provision has been made in the financial statements for such matters.

## B. Construction

The County has active construction projects as of June 30, 2024. At June 30, 2024 the County's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Property Management Projects	\$ 3,221,576
Vass Phase 2 Project	2,420,202
Water & Sewer Line Extensions	3,213,338
NC 211 Widening Water & Sewer Ext. Project	1,356,250
New Courthouse Facility	6,202,090
Solid Waste Cell 6 Project	289,989
Aberdeen Collection Site	1,338,229
Public Safety - Pinehurst EMS & Station X	5,150
WPCP Projects	1,757,870
Public Utilities Projects	408,684
EMWD Projects	9,233
Thurlow Booster Pump Station	128,768
Total	<u>\$ 20,351,379</u>

## C. Other

The County has received Federal and State grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. County management believes such disallowances, if any, would not be significant to the financial position or operations of the County. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

## Note 7.

### Risk Management

The Self Insurance Fund, an Internal Service Fund, is a limited risk management program for employees' health insurance, life insurance, workers compensation and professional liability. Premiums are paid into the fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims and administrative costs of the program. During fiscal year 2024, a total of \$12,077,933 was incurred for hospitalization benefits, insurance premiums, administrative costs, and the wellness clinic costs. An excess coverage insurance policy covers annual health benefits in excess of \$125,000 per employee and aggregate annual health claims in excess of approximately \$11,132,772. The excess coverage policy is unlimited in individual contract period benefits and in individual lifetime benefits. Incurred but not reported health claims of \$1,160,473 have been accrued as a liability based upon an actuarial estimate. The estimate does not include non-incremental claims adjustment expenses. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' claims experience and are reported as interfund service transactions.

Since March 2005, the County operates a Wellness Works. Its purpose is to slow down the rate of increase in health insurance costs, offset costs in workers compensation, provide pre-employment screenings, pharmacy savings, reduce costs of drug testing and encourage and provide assistance with wellness and preventive healthcare program.

The following is a schedule of changes in the fund liabilities for fiscal years 2022 through 2024:

	Beginning <u>Liability</u>	Claims and <u>Changes</u> <u>Estimates</u>	Claims <u>Payments</u>	Ending <u>Liability</u>
2021-2022	\$ 582,953	\$ 8,623,986	\$ (8,332,396)	\$ 874,543
2022-2023	\$ 874,543	\$ 9,104,261	\$ (8,719,117)	\$ 1,259,687
2023-2024	\$ 1,259,687	\$ 9,036,479	\$ (9,135,693)	\$ 1,160,473

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in two self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners Joint Risk Management Agency.

Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to the replacement cost of owned property subject to total insured values, with sub-limits on coverage for specified perils; general, auto, professional, employment practices, and law enforcement liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence. The pools also provide \$1,000,000 in Cyber Event Coverage per loss occurrence. The County has the option to purchase higher liability and cyber limits. Auto physical damage for owned autos at actual cash value; crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence; and workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits are provided by the pools.

All property coverage and some liability coverage are subject to per occurrence deductibles, as selected by the County. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and audited financial statements are available to the County upon request.

The pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$750,000, up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage and limits above the \$2,000,000 are provided by private reinsurers. For Cyber, the pool retains the first \$250,000 per loss occurrence. Single occurrence losses in excess of \$750,000 for workers' compensation are provided by a combination of the captive and a private reinsurer.

Through the captive, the Liability and Property Pool is reinsured for \$2,500,000 of annual aggregate losses in excess of \$500,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, with additional limits of \$997,500,000 purchased through a group of commercial reinsurers through the multi-state public entity captive.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through commercial crime coverage with a \$250,000 occurrence limit. The Finance Director is bonded for \$1,000,000, and the Tax Administrator, and Deputy Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$250,000 each. The Sheriff and the Register of Deeds are individually bonded for \$25,000 and \$50,000, respectively.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## **Note 8.**

### **Accounts Payable**

Accounts payable at the government-wide level at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	<b>Vendors</b>	<b>Salaries and Benefits</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
Governmental Activities:				
General	\$ 1,883,196	\$ 1,853,945	\$ -	\$ 3,737,141
Other Governmental	657,121	429,996	-	1,087,117
Internal Service	324,448	3,984	1,160,473	1,488,905
Total-governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,864,765</u>	<u>\$ 2,287,925</u>	<u>\$ 1,160,473</u>	<u>\$ 6,313,163</u>
Business-type Activities				
Wastewater Treatment	\$ 1,146,840	\$ 54,082	\$ -	\$ 1,200,922
Public Utilities	1,882,803	133,995	-	2,016,798
East Moore Water District	204,426	-	-	204,426
Total - business-type activities	<u>\$ 3,234,069</u>	<u>\$ 188,077</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,422,146</u>

**Note 9.**  
**Long-term Liabilities**

**County of Moore**

**A. Leases**

The County has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

On 10/18/2022, Moore County, NC entered into a 60 month-lease as Lessee for the use of DSS Pitney Bowes Copy. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$16,630. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$11,027. Moore County, NC is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$898. The lease has an interest rate of 3.3050%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$16,630 with accumulated amortization of \$5,663.

On 07/01/2021, Moore County, NC entered into a 38 month-lease as Lessee for the use of GE Ultrasound. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$9,485, but was adjusted to \$18,850. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$821. Moore County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$663. The lease has an interest rate of 0.7268%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$18,946 with accumulated amortization of \$17,715.

On 07/01/2021, Moore County, NC entered into a 276 month-lease as Lessee for the use of Town of Southern Pines Fire Station. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$521,954. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$448,437. Moore County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$32,304. The lease has an interest rate of 2.4395%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$521,956 with accumulated amortization of \$68,081.

On 07/01/2021, Moore County, NC entered into a 278 month-lease as Lessee for the use of American Towers LLC. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$739,091. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$696,436. Moore County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,472. The lease has an interest rate of 2.4400%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$739,091 with accumulated amortization of \$95,606. Moore County has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On 10/19/2021, Moore County, NC entered into a 60 month-lease as Lessee for the use of Pitney Bowes - Financial Service. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$46,898. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$21,407. Moore County is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$2,417. The lease has an interest rate of 1.2798%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$46,898 with accumulated amortization of \$25,325.

On 07/01/2023, Moore County, NC entered into a 60 month- lease as Lessee for the use of FY23/24 Pitney Bowes Health Contract 2023-270. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$26,560. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$21,532. Moore County is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$1,425. The lease has an interest rate of 2.7360%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$26,560 with accumulated amortization of \$5,312.

On 07/01/2023, Moore County, NC entered into a 240 month-lease as Lessee for the use of FY23/24 Cypress Pointe Fire & Rescue EMS Contract 2024-436. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$396,670. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$369,312, and the value of the short-term lease liability is \$13,771. Moore County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$27,358. The lease has an interest rate of 3.6790%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$396,670 with accumulated amortization of \$19,833.

Year Ending June 30	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 70,158	\$ 42,430	\$ 112,588
2026	72,146	40,614	112,760
2027	67,788	38,746	106,534
2028	65,562	36,916	102,478
2029	61,802	35,163	96,965
2030-2034	353,933	148,367	502,300
2035-2039	440,150	94,641	534,791
2040-2044	422,856	32,723	455,579
2045	14,577	59	14,636
Total	<u>\$ 1,568,972</u>	<u>\$ 469,659</u>	<u>\$ 2,038,631</u>

## B. Subscriptions Payable

For the year ended 6/30/2024, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

On 07/01/2022, Moore County, NC entered into a 27-month subscription for the use of FY 22/23 LexisNexis Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,899. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$1,011, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$1,011. Moore County, NC is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$328. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0240%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$8,899 with accumulated amortization of \$7,910.

On 07/01/2022, Moore County, NC entered into a 27-month subscription for the use of FY 22/23 Amicus Attorney Contract 22001. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$14,431. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$4,834, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$4,834. Moore County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$4,932. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0240%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$14,431 with accumulated amortization of \$12,828.

On 03/18/2023, Moore County, NC entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of FY 22/23 ClearPoint Strategy Software Admin Contract 2023-173. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$29,231. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$9,741, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$9,741. Moore County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$10,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.6560%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$36,731 with accumulated amortization of \$15,747.

On 06/06/2023, Moore County, NC entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of FY 22/23 VUEWorks/Data Transfer Solutions Public Utilities (all) Contract 2023-335. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$196,924. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$67,407, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$67,407. Moore County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$49,500. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.3630%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$196,924 with accumulated amortization of \$70,200.

On 07/01/2022, Moore County, NC entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of FY 22/23 Munis Tyler IT Contract 19050. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$754,272. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$263,835, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$263,834. Moore County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$240,729. The subscription has an interest rate of 0.5950%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$754,272 with accumulated amortization of \$502,848.

On 07/01/2023, Moore County, NC entered into a 24-month subscription for the use of FY 23/24 Fifth Asset Inc Finance Contract 2023-326. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$34,414. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$19,414, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$19,414. Moore County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$15,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.0180%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$34,414 with accumulated amortization of \$17,207.

On 03/31/2024, Moore County, NC entered into a 15-month subscription for the use of FY 23/24 Locality Media Inc dba First Due EMS Contract 2024-218. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$7,867. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$0, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$0. Moore County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$7,920. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.7150%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$62,367 with accumulated amortization of \$13,481.

On 06/20/2024, Moore County, NC entered into a 15-month subscription for the use of Paloalto IT. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$419. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$0, and the value of the short-term subscription liability is \$0. Moore County, NC is required to make annual fixed payments of \$419. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.3050%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$6,283 with accumulated amortization of \$150.

Year Ending June 30	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	298,833	2,516	67,408	1,593	366,241	4,109
Total	\$ 298,833	\$ 2,516	\$ 67,408	\$ 1,593	\$ 366,241	\$ 4,109

### C. General Obligation Bonds

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's General Fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. In November 2007, the citizens of the County of Moore approved by referendum the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$69.5 million for Moore County Schools and Sandhills Community College's facility expansion, renovation and other capital improvements. In spring 2008, \$40 million of these bonds was issued and the remaining \$29.5 million was issued in spring 2009. The East Moore Water District has issued general obligation bonds of \$13,218,000 in the course of three phases and the North West Moore Water District have authorized but unissued general obligation bonds of \$16,000,000 to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major water system capital improvements. These bonds will be recorded in the East Moore Water District Fund and North West Moore Water District Fund, respectively, and collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Districts. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

The County issued \$14,050,000 of general obligation bonds for a current refunding of \$14,000,000 of general obligation bonds of the Public Improvement, Series 1998. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$50,000. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt's life, which is the same as the refunded debt. The transaction also resulted in an economic gain of \$1,221 and a reduction of \$1,549,435 in future debt service payments.

On June 21, 2016, the County did an advanced refunding and defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. This was a partial advance refunding, \$27,460,000 of the County's 2008 Public Improvement Bonds maturing June 1, 2019 through 2028 and \$19,365,000 Series 2009A Public Improvement Bonds maturing June 1, 2020 through 2029. The amount of the premium was \$8,357,700 with a total savings of \$5,558,449 on debt service payments and resulted in an economic gain of \$4,903,285. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$3,647,350. This amount is being amortized over the life of the new debt issue which is one year longer than the life of the refunded debt. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. On June 30, 2016, \$46,825,000 of bonds outstanding is considered defeased.



On May 8, 2018, the citizens of the County of Moore approved by referendum the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$103 million for Moore County Schools for acquiring and constructing new elementary schools and improving, expanding and renovating other public school facilities and in the amount of \$20 million for Sandhills Community College for acquiring, constructing, improving, expanding, renovating and equipping community college facilities, including Nursing Education Facilities. On September 11, 2018, \$31 million of these bonds, General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2018, were issued for the new Aberdeen Elementary School and on March 28, 2019, \$34 million of General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2019A were issued for the new Southern Pines Elementary School and the remaining \$38 million of General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2019B were issued on September 24, 2019 for the Pinehurst Elementary School. On February 17, 2021, the County issued the \$20 million general obligation bonds for Sandhills Community College to build a Nursing & Health Sciences facility.

Currently the County has outstanding general obligation bonds it has issued for school and community college improvements. All general obligation bonds issued by the County are secured by the faith and credit and taxing power of the County. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due. If the County fails to pay any principal or interest on its general obligation bonds that has become due and payable in accordance with its terms, the County is obligated to pay the amount that has become due and payable. The County's general obligation bonds do not include provisions for the acceleration of the remaining principal or interest payments that has not yet become due.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2024, are comprised of the following individual issues:

#### General Obligation Bonds

Serviced by the General Fund:

\$42,380,000 – Series 2016 Refunding Public Improvement bonds due in annual principal installments of \$2,180,000 to \$4,640,000 through June 1, 2029, plus interest at 2.0% to 5.0%	\$ 19,920,000
\$31,000,000 – G.O. School Bonds, Series 2018 due in annual principal installments of \$1,550,000 through December 1, 2038, plus interest at 3.125% to 5.0%	23,250,000
\$34,000,000 – G.O. School Bonds, Series 2019A due in annual principal installments of \$1,700,000 through January 15, 2039, plus interest at 2.875% to 5.0%	25,500,000
\$38,000,000 – G.O. School Bonds, Series 2019B due in annual principal installments of \$1,900,000 through July 15, 2039, plus interest at 2.0% to 5.0%	30,400,000
\$20,000,000 – G.O. Community College Bonds, Series 2021 due in annual principal installments of \$1,000,000 through January 15, 2041, plus interest at 1.0% to 4.0%	<u>17,000,000</u>
Total General Obligation Bonds serviced by the General Fund	\$ <u>116,070,000</u>

Serviced by the East Moore Water District Enterprise Fund:

\$8,750,000 – Series 2016 G.O. Refunding Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$165,000 to \$420,000 through June 1, 2046, plus interest at 2.0% to 5.0%	\$ 7,115,000
\$2,725,000 – Series 2021 G.O. Refunding Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$60,000 to \$135,000 through June 1, 2049, plus interest at 2.0% to 5.0%	<u>2,545,000</u>
Total General Obligation Bonds serviced by the EMWD Enterprise Fund	\$ <u>9,660,000</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 10,550,000	\$ 4,361,562	\$ 280,000	\$ 367,100	\$ 10,830,000	\$ 4,728,662
2026	10,560,000	3,844,063	295,000	353,100	10,855,000	4,197,163
2027	10,570,000	3,326,063	310,000	338,350	10,880,000	3,664,413
2028	10,580,000	2,807,563	330,000	322,850	10,910,000	3,130,413
2029	8,410,000	2,288,563	335,000	308,900	8,745,000	2,597,463
2030-2034	30,750,000	7,054,063	1,925,000	1,320,400	32,675,000	8,374,463
2035-2039	30,750,000	2,701,218	2,300,000	924,313	33,050,000	3,625,531
2040-2044	3,900,000	82,561	2,520,000	478,250	6,420,000	560,811
2045-2049	-	-	1,365,000	83,963	1,365,000	83,963
Total	\$ 116,070,000	\$ 26,465,656	\$ 9,660,000	\$ 4,497,226	\$ 125,730,000	\$ 30,962,882

#### D. Limited Obligation Bonds

On October 7, 2010, Moore County issued \$38,420,000 Limited Obligation Bonds, Series 2010. \$29,830,000 of the proceeds will be used to acquire, construct and equip a new County Public Safety Complex and Detention Center and \$8,590,000 will help finance certain utility improvements for the County.

On November 17, 2016, the County did an advance refunding and partially defeased certain limited obligation bonds, Limited Obligation Bonds, Series 2010, by placing the proceeds of the new bond, Limited Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2016, in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. On November 17, 2016, \$18,130,000 of bonds outstanding is considered defeased. The County benefited a total savings of \$1,511,805 on debt service payments.

On December 15th, 2016, the East Moore Water District (EMWD) issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$8,750,000 for the USDA Bonds being refinanced. The County then issued Limited Obligation Bonds, Series 2016 to purchase these bonds. When debt service is due, EMWD will remit the debt service payments to the County, who will then remit it to the bondholders. On December 15th, 2016, the County paid off the USDA G.O. Water Bonds, Series 2003, USDA G.O. Water Bonds, Series 2008A and USDA G.O. Water Bonds, Series 2008B in the amount of \$8,595,500. The County benefited a total savings of \$373,798 on debt service payments.

On June 17<sup>th</sup>, 2021, the County issued \$45,665,000 of the Limited Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 (2021 Bonds) for the purpose of providing funds to pay the costs related to the acquisition, construction and equipping of a new County courthouse, County office and parking and other support facilities. EMWD issued its General Obligation Bonds, Series, 2021 (EMWD Refunding Bond) for the amount of \$2,725,000 to pay off the 2011 USDA G.O. Water Bonds (EMWD). The County then purchased the EMWD Refunding Bond with the proceeds of the 2021 Bonds. The total amount of \$10,375,000 of the Limited Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 was to refinance certain State Revolving Fund (SRF) loans from the State of North Carolina by paying off the 2013 SRF Loan and 2014 SRF Loan. The County and EMWD benefited a total savings of \$1,358,937 on debt service payments.

The EMWD is a blended component unit of the County. On the fund statements, the amounts owed to the County to make the payments for the LOBs are classified as "Due to Public Utilities (County)" in the EMWD Fund, and as "Due from EMWD" in the Public Utilities Fund. On the government-wide statements, these amounts are eliminated. Therefore when government-wide statements' debt totals are compared to the total debt in the notes, the amount will differ by the amount eliminated for this LOB debt. \$9,660,000 is recorded as Due from EMWD Fund and is eliminated in government-wide statements.

The County is authorized under N.C.G.S. 160A-20 to incur debt secured by all or some part of the property acquired or improved in the financing. The payment of such debt is subject to the appropriation of funds to make the debt service payment by the County Board. In the event of the non-payment of the debt or other event specified in the financing documents as an event of default, the lender is entitled to accelerate the debt and foreclose on the collateral pledged as security. In the event the amount realized on the collateral is not sufficient to pay the entire debt, no deficiency judgment may be rendered against the County for the balance and the lender is not entitled to further remedy. The taxing power of the County is not pledged

directly or indirectly to secure these obligations (nor does any general assets or funds of the County secure these obligations).

Serviced by the General Fund:

\$14,481,000 – 2016 Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$224,000 to \$1,664,000 through June 1, 2031, plus interest at 2.05% \$ 6,989,000

\$45,665,000 – 2021 Limited Obligation Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$2,280,000 to \$2,285,000 through June 1, 2041, plus interest at 2.0% to 5% 38,810,000

Total Limited Obligation Bonds serviced by the General Fund \$ 45,799,000

Serviced by the Water Pollution Control Plant Fund :

\$9,795,000 – 2021 Limited Obligation Bonds (2013 SRF) due in annual principal installments of \$740,000 to \$915,000 through June 1, 2033, plus interest at 4.0% to 5.0% \$ 7,560,000

Total Limited Obligation Bonds serviced by Water Pollution Control Plant Fund \$ 7,560,000

Serviced by the Public Utilities Enterprise Fund:

\$6,448,000 – 2016 Limited Obligation Refunding Bonds due in annual principal installments of \$88,000 to \$606,000 through June 1, 2031, plus interest at 2.05% \$ 3,986,000

\$8,750,000 – 2016 Limited Obligation Bonds (EMWD) due in annual principal installments of \$165,000 to \$420,000 through June 1, 2046, plus interest at 2.0% to 5.0% 7,115,000

\$ 580,000 – 2021 Limited Obligation Bonds (2014 SRF) due in annual principal installments of \$40,000 to \$50,000 through June 1, 2034, plus interest at 4.0% to 5.0% 460,000

\$2,725,000 – 2021 Limited Obligation Bonds (2011 USDA) due in annual principal installments of \$60,000 to \$135,000 through June 1, 2049, plus interest at 2.0% to 5.0% 2,545,000

Total Limited Obligation Bonds serviced by the Public Utilities Enterprise Fund \$ 14,106,000

Year Ending June 30	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 3,796,000	\$ 1,604,325	\$ 1,624,000	\$ 830,163	\$ 5,420,000	\$ 2,434,488
2026	3,774,000	1,459,247	1,666,000	764,716	5,440,000	2,223,963
2027	3,748,000	1,314,472	1,714,000	697,523	5,462,000	2,011,995
2028	2,946,000	1,170,378	1,761,000	628,314	4,707,000	1,798,692
2029	2,922,000	1,042,578	1,796,000	559,511	4,718,000	1,602,089
2030-2034	12,633,000	3,415,996	6,920,000	1,773,821	19,553,000	5,189,817
2035-2039	11,420,000	1,460,400	2,300,000	924,313	13,720,000	2,384,713
2040-2044	4,560,000	159,600	2,520,000	478,250	7,080,000	637,850
2045-2049	-	-	1,365,000	83,963	1,365,000	83,963
Total	<u>\$ 45,799,000</u>	<u>\$ 11,626,996</u>	<u>\$ 21,666,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,740,574</u>	<u>\$ 67,465,000</u>	<u>\$ 18,367,570</u>

## E. State Revolving Loans

The County was approved for American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 loan assistance from the Clean Water State Revolving Fund in the amount of \$3,000,000. The funds will assist in the Replacement of Pinehurst Lake Lift Station Project. As part of the American Recovery and Investment Act of 2009 (ARRA), the unpaid principal sum is immediately reduced by one half of the loan amount as "Principal Forgiveness". The loan is payable to the State of North Carolina, due in annual installments of \$72,913, repaid in not more than 20 annual installments. Interest will accrue at the rate of 0 percent per annum on the unpaid principal sum from the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund.

Serviced by the Public Utilities Enterprise Fund:

\$ 437,475

Year Ending	Business-Type Activities	
	June 30	Principal      Interest
2025	\$ 72,913	\$ -
2026	72,913	-
2027	72,913	-
2028	72,913	-
2029	72,913	-
2030-2034	72,910	-
Total	<u>\$ 437,475</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The County of Moore was approved for a loan amount up to \$1,323,050 from the State Emergency Revolving Fund. The funds will be utilized for the Interceptor Sewer Rehabilitation (NC 211 & US 15-501). The loan is payable to the Department of Environmental Quality – Division of Water Quality. Interest will accrue at the rate of 0 percent per annum. All payments will be made annually, for a period of 20 years.

Serviced by the Water Pollution Control Plant Fund :

\$ 544,555

Year Ending	Business-Type Activities	
	June 30	Principal      Interest
2025	\$ 54,455	\$ -
2026	54,455	-
2027	54,455	-
2028	54,455	-
2029	54,455	-
2030-2034	272,280	-
Total	<u>\$ 544,555</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

## F. Installment Purchase

As authorized by State law [G.S.160A-20 and 153A-158.1], the County financed various property acquisitions in a direct placement for use by Moore County Board of Education during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 by installment purchase. The installment purchase was issued pursuant to a deed of trust that requires that legal title to the property financed remain with the County as long as the debt is outstanding because the property is pledged as collateral for the debt. The County has entered into a lease with Moore County Board of Education that transfers the rights and responsibilities for maintenance and insurance of the property to the Board of Education. The lease calls for nominal annual lease payments and also contains a bargain purchase option. The lease term is the same as that of the installment purchase obligation. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital assets associated with the installment purchase obligation are recorded by the Board of Education.

The County is authorized under N.C.G.S. 160A-20 to incur debt secured by all or some part of the property acquired or improved in the financing. The payment of such debt is subject to the appropriation of funds to make the debt service payment by the County Board. In the event of the non-payment of the debt or other event specified in the financing documents as an event of default, the lender is entitled to accelerate the debt and foreclose on the collateral pledged as security. In the event the amount realized on the collateral is not sufficient to pay the entire debt, no deficiency judgment may be rendered against the County for the balance and the lender is not entitled to further remedy. The taxing power of the County is not pledged directly or indirectly to secure these obligations (nor does any general assets or funds of the County secure these obligations).

Serviced by the General Fund:

\$31,000,000 – 2018 note payable to First Bank due in annual principal installments of \$1,550,000 through October 1, 2037, plus interest of 2.95%; collateralized by a deed of trust on New Area I K-5 Elementary School	\$ 21,700,000
\$15,812,000 – 2019 note payable to Sterling National Bank due in annual principal installments of \$791,000 through January 15, 2039, plus interest of 3.04%; collateralized by a deed of trust on North Moore High School	11,858,000
\$ 244,000 – 2020 note payable to First Bank due in annual principal installments of \$48,800 through September 23, 2025, plus interest of 1.95%; collateralized by a deed of trust on a dozer	97,600
\$ 114,655 – 2020 note payable to U.S. Bank due in annual principal installments of \$24,337.02 through April 21, 2025, plus interest of 1.99%; collateralized by a deed of trust on the stretchers	<u>23,856</u>
Total installment purchase serviced by the General Fund	<u>\$ 33,679,456</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for installment purchase are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Governmental Activities	
	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 2,413,656	\$ 764,345
2026	2,389,800	710,177
2027	2,341,000	656,490
2028	2,341,000	603,769
2029	2,341,000	551,048
2030-2034	11,703,000	1,964,447
2035-2039	10,150,000	646,990
Total	<u>\$ 33,679,456</u>	<u>\$ 5,897,266</u>

## G. Revenue Bond

On September 22, 2020, Truist Bank provided interim financing in the amount of \$1,395,000 to East Moore Water District (District) for the financing of a Phase 4 water extension project within their system. The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) has obligated a loan in the amount of \$1,395,000 to EMWD to pay the capital cost associated with the above-mentioned improvements. The USDA purchased the District's permanent Water Revenue Bond once the construction was completed and closed on November 2, 2021. The principal and interest on the bond are payable from the net revenues of East Moore Water District.

The revenue bonds do not constitute a legal or equitable pledge, charge, lien, or encumbrance upon any of the County's property or upon its income, receipts, or revenues. The taxing power of the County is not pledged for the payment of the principal or interest on the revenue bonds and no owner has the right to compel the exercise of the taxing power of the County or the forfeiture of any of its property in connection with any default under the bond order.

Serviced by the East Moore Water District Enterprise Fund:

\$1,395,000 – EMWD USDA Revenue Bond due in annual payments of \$24,000 - \$47,000,  
through June 1, 2061, including interest of 1.75% \$ 1,321,000

Year Ending June 30	Business-Type Activities	
	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 26,000	\$ 23,118
2026	26,000	22,663
2027	27,000	22,207
2028	27,000	21,735
2029	28,000	21,263
2030-2034	146,000	98,840
2035-2039	159,000	85,610
2040-2044	173,000	71,243
2045-2049	188,000	55,580
2050-2054	206,000	38,517
2055-2059	222,000	19,862
2060-2064	93,000	2,432
Total	<u>\$ 1,321,000</u>	<u>\$ 483,070</u>

On December 15, 2022, Truist Bank provided interim financing in the amount of \$4,657,000 to Moore County Public Utilities Fund for the financing of Contracts I, II and IV of the Vass Phase II Sewer System Improvements Project. On May 23, 2023, First Bank provided interim financing in the amount of \$756,000 to Moore County Public Utilities Fund for the financing of Contract III of the Vass Phase II Sewer System Improvements Project. The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) has obligated two loans in the amount of \$4,657,000 and \$756,000 to pay the capital cost associated with the above-mentioned improvements. The USDA purchased the County's permanent Water Revenue Bonds after construction of the project was substantially complete and closed on June 10, 2024. The principal and interest on the bond are payable from the net revenues of Public Utilities Enterprise Fund.

Serviced by the Public Utilities Enterprise Fund:

\$3,430,000 – USDA Revenue Bond (Loan 4) due in annual payments of \$126,090 - \$128,678,  
through June 1, 2064, plus interest at 2.125% \$ 3,430,000

\$1,227,000 – USDA Revenue Bond (Loan 6) due in annual payments of \$43,934 - \$45,900,  
through June 1, 2064, plus interest at 2.000% 1,227,000

\$ 756,000 – USDA Revenue Bond (Loan 8) due in annual payments of \$27,669 - \$30,638,  
through June 1, 2064, plus interest at 2.125% 756,000

\$ 5,413,000

Year Ending June 30	Business-Type Activities	
	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 87,000	\$ 110,694
2026	89,000	111,669
2027	92,000	109,804
2028	94,000	107,875
2029	95,000	105,906
2030-2034	507,000	498,752
2035-2039	563,000	443,304
2040-2044	624,000	381,793
2045-2049	694,000	313,527
2050-2054	767,000	237,774
2055-2059	853,000	153,796
2060-2064	948,000	60,637
Total	<u>\$ 5,413,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,635,531</u>

## H. Vendor Financing

The County entered into a contract with Election System & Software, LLC on August 15th, 2023 to purchase the new DS200 Poll Place Scanner and Tabulator and Express Vote Universal Voting System. The term of the contract was from August 1, 2023 through July 31, 2024. The amount was not to exceed \$309,610 with a payment of \$154,805 invoiced upon Contract Execution and the final payment of \$154,805 was due on or before July 15, 2024. The second payment will be made in July 2024 without accruing any interest charges.

Serviced by the General Fund:

\$ 154,805

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## I. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024.

By Type	Balances June 30, 2023	Additions	Retirements	Balances June 30, 2024	Current Portion
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					
General obligation bonds	\$ 126,740,000	\$ -	\$ 10,670,000	\$ 116,070,000	\$ 10,550,000
Limited obligation bonds	49,634,000	-	3,835,000	45,799,000	3,796,000
Direct placement installment purchases	36,140,228	-	2,460,772	33,679,456	2,413,656
Vendor debt issued	-	154,805	-	154,805	154,805
Leases	1,237,327	423,230	91,585	1,568,972	70,158
Subscription liability	588,369	42,701	332,236	298,834	298,834
Arbitrage rebate liability	295,250	1,093,841	-	1,389,091	-
Accrued vacation benefits	3,441,627	2,928,475	2,545,236	3,824,866	2,000,000
Accrued compensation benefits	46,341	16,374	-	62,715	-
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure care costs	8,543,692	616,361	-	9,160,053	112,450
Unamortized premium	21,235,055	-	1,679,485	19,555,570	1,679,484
Net pension liability (LGERS)	23,709,478	5,190,272	-	28,899,750	-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	3,918,836	625,836	-	4,544,672	-
Total OPEB liability	36,078,753	-	7,321,894	28,756,859	910,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 311,608,956	\$ 11,091,895	\$ 28,936,208	\$ 293,764,643	\$ 21,985,387
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>					
Water Pollution Control Plant Fund					
Accrued vacation benefits	\$ 96,536	\$ 72,816	\$ 47,654	\$ 121,698	\$ 45,000
Limited obligation bonds	8,310,000	-	750,000	7,560,000	770,000
Subscription liability	49,151	-	26,677	22,474	22,474
Unamortized premium	1,938,111	-	195,435	1,742,676	195,435
Revolving loan	599,010	-	54,455	544,555	54,455
Net pension liability (LGERS)	781,631	171,108	-	952,739	-
Total OPEB liability	1,189,409	-	241,381	948,028	30,000
Total Water Pollution Control	12,963,848	243,924	1,315,602	11,892,170	1,117,364
Public Utilities Fund					
Limited obligation bonds	14,932,000	-	826,000	14,106,000	854,000
Revolving loan	510,388	-	72,913	437,475	72,913
Bond anticipation notes	5,413,000	-	5,413,000	-	-
Revenue bond	-	5,413,000	-	5,413,000	87,000
Subscription liability	98,273	-	53,339	44,934	44,934
Accrued vacation benefits	165,958	142,053	112,618	195,393	110,000
Accrued compensation benefits	28	61	-	89	-
Unamortized premium	602,186	-	30,691	571,495	30,691
Net pension liability (LGERS)	1,563,262	342,216	-	1,905,478	-
Total OPEB liability	2,378,819	-	482,762	1,896,057	60,000
Total Public Utilities	25,663,914	5,897,330	6,991,323	24,569,921	1,259,538
East Moore Water District Fund					
Revenue bond	1,346,000	-	25,000	1,321,000	26,000
General obligation bonds	9,925,000	-	265,000	9,660,000	280,000
Total EMWD	11,271,000	-	290,000	10,981,000	306,000
Total business-type activities	\$ 49,898,762	\$ 6,141,254	\$ 8,596,925	\$ 47,443,091	\$ 2,682,902
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 361,507,718	\$ 17,233,149	\$ 37,533,133	\$ 341,207,734	\$ 24,668,289

To assist in the reconciliation of the Total Government-wide debt to the above note, we offer the following reconciliation:

	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business-Type</u>
Debt per Government-wide Statements	\$293,764,643	\$37,783,091
Reconciling Item:		
2016 and 2021 LOBs (Intergovernmental Receivable)	-	9,660,000
Reconciled Balance	\$293,764,643	\$47,443,091

Governmental accrued vacation benefits, OPEB and the net pension liability and total pension liability typically have been liquidated in the General Fund.

At June 30, 2024, the County had a legal debt margin of \$1,560,727,832.



## CVB

CVB had long-term debt as of June 30, 2024 of \$824,607, which included \$35,305 for accrued vacation benefits, \$387,202 for other postemployment benefits and \$257,042 for net pension liability, and \$145,058 for lease payable.

## ABC Board

The ABC Board had long-term debt as of June 30, 2024 of \$652,729, which included \$283,095 of other postemployment benefits and net pension liability of \$369,634.

## Airport Authority

The Airport Authority had long-term debt as of June 30, 2024 of \$5,206,341, which included \$51,885 of accrued vacation benefits, \$7,372 of other postemployment benefits and \$316,650 net pension liability, and \$4,830,434 in installment notes payable.

## J. Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2024, are computed as follows:

	Government Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 115,044,489	\$ 74,668,529	\$ 189,713,018
Less: capital debt			
Gross debt	222,246,847	43,771,460	266,018,307
Less:			
School debt related to assets to which the County does not hold title	(164,983,081)	-	(164,983,081)
Public Utilities debt not related to capital assets in the Public Utilities fund	-	(10,124,268)	(10,124,268)
Unamortized bond refunding charges	(862,666)	(392,105)	(1,254,771)
Unexpended debt proceeds non school debt	(14,157,955)	-	(14,157,955)
Net capital debt	\$ 42,243,145	\$ 33,255,087	\$ 75,498,232
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 72,801,344	\$ 41,413,442	\$ 114,214,786

The unamortized bond refund charges that are not related to the capital assets, are not included in the calculation for the net investment in capital assets as of June 30<sup>th</sup>, 2024.

## K. Closure and Postclosure Care Costs- Moore County Landfill Facility

The County currently owns and operates the Moore County Landfill, located off Highway 5 in the southwestern part of the County between the towns of Pinehurst and Aberdeen, North Carolina. The facility began accepting solid waste in 1968. The County stopped disposing of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) at the facility in 1993, and a transfer station was constructed at the site for MSW disposal. The County now manages Construction and Demolition debris (C&D) and yard waste streams generated within the County at the Landfill.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its Moore County C&D Landfill Facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$9,160,053 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2024 represents a cumulative amount reported to-date based on the use of 100 percent and 65.02% percent of the total estimated capacity of the MSW landfill and C&D landfill, respectively. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$3,325,679 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled for the C&D landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care. The C&D landfill was constructed in phases. Moore County is currently working within Cell 6, which was commissioned in September 2022, following a substantial permit amendment. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test that is one option under State and federal laws and regulations that help determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and postclosure care requirements.

**Note 10.**  
**InterFund Balances and Activity**

The composition of interfund balances and Activities as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

a. Due to/from other Funds:

Public Utilities      EMWD      County issued the Limited Obligation Bonds to purchase the refunding bonds from EMWD to pay off the USDA Bonds. EMWD will remit the debt service payments to the County, who will then remit it to the bondholders.      \$ 9,660,000

b. Transfers between funds as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out							
	Major							Total
	Major General	Major School/College	New Courthouse Building Project	Major CSLFRF	Major Public Utilities	Major EMWD	Nonmajor Governmental	
	Fund	Bond Fund	Fund	Grant Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	
Major General Fund	\$ -	\$ 150,000	\$ 919,188	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,334,608	\$ 5,403,796
Major Capital Reserve for Governmental Projects	4,871,374	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,871,374
Major EMWD Fund	-	-	-	1,028,430	494,339	-	-	1,522,769
Major Public Utilities Fund	-	-	-	7,308,874	-	157,249	-	7,466,123
Nonmajor Internal Service Fund	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,157,618	-	-	-	-	-	500,000	2,657,618
	\$ 8,028,992	\$ 150,000	\$ 919,188	\$ 8,337,304	\$ 494,339	\$ 157,249	\$ 4,834,608	\$ 22,921,680

Transfers out of the Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (major governmental fund) to the Major EMWD Fund and the Major Public Utilities Fund were to pay for the water and sewer capital project costs. Transfers out from the Major East Moore Water District Fund to the Major Public Utilities Fund were for the system development fees collected on behalf of Public Utilities Fund. Transfers out of the Major Public Utilities Fund to the Major EMWD Fund were to pay for a portion of the Thurlow Booster Pump Station project costs. Transfers out of the General Fund were to pay for future public safety capital expenditures in the Pandemic Recovery Capital Project Fund. Transfers out from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve for Governmental Projects (major governmental fund) were for future capital needs. Transfers out from General Fund to several capital project funds: New Courthouse Building Project (major governmental fund), Solid Waste Improvement Project and Parks & Recreation Project Fund (nonmajor governmental funds) will fund the architect, design, construction and future debt payments of these projects. Transfers out from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve for Capital Project for SCC (nonmajor governmental fund) were for future capital needs. Transfers out from the General Fund to the Self Insurance Fund (nonmajor internal service fund) were for future medical claims. Transfers out from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve for Capital Project for MCS (nonmajor governmental fund), collected from the Article 46 sales tax, were to fund future Moore County Public School System's capital construction projects. Transfers from the Emergency Medical Services Fund (nonmajor governmental fund) to the Moore County Fire District Fund (nonmajor governmental fund) were to fund the fire/rescue squad payments. Transfers out from the Grants fund (nonmajor governmental fund) were to provide operating funds from the Health Department's federal grants for the salaries and fringe benefits of the Health Department' staff paid in the General Fund. Transfers out from the Capital Reserve for Debt Services/Capital Projects for SCC and from the Capital Reserve for Debt Services/Capital Projects for MCS (nonmajor governmental funds) to the General Fund were for the debt payments. Transfers out from the School/College Bond Fund and the New Courthouse Building Project (both major governmental funds) to the General Fund were to fund for the related debt payments.

**Note 11.**  
**Fund Balance**

The County does not have a formal revenue spending policy that provides policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. However, the Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-county funds, county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

<b>Total fund balance-General Fund</b>	<b>\$73,707,734</b>
<b>Less:</b>	
Inventories & Leases	106,392
Long-term receivables	200,000
Stabilization by State Statute	18,806,827
Environmental Protection	1,647,711
Register of Deeds	520,140
Human Services	538,686
Building Inspection	2,295,146
Tax Revaluation	508,448
Debt services	5,946,375
Working Capital/ Fund Balance Policy	<u>30,270,322</u>
Remaining Fund Balance	<b>\$ 12,867,687</b>

The County has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 17% of the General Fund's Total Annual Operating Expenditures of the County. Any portion of the General Fund balance in excess of 17% of the General Fund's Total Annual Operating Expenditures of the County may be appropriated to be transferred to a Capital Reserve Fund for future use except as provided for in the last adopted Resolution for Sandhills Community College.

The County Board may, from time-to-time, utilize fund balances that will reduce available fund balances below the 17.0% policy for the purposes of a declared fiscal emergency or other such global purpose as to protect the long-term fiscal security of the County. In such circumstances, after available fund balances have been calculated as part of closing-out a fiscal year, the Board will adopt a plan as part of the following year's budget process to restore the available fund balances to the policy level within 36 months from the date of the budget adoption. If restoration cannot be accomplished within such time period without severe hardship to the County, then the Board will establish a different but appropriate time period.

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

<b>Encumbrances</b>	<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Major Funds</b>	<b>Non-Major Funds</b>
	\$3,827,339	\$14,185,643	\$2,773,251

**Note 12.**  
**Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

The County has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source	Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$ 5,670,044
Pension, OPEB related deferrals	22,740,779
Benefit payments for the OPEB plan paid subsequent to measurement date	998,157
Benefit payments/administration costs paid subsequent to the measurement date (LEOSSA)	161,223
Charge on refunding	2,657,601
Total	<u>\$ 32,227,804</u>

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	Statement of Net Position
Prepaid taxes (General Fund)	\$ 72,884	\$ 72,884
Prepaid taxes (Special Revenue)	14,615	14,615
Leases	8,245	4,629,543
Prepaid fees	2,510	2,510
Taxes Receivable, less penalties (General Fund)	536,408	-
EMS Receivable	52,972	-
Taxes Receivable, less penalties (Special Revenue)	69,493	-
Opioid receivable	8,043,021	-
Changes in assumptions	-	12,760,584
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	9,591,330
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	277,060
	<u>\$ 8,800,148</u>	<u>\$ 27,348,526</u>

**Note 13.**  
**Joint Ventures**

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina, the Moore County Board of Education, and Hoke County provides financial assistance for the operation of Sandhills Community College. The County of Moore, the State of North Carolina and the Moore County Board of Education each appoint four members and Hoke County appoints one member to the thirteen members Board of Trustees of the Community College. The Community College is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the Community College and also provides some financial support for the Community College's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for facilities, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds to provide financing for new and restructured facilities. Of the general obligation bonds issued for this purpose, \$21,430,806 in debt is still outstanding. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the Community College because of the statutory responsibility to provide funding for the Community College's facilities. The County contributed \$5,217,256 to the Community College for operating purposes, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. In addition, the County made debt service payments of \$2,733,282 during the fiscal year on general obligation bonds issued for Community College capital facilities. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's

financial statements at June 30, 2024. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Community College's Administrative Offices at 3395 Airport Road, Pinehurst, NC 28374.

The County entered into two agreements with the Moore County Airport Authority (also a component unit) during the fiscal year. The first is a Management Agreement that defines the relationship between the County as the owner of the property and the Authority as manager of the fixed-based operations and the airport itself. The agreement also detailed the financial arrangement between the two entities and responsibilities for incurring debt. The County and the Airport Authority have a financial relationship in that there is an agreement for the County to provide financial services (accounts payable, purchase orders, payroll, etc.) on behalf of the Airport Authority. The Airport Authority pays the County \$23,350 annually for this service.

The County, along with seven municipalities (Aberdeen, Carthage, Pinebluff, Pinehurst, Robbins, Southern Pines and Whispering Pines), Moore County Schools and 2 non-incorporated communities adopted a Cooperative Purchasing Agreement to consolidate purchases resulting in lower costs of goods. A shared services website was also created and hosted by the Village of Pinehurst as a means of communications between the jurisdictions to share best practices and to coordinate purchasing efforts.

**Note 14.**  
**Jointly Governed Organization**

The County participates in the operations of the Sandhills Regional Library System (Library) with four other local governments. The Library is governed by a fifteen-member Board of Trustees. Each participating government appoints three Board members to the Board of Trustees. None of the participating governments have an equity interest in the Library, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2024. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$23,600 to the Library to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Library may be obtained from the Sandhills Regional Library System's offices at 412 East Franklin Street, Rockingham, NC 28379.

The County also participates in the Sandhills Center (Center) with eight other local governments. The Center is governed by a twenty-one member Area Board. A County Commissioner from each participating government sits on the Board. The remaining members are allocated based on a pro rata share agreed upon by joint resolution of all eleven counties. The County Commissioners in each county then appoint these remaining members that are allotted to their county. None of the participating governments have an equity interest in the Center, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements of June 30, 2024. The County appropriated \$106,762 to the Center to supplement its activities. The Department of Health and Human Services approved the consolidation between Trillium Health Resources ("Trillium") and Eastpointe Human Services ("Eastpointe"). This approval included the consolidation of Eastpointe with Sandhills Center, except for the counties of Davidson, Harnett and Rockingham. Effective February 1, 2024, Trillium assumed all rights and obligations under their existing contracts.

**Note 15.**  
**Error Correction and Accounting Changes**

***Change in Nonmajor Fund (Column A)***

In the current year, the County's Opioid Fund no longer meets the definition of a nonmajor fund. The effect of this change to or within the financial reporting entity is shown in column A of the table below.

***Correction of an Error in Previously Issued Financial Statements (Column B)***

Fund balance for the Opioid Fund and net position of the governmental activities were restated as of July 1, 2023 to correct the recording of opioid settlement revenue which was received within 90 days of fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The effect of the error correction increased fund balance of the Opioid by \$419,326 and increased the net position of the governmental activities by \$10,505,519.

	6/30/2023 As Previously Reported	Change in Nonmajor Funds (A)	Error Correction (B)	6/30/2023 As Restated
<b>Government-Wide</b>				
Governmental Activities	\$ (17,423,038)	\$ -	\$ 10,505,519	\$ (6,917,519)
Business-type Activities	58,106,269	-	-	\$ 58,106,269
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	<u>\$ 40,683,231</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10,505,519</u>	<u>\$ 51,188,750</u>
<b>Governmental Funds</b>				
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$ 66,250,534	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,250,534
School/College Bond Project				
Fund	17,405,303	-	-	17,405,303
Capital Reserve for				
Governmental Projects	33,931,749	-	-	33,931,749
New Courthouse Building				
Project Fund	28,705,869	-	-	28,705,869
Coronavirus State & Local				
Fiscal Recovery Fund	295,772	-	-	295,772
Opioid Fund	-	830,941	419,326	1,250,267
Nonmajor Funds	28,397,864	(830,941)	-	27,566,923
<b>Total Governmental Funds</b>	<u>\$ 174,987,091</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 419,326</u>	<u>\$ 175,406,417</u>

(Remainder of page left blank intentionally.)

**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Required Supplemental Financial Information**

- Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of County Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset for Register of Deeds Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of County Contributions to Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Notes to the Required Supplemental Financial Information

**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Required Supplemental Financial Information**  
**Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)**  
**Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System**  
 Last Ten Fiscal Years \*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %	0.479%	0.462%	0.475%	0.480%	0.469%	0.442%	0.437%	0.438%	0.454%	0.431%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	\$ 31,757,967	\$ 26,054,371	\$ 7,281,514	\$ 17,142,439	\$ 12,809,117	\$ 10,485,277	\$ 6,678,136	\$ 9,292,856	\$ 2,036,087	\$ (2,541,216)
County's covered payroll	\$ 39,621,666	\$ 34,387,852	\$ 33,559,039	\$ 32,574,252	\$ 30,689,815	\$ 27,488,977	\$ 26,444,529	\$ 26,309,938	\$ 25,487,956	\$ 24,707,658
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	80.15%	75.77%	21.70%	52.63%	41.74%	38.14%	25.25%	35.32%	7.99%	( 10.29%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.49%	84.14%	95.51%	88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.



**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Required Supplemental Financial Information**  
**Schedule of County Contributions**  
**Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System**  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,658,860	\$ 4,848,025	\$ 3,937,149	\$ 3,438,078	\$ 2,948,910	\$ 2,410,758	\$ 2,089,910	\$ 1,946,688	\$ 1,773,422	\$ 1,814,110
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	5,658,860	4,848,025	3,937,149	3,438,078	2,948,910	2,410,758	2,089,910	1,946,688	1,773,422	1,814,110
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
County's covered payroll	\$ 43,448,949	\$ 39,621,666	\$ 34,387,852	\$ 33,559,039	\$ 32,574,252	\$ 30,689,815	\$ 27,488,977	\$ 26,444,529	\$ 26,309,938	\$ 25,487,956
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.02%	12.24%	11.45%	10.24%	9.05%	7.86%	7.60%	7.36%	6.74%	7.12%

**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Required Supplemental Financial Information**  
**Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)**  
**Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund**  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %	1.370%	1.229%	1.444%	1.299%	1.136%	1.298%	0.694%	2.298%	1.300%	1.265%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) \$	\$ (164,645)	\$ (162,749)	\$ (277,478)	\$ (297,760)	\$ (224,230)	\$ (214,912)	\$ (118,527)	\$ (429,541)	\$ (301,701)	\$ (286,801)
County's covered payroll	\$ 128,266	\$ 107,374	\$ 100,864	\$ 100,553	\$ 98,887	\$ 97,800	\$ 97,158	\$ 96,027	\$ 91,333	\$ 89,607
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(128.36%)	(151.57%)	(275.10%)	(296.12%)	(226.75%)	(219.75%)	(121.99%)	(447.31%)	(330.33%)	(320.07%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	135.74%	139.04%	156.53%	173.62%	164.11%	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Required Supplemental Financial Information**  
**Schedule of County Contributions**  
**Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund**  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,184	\$ 11,969	\$ 14,092	\$ 17,333	\$ 12,440	\$ 10,795	\$ 11,104	\$ 6,032	\$ 18,769	\$ 10,396
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>11,184</u>	<u>11,969</u>	<u>14,092</u>	<u>17,333</u>	<u>12,440</u>	<u>10,795</u>	<u>11,104</u>	<u>6,032</u>	<u>18,769</u>	<u>10,396</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
County's covered payroll	\$ 115,329	\$ 128,266	\$ 107,375	\$ 100,864	\$ 100,553	\$ 98,887	\$ 97,800	\$ 97,158	\$ 96,027	\$ 91,333
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.70%	9.33%	13.12%	17.18%	12.37%	10.92%	11.35%	6.21%	19.55%	11.38%

**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Required Supplemental Financial Information**  
**Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability**  
**Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance**  
Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Beginning balance	\$ 3,918,836	\$ 4,314,923	\$ 4,170,829	\$ 2,985,579	\$ 2,882,447	\$ 2,996,389	\$ 2,779,545	\$ 2,908,252
Service Cost	178,857	202,348	211,551	130,217	112,241	125,388	97,432	99,453
Interest on the total pension liability	162,269	94,001	78,336	93,724	100,140	89,921	101,843	98,994
Change in benefit terms	-	253,541	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	480,249	14,579	194,621	186,463	69,070	77,096	142,583	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	112,262	(686,393)	(116,449)	996,092	84,367	(104,754)	157,242	(56,523)
Benefit payments	(307,801)	(274,163)	(223,965)	(221,246)	(262,686)	(301,593)	(282,256)	(270,631)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	<u>\$ 4,544,672</u>	<u>\$ 3,918,836</u>	<u>\$ 4,314,923</u>	<u>\$ 4,170,829</u>	<u>\$ 2,985,579</u>	<u>\$ 2,882,447</u>	<u>\$ 2,996,389</u>	<u>\$ 2,779,545</u>

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

This schedule will not present 10 years' worth of information until FY2026.

**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Required Supplemental Financial Information**  
**Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll**  
**Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance**  
Last Eight Fiscal Years

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 4,544,672	\$ 3,918,836	\$ 4,314,923	\$ 4,170,829	\$ 2,985,579	\$ 2,882,447	\$ 2,996,389	\$ 2,779,545
Covered payroll	5,556,835	4,948,706	4,808,533	4,622,598	4,385,629	4,335,460	3,843,488	3,666,321
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	81.79%	79.19%	89.73%	90.23%	68.08%	66.49%	77.96%	75.81%

Notes to the schedules:

The County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

This schedule will not present 10 years' worth of information until FY2026.

**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Required Supplemental Financial Information**  
**Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios**  
**Healthcare Benefits Plan**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024\***

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>							
Service cost	\$ 798,407	\$ 1,213,753	\$ 1,502,055	\$ 968,069	\$ 1,042,874	\$ 1,116,326	\$ 1,283,236
Interest	1,417,275	1,122,514	1,111,933	1,271,083	1,350,288	1,254,684	1,123,861
Differences between expected and actual experience	(9,511,419)	35,162	(2,049,029)	302,361	764,902	70,048	1,089,721
Changes of assumptions	75,635	(13,224,680)	1,841,174	11,523,922	(1,925,764)	(2,532,907)	(4,631,847)
Benefit payments	(825,935)	(505,769)	(421,228)	(759,616)	(434,098)	(465,964)	(1,444,582)
<b>Net change in total OPEB liability</b>	<u>(8,046,037)</u>	<u>(11,359,020)</u>	<u>1,984,905</u>	<u>13,305,819</u>	<u>798,202</u>	<u>(557,813)</u>	<u>(2,579,611)</u>
<b>Total OPEB liability - beginning</b>	<u>\$ 39,646,981</u>	<u>\$ 51,006,001</u>	<u>49,021,096</u>	<u>35,715,277</u>	<u>34,917,075</u>	<u>35,474,888</u>	<u>38,054,499</u>
<b>Total OPEB liability - ending</b>	<u><u>\$ 31,600,944</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 39,646,981</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 51,006,001</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 49,021,096</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 35,715,277</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 34,917,075</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 35,474,888</u></u>
 <b>Covered-employee payroll</b>	 \$ 36,092,828	 \$ 30,763,674	 \$ 30,763,674	 \$ 29,481,838	 \$ 29,481,838	 \$ 25,057,233	 \$ 25,057,233
<b>Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll</b>	 87.55%	 128.88%	 165.80%	 166.28%	 121.14%	 139.35%	 141.58%

This schedule will not present 10 years' worth of information until FY2026.

\* Plan measurement date is the reporting date. Employer measurement date is one year prior to reporting date.  
No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

<u>Fiscal year</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2024	3.65%
2023	3.54%
2022	2.16%
2021	2.21%
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%

**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Notes to the Required Supplemental Financial Information**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

**Changes in Assumptions – Local Governmental Employees’ Retirement System (LGERS)**

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2024.

Changes in assumptions:

- In January 2021, the actuarial assumptions were updated to more closely reflect actual experience.
- December 31, 2020 Valuation Date: The interest rate was changed from 7.00% to 6.50% with the resulting effect on minimum actuarially determined employer contribution rates (or amounts) to be gradually recognized over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2022.
- December 31, 2018 Valuation Date: The calculation of investment return no longer is net of administrative expenses.
- December 31, 2017 Valuation Date: The interest rate was changed from 7.20% to 7.00% with this change phased into the employer contribution rate using direct-rate smoothing over a three-year period.
- December 31, 2016 Valuation Date: The interest rate was changed from 7.25% to 7.20%.

**Changes in Assumptions – Register of Deeds Supplemental Pension Fund**

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2024.

Changes in assumptions:

- In January 2021, the actuarial assumptions were updated to more closely reflect actual experience.
- December 31, 2020 Valuation Date: The interest rate was changed from 3.75% to 3.00% with the resulting effect on minimum actuarially determined employer contribution rates (or amounts) to be gradually recognized over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2022.
- December 31, 2018 Valuation Date: The calculation of investment return no longer is net of administrative expenses.

**Changes in Assumptions – Law Enforcement Officers’ Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA)**

Changes in benefit terms:

- There have been no changes in benefit terms since the Prior Measurement Date.
- December 31, 2022 Measurement Date: Retirement eligibility has been reduced from 30 years of service regardless of age to 25 years of service regardless of age.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2022.

Changes in assumptions:

- December 31, 2023 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased from 4.31% to 4.00%.

**County of Moore, North Carolina**  
**Notes to the Required Supplemental Financial Information**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

- December 31, 2022 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 2.25% to 4.31%.
- December 31, 2021 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 1.93% to 2.25%.
- December 31, 2020 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased from 3.26% to 1.93%. Based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019, the following were updated: mortality rates, salary increase rates, service retirement rates, disability retirement rates, termination rates, real wage growth, and leaver conversion service.
- December 31, 2019 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased from 3.64 percent to 3.26 percent.
- December 31, 2018 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 3.16 percent to 3.64 percent.
- December 31, 2017 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased from 3.86 percent to 3.16 percent. The assumed inflation rate was reduced from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent and assumed wage inflation was increased from 0.5 percent to 1.0 percent.
- December 31, 2016 Measurement Date: The Municipal Bond Index Rate increased from 3.57 percent to 3.86 percent.



GENERAL FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Budget	Actual	
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Property taxes:			
Current year	\$ 71,294,734	\$ 72,094,470	\$ 799,736
Prior years	250,000	1,338	(248,662)
Penalties and interest	90,000	98,429	8,429
Total property taxes	71,634,734	72,194,237	559,503
Sales taxes:			
Local option sales tax	11,093,195	12,863,145	1,769,950
Article 46 sales tax	5,100,000	6,167,687	1,067,687
One-half cent local option sales tax	15,406,805	17,112,573	1,705,768
Total sales taxes	31,600,000	36,143,405	4,543,405
Other taxes and licenses:			
Privilege licenses	111,000	47,160	(63,840)
White good distribution	55,000	61,561	6,561
Scrap tire distribution	140,000	202,797	62,797
Electronic Recycling Distribution	18,000	19,202	1,202
Solid Waste Disposal tax distribution	45,000	49,082	4,082
Total other taxes and licenses	369,000	379,802	10,802
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues:			
Video franchise tax	16,000	11,186	(4,814)
ABC funds	368,000	515,799	147,799
State medicaid hold harmless	4,198,417	5,374,372	1,175,955
Total unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	4,582,417	5,901,357	1,318,940
Restricted intergovernmental revenues:			
Social services	6,774,243	5,717,656	(1,056,587)
Public health	1,739,431	1,952,931	213,500
Youth services	241,813	238,021	(3,792)
Older adults	1,001,816	923,852	(77,964)
Veterans services	2,084	2,174	90
Child support enforcement	864,850	1,056,844	191,994
Public safety	29,150	24,829	(4,321)
Court facility fees	239,000	261,537	22,537
Total restricted intergovernmental revenues	10,892,387	10,177,844	(714,543)
Investment income	3,400,000	8,833,790	5,433,790
Other revenues			
Miscellaneous	232,709	286,417	53,708
	232,709	286,417	53,708
Charges for services			
Day reporting fees	126,568	90,162	(36,406)
Register of deeds fees	3,702,000	3,571,726	(130,274)
Code enforcement fees	757,000	1,473,595	716,595
Fire inspection fees	6,000	12,865	6,865
Zoning/ord fees	40,000	73,636	33,636
GIS fees	72,500	40,987	(31,513)
Cooperative extension fees	500	1,159	659
Election fees	550	2,635	2,085
Aging fees	41,475	43,784	2,309
Landfill fees	6,058,023	5,415,461	(642,562)
Law enforcement fees	849,402	948,378	98,976
Recreation fees	185,950	180,907	(5,043)
Office service fees	40,000	(28,552)	(68,552)
Tax collection fees	650,000	708,716	58,716
Cost reimbursement fees	216,839	225,793	8,954
Municipality fuel sales	40,000	32,230	(7,770)
Animal operation fees	46,900	32,319	(14,581)
Total user fees	12,833,707	12,825,801	(7,906)

(Continued on following page)

GENERAL FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Budget	Actual	
Donations	\$ 409,452	\$ 244,244	\$ (165,208)
Payments from component units:			
ABC profit distribution	325,000	1,239	(323,761)
Airport Authority	23,350	23,350	-
Total payments from component units	348,350	24,589	(323,761)
Total revenues	136,302,756	147,011,486	10,708,730
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
General government:			
Governing body	283,404	261,538	21,866
Administration	953,391	959,830	(6,439)
General fund assessment	(1,838,916)	(1,838,916)	-
Human resources	493,716	489,682	4,034
Financial services	876,285	836,504	39,781
County attorney	1,335,057	1,284,139	50,918
Tax	2,824,598	2,476,018	348,580
Elections	1,068,657	917,379	151,278
Register of deeds	2,436,069	2,415,676	20,393
Information technology/GIS	2,613,504	2,461,891	151,613
Property management	6,524,982	5,611,773	913,209
Total general government	17,570,747	15,875,514	1,695,233
Public safety:			
Sheriff	10,856,078	10,755,473	100,605
Sheriff - detention center	7,495,948	7,403,433	92,515
Sheriff - animal center	1,066,325	936,614	129,711
Day reporting center	126,568	68,375	58,193
Youth Services	95,365	93,716	1,649
Emergency management/E911	2,076,890	1,967,036	109,854
Total public safety	21,717,174	21,224,647	492,527
Environmental protection and community development:			
Solid waste	7,695,713	6,475,769	1,219,944
Planning and community development	739,503	510,363	229,140
Planning code enforcement	1,107,062	1,067,507	39,555
Cooperative extension service	312,379	303,717	8,662
Soil and water conservation service	223,508	223,076	432
Total environmental protection and community development	10,078,165	8,580,432	1,497,733
Human services:			
Health	5,160,068	4,789,884	370,184
Social services	12,016,946	10,161,697	1,855,249
Child support enforcement	941,961	913,556	28,405
Veterans services	386,302	362,646	23,656
Aging/Senior Center	1,941,515	1,768,984	172,531
Total human services	20,446,792	17,996,767	2,450,025
Cultural and recreational:			
Library	837,710	833,746	3,964
Parks & Recreation	913,037	850,995	62,042
Total cultural and recreational	1,750,747	1,684,741	66,006
Education:			
Moore County Schools:			
Current	36,551,623	36,551,623	-
Capital outlay	800,000	800,000	-
Total Moore County Schools	37,351,623	37,351,623	-
Sandhills Community College:			
Current	5,217,256	5,217,256	-
Total Sandhills Community College	5,217,256	5,217,256	-
Total education	42,568,879	42,568,879	-

(Continued on following page)

GENERAL FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Budget	Actual	
Grants - other	\$ 3,253,639	\$ 1,121,406	\$ 2,132,233
Capital outlay	8,498,313	3,797,760	4,700,553
Debt service:			
Principal	17,264,434	17,264,433	1
Interest	7,340,743	7,340,740	3
Total debt service	24,605,177	24,605,173	4
Total expenditures	150,489,633	137,455,319	13,034,314
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(14,186,877)	9,556,167	23,743,044
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>			
Transfers to other funds:			
Capital Project Funds	(9,298,992)	(9,028,992)	270,000
Internal Service Funds	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-
Total	(10,298,992)	(10,028,992)	270,000
Transfers from other funds:			
Special Revenue Funds	361	3,484	3,123
Capital Project Funds	7,400,312	7,400,312	-
Total	7,400,673	7,403,796	3,123
Sale of assets	60,000	102,164	42,164
Lease liabilities issued	26,561	26,560	(1)
Subscription liabilities issued	107,490	42,700	(64,790)
Debt issued	154,805	154,805	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,549,463)	(2,298,967)	250,496
<b>Fund balance appropriated</b>	16,736,340	-	(16,736,340)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 7,257,200	\$ 7,257,200
<b>Reconciliation from budgetary basis of accounting to modified accrual basis</b>			
Current year note receivable		200,000	
Net change in fund balance modified accrual		7,457,200	
Fund balance - beginning		60,304,159	
Fund balance - ending		67,761,359	
A legally budgeted Capital Reserve Fund for Debt Service is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes:			
Transfer from General Fund		2,000,000	
Transfer to General Fund		(2,000,000)	
Fund Balance, Beginning		5,946,375	
Fund Balance - Ending		\$ 73,707,734	

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

CAPITAL RESERVE FOR DEBT SERVICE  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Transfer from general fund	\$ 14,000,000	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 14,000,000	\$ -
Transfer from capital reserve fund for governmental projects	6,248,783	6,248,783	-	6,248,783	-
Transfer to capital reserve for governmental projects	(3,089,021)	(3,089,021)	-	(3,089,021)	-
Transfer to general fund	(17,159,762)	(9,213,387)	(2,000,000)	(11,213,387)	5,946,375
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	5,946,375	-	5,946,375	5,946,375
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 5,946,375	-	\$ 5,946,375	\$ 5,946,375
Fund balance - beginning			5,946,375		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 5,946,375		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHOOL/COLLEGE BOND CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
NC Rural Center grant	\$ 202,933	\$ 202,933	\$ -	\$ 202,933	\$ -
Public school building					
Capital fund	1,800,000	1,800,000	-	1,800,000	-
Public school building					
Capital fund - lottery	12,575,258	12,554,982	250	12,555,232	(20,026)
Investment income	6,326,372	7,813,585	940,738	8,754,323	2,427,951
Other revenues	2,243,755	3,751,248	38,212	3,789,460	1,545,705
Total revenues	<u>23,148,318</u>	<u>26,122,748</u>	<u>979,200</u>	<u>27,101,948</u>	<u>3,953,630</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Debt service:					
Principal payment	6,171,879	6,171,879	-	6,171,879	-
Interest and other charges	5,405,900	4,276,017	-	4,276,017	1,129,883
Bonds issuance & other costs	2,790,756	2,535,646	5,300	2,540,946	249,810
Capital outlay:					
College projects	48,837,994	45,492,328	1,316,270	46,808,598	2,029,396
School projects	255,268,071	245,717,856	3,686,080	249,403,936	5,864,135
Total expenditures	<u>318,474,600</u>	<u>304,193,726</u>	<u>5,007,650</u>	<u>309,201,376</u>	<u>9,273,224</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(295,326,282)</u>	<u>(278,070,978)</u>	<u>(4,028,450)</u>	<u>(282,099,428)</u>	<u>13,226,854</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Debt issued	46,812,000	46,812,000	-	46,812,000	-
Bonds issued	229,000,000	229,000,000	-	229,000,000	-
Refunding bonds issued	58,135,000	58,135,000	-	58,135,000	-
Bonds premium	22,079,264	22,079,263	-	22,079,263	(1)
Transfer from capital reserve fund	16,653,390	16,653,390	-	16,653,390	-
Transfer from general fund	146,300	146,300	-	146,300	-
Payment to bond trustees	(62,153,121)	(62,153,121)	-	(62,153,121)	-
Transfer to capital reserve for governmental projects	(10,387,361)	(10,387,361)	-	(10,387,361)	-
Transfer to general fund	(4,959,190)	(4,809,190)	(150,000)	(4,959,190)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>295,326,282</u>	<u>295,476,281</u>	<u>(150,000)</u>	<u>295,326,281</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,405,303</u>	<u>(4,178,450)</u>	<u>\$ 13,226,853</u>	<u>\$ 13,226,853</u>
Fund balance - beginning			<u>17,405,303</u>		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 13,226,853</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

CAPITAL RESERVE FOR GOVERNMENTAL PROJECTS  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Other revenues	\$ -	\$ 42,700	\$ -	\$ 42,700	\$ 42,700
Investment earnings	21,313	21,313	-	21,313	-
	<u>21,313</u>	<u>64,013</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>64,013</u>	<u>42,700</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Transfer from general fund	68,176,751	63,305,377	4,871,374	68,176,751	-
Transfer from enterprise fund	2,944,046	2,944,046	-	2,944,046	-
Transfer from capital project fund	12,044,621	12,044,621	-	12,044,621	-
Transfer from capital reserve for debt services	3,089,021	3,089,021	-	3,089,021	-
Transfer to general fund	(50,129,309)	(11,368,886)	-	(11,368,886)	38,760,423
Transfer to capital reserve fund for debt service	(6,248,783)	(6,248,783)	-	(6,248,783)	-
Transfer to enterprise fund	(2,944,046)	(2,944,046)	-	(2,944,046)	-
Transfer to capital project fund	(24,962,169)	(24,962,169)	-	(24,962,169)	-
Transfer to internal service fund	(1,991,445)	(1,991,445)	-	(1,991,445)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(21,313)</u>	<u>33,867,736</u>	<u>4,871,374</u>	<u>38,739,110</u>	<u>38,760,423</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 33,931,749</u>	4,871,374	<u>\$ 38,803,123</u>	<u>\$ 38,803,123</u>
Fund balance - beginning			<u>33,931,749</u>		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 38,803,123</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA  
NEW COURTHOUSE BUILDING CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Other revenues	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ -	\$ 7,000	\$ -
Investment income	-	1,585,480	1,182,569	2,768,049	2,768,049
Total revenues	<u>7,000</u>	<u>1,592,480</u>	<u>1,182,569</u>	<u>2,775,049</u>	<u>2,768,049</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Debt Service:					
Bond issuance & other costs	458,454	402,400	5,500	407,900	50,554
Capital outlay	<u>55,628,053</u>	<u>34,323,014</u>	<u>10,976,542</u>	<u>45,299,556</u>	<u>10,328,497</u>
Total expenditures	<u>56,086,507</u>	<u>34,725,414</u>	<u>10,982,042</u>	<u>45,707,456</u>	<u>10,379,051</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(56,079,507)</u>	<u>(33,132,934)</u>	<u>(9,799,473)</u>	<u>(42,932,407)</u>	<u>13,147,100</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Limited obligation bonds issued	45,665,000	45,665,000	-	45,665,000	-
Bond premium	7,902,842	7,902,842	-	7,902,842	-
Transfer from other funds	10,596,729	10,596,729	-	10,596,729	-
Transfer to general fund	<u>(8,085,064)</u>	<u>(2,325,768)</u>	<u>(919,188)</u>	<u>(3,244,956)</u>	<u>4,840,108</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>56,079,507</u>	<u>61,838,803</u>	<u>(919,188)</u>	<u>60,919,615</u>	<u>4,840,108</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 28,705,869</u>	<u>(10,718,661)</u>	<u>\$ 17,987,208</u>	<u>\$ 17,987,208</u>
Fund balance - beginning			<u>28,705,869</u>		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 17,987,208</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
 CORONAVIRUS STATE AND LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUNDS  
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorizaton	Actual			Variance Positive (Negative)
		Prior Years	Current Year	Total	
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Investment income	\$ -	\$ 295,772	\$ 432,190	\$ 727,962	\$ 727,962
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	19,594,757	10,146,570	8,337,305	18,483,875	(1,110,882)
Total revenues	19,594,757	10,442,342	8,769,495	19,211,837	(382,920)
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	550,000	-	2	2	549,998
Total expenditures	550,000	-	2	2	549,998
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	19,044,757	10,442,342	8,769,493	19,211,835	167,078
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Transfer to other funds	(19,044,757)	(10,146,570)	(8,337,304)	(18,483,874)	560,883
Total other financing sources (uses):	(19,044,757)	(10,146,570)	(8,337,304)	(18,483,874)	560,883
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 295,772	432,189	\$ 727,961	\$ 727,961
Fund balance - beginning			295,772		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 727,961		



COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

OPIOID FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Other revenues	\$ -	\$ 2,043,173	\$ 2,043,173
Investment income	-	76,176	76,176
Total revenues	-	2,119,349	2,119,349
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
Opioid fund	619,940	327,031	292,909
Total expenditures	619,940	327,031	292,909
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(619,940)	1,792,318	2,412,258
<b>Fund balance appropriated</b>	619,940	-	(619,940)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	1,792,318	\$ 1,792,318
Fund balance - beginning, restated		1,250,267	
Fund balance - ending		\$ 3,042,585	

# COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash	\$ 9,710,925	\$ 13,660,950	\$ 23,371,875
Receivables:			
Property taxes	122,465	-	122,465
Accounts receivable	1,867,376	-	1,867,376
Due from other governments and agencies	-	10,493	10,493
Restricted cash and investments	598,540	-	598,540
Total assets	<u>\$ 12,299,306</u>	<u>\$ 13,671,443</u>	<u>\$ 25,970,749</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 525,504	\$ 459,059	\$ 984,563
Total liabilities	<u>525,504</u>	<u>459,059</u>	<u>984,563</u>
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>			
EMS receivable	52,972	-	52,972
Prepaid taxes	14,615	-	14,615
Property tax receivable	69,493	-	69,493
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>137,080</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>137,080</u>
<b>Fund balances:</b>			
Nonspendable			
Restricted for:			
Stabilization by state statute	2,251,918	2,316,753	4,568,671
Emergency Telephone System	1,123,755	-	1,123,755
Fire protection	2,653,355	-	2,653,355
Environmental protection	88,471	-	88,471
Charitable services	29,785	-	29,785
Health services	27,532	-	27,532
Grant Projects	525,115	-	525,115
Committed fund balance			
Committed for airport capital project	-	1,938	1,938
Committed for general government	-	1,618,892	1,618,892
Committed for public safety	-	9,011,578	9,011,578
Committed for environmental protection and community development	-	800,000	800,000
Committed for cultural and recreational	-	177,361	177,361
Assigned fund balance			
Subsequent year's expenditures	134,029	-	134,029
Assigned for public safety	4,766,466	-	4,766,466
Assigned for human services	36,296	-	36,296
Unassigned fund balance	-	(714,138)	(714,138)
Total fund balances	<u>11,636,722</u>	<u>13,212,384</u>	<u>24,849,106</u>
 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	 <u>\$ 12,299,306</u>	 <u>\$ 13,671,443</u>	 <u>\$ 25,970,749</u>

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances  
Nonmajor Governmental Funds  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	<b>Special Revenue Funds</b>	<b>Capital Project Funds</b>	<b>Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds</b>
<b>Revenues</b>			
Property taxes	\$ 14,743,324	\$ -	\$ 14,743,324
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	2,235,059	-	2,235,059
Charges for services	5,475,490	-	5,475,490
Other revenues	71,035	-	71,035
Investment income	53,670	445,600	499,270
Donations	5,255	-	5,255
Total revenues	<u>22,583,833</u>	<u>445,600</u>	<u>23,029,433</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>			
Current:			
Public safety	17,733,658	-	17,733,658
Environmental protection and community development	125,650	-	125,650
Human services	1,797,972	-	1,797,972
Cultural and recreational	-	-	-
Capital outlay	831,084	3,340,682	4,171,766
Debt service:			
Principal	125,158	-	125,158
Interest and other charges	14,001	-	14,001
Total expenditures	<u>20,627,523</u>	<u>3,340,682</u>	<u>23,968,205</u>
<b>Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures</b>	<u>1,956,310</u>	<u>(2,895,082)</u>	<u>(938,772)</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>			
Transfers from other funds	500,000	2,157,618	2,657,618
Transfers to other funds	(503,484)	(4,331,124)	(4,834,608)
Lease liabilities issued	396,670	-	396,670
Proceeds from sale of assets	1,275	-	1,275
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>394,461</u>	<u>(2,173,506)</u>	<u>(1,779,045)</u>
<b>Net change in fund balances</b>	2,350,771	(5,068,588)	(2,717,817)
<b>Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported</b>	10,116,892	18,280,972	28,397,864
Adjustment - change to reporting entity (Note 15)	(830,941)	-	(830,941)
<b>Fund balance - beginning, as adjusted</b>	<u>9,285,951</u>	<u>18,280,972</u>	<u>27,566,923</u>
<b>Fund balance - ending</b>	<u>\$ 11,636,722</u>	<u>\$ 13,212,384</u>	<u>\$ 24,849,106</u>

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Combining Balance Sheet  
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds  
June 30, 2024**

	<b>Emergency Medical Services Fund</b>	<b>Emergency Telephone System Fund</b>	<b>Soil &amp; Water District Fund</b>	<b>Grants Fund</b>	<b>Moore County Transportation Services Fund</b>	<b>Moore County Fire District</b>	<b>DSS Charitable</b>	<b>DSS Representative Payee</b>	<b>(Previously Nonmajor) Opioid Fund</b>	<b>Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds</b>
<b>Assets</b>										
Cash	\$ 5,692,183	\$ 1,125,765	\$ 99,069	\$ -	\$ 73,383	\$ 2,663,208	\$ 29,785	\$ 27,532	\$ -	\$ 9,710,925
Receivables:										
Property taxes, net	52,972	-	-	-	-	69,493	-	-	-	122,465
Accounts receivable	1,117,762	10,248	-	304,656	380,236	54,474	-	-	-	1,867,376
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted cash and investments	-	-	-	598,540	-	-	-	-	-	598,540
Total assets	<u>\$ 6,862,917</u>	<u>\$ 1,136,013</u>	<u>\$ 99,069</u>	<u>\$ 903,196</u>	<u>\$ 453,619</u>	<u>\$ 2,787,175</u>	<u>\$ 29,785</u>	<u>\$ 27,532</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,299,306</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 448,955	\$ 2,010	\$ 598	\$ 36,854	\$ 37,087	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 525,504
Total liabilities	<u>448,955</u>	<u>2,010</u>	<u>598</u>	<u>36,854</u>	<u>37,087</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>525,504</u>
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>										
EMS receivable	52,972	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,972
Prepaid taxes	4,762	-	-	-	-	9,853	-	-	-	14,615
Opioid receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property tax receivable	-	-	-	-	-	69,493	-	-	-	69,493
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>57,734</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>79,346</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>137,080</u>
<b>Fund balances:</b>										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for:										
Stabilization by state statute	1,465,733	10,248	-	341,227	380,236	54,474	-	-	-	2,251,918
Emergency Telephone System	-	1,123,755	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,123,755
Environmental protection	-	-	88,471	-	-	-	-	-	-	88,471
Fire protection	-	-	-	-	-	2,653,355	-	-	-	2,653,355
Charitable services	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,785	-	-	29,785
Health services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,532	-	27,532
Opioid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grant Projects	-	-	-	525,115	-	-	-	-	-	525,115
Assigned fund balance										
Subsequent year's expenditures	124,029	-	10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	134,029
Assigned for public safety	4,766,466	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,766,466
Assigned for human services	-	-	-	-	36,296	-	-	-	-	36,296
Total fund balances	<u>6,356,228</u>	<u>1,134,003</u>	<u>98,471</u>	<u>866,342</u>	<u>416,532</u>	<u>2,707,829</u>	<u>29,785</u>	<u>27,532</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,636,722</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 6,862,917</u>	<u>\$ 1,136,013</u>	<u>\$ 99,069</u>	<u>\$ 903,196</u>	<u>\$ 453,619</u>	<u>\$ 2,787,175</u>	<u>\$ 29,785</u>	<u>\$ 27,532</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,299,306</u>

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances  
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	<b>Emergency Medical Services Fund</b>	<b>Emergency Telephone Services Fund</b>	<b>Soil &amp; Water District Fund</b>	<b>Grants Fund</b>	<b>Moore County Transportation Services Fund</b>	<b>Moore County Fire District</b>	<b>DSS Charitable</b>	<b>DSS Representative Payee</b>	<i>(Previously Nonmajor)</i> <b>Opioid Fund</b>	<b>Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds</b>
<b>Revenues</b>										
Property taxes	\$ 8,139,207	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,604,117	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,743,324
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	336,433	122,976	3,600	824,170	652,416	-	-	295,464	-	2,235,059
Charges for services	4,790,249	-	14,629	-	670,612	-	-	-	-	5,475,490
Other revenues	71,035	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,035
Investment income	-	53,978	-	(308)	-	-	-	-	-	53,670
Donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,255	-	-	5,255
Total revenues	<u>13,336,924</u>	<u>176,954</u>	<u>18,229</u>	<u>823,862</u>	<u>1,323,028</u>	<u>6,604,117</u>	<u>5,255</u>	<u>295,464</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,583,833</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>										
Current:										
Public safety	10,910,052	258,439	-	219,475	-	6,345,692	-	-	-	17,733,658
Environmental protection	-	-	10,076	115,574	-	-	-	-	-	125,650
Human services	-	-	-	303,649	1,175,679	-	5,291	313,353	-	1,797,972
Capital outlay	513,825	122,505	-	192,084	2,670	-	-	-	-	831,084
Debt service:										
Principal	125,158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,158
Interest	14,001	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,001
Total expenditures	<u>11,563,036</u>	<u>380,944</u>	<u>10,076</u>	<u>830,782</u>	<u>1,178,349</u>	<u>6,345,692</u>	<u>5,291</u>	<u>313,353</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,627,523</u>
<b>Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures</b>	<u>1,773,888</u>	<u>(203,990)</u>	<u>8,153</u>	<u>(6,920)</u>	<u>144,679</u>	<u>258,425</u>	<u>(36)</u>	<u>(17,889)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,956,310</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>										
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	500,000	-	-	-	500,000
Transfers to other funds	(500,000)	-	-	(3,484)	-	-	-	-	-	(503,484)
Lease liabilities issued	396,670	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	396,670
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,275
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(102,055)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,484)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>394,461</u>
<b>Net change in fund balances</b>	<u>1,671,833</u>	<u>(203,990)</u>	<u>8,153</u>	<u>(10,404)</u>	<u>144,679</u>	<u>758,425</u>	<u>(36)</u>	<u>(17,889)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,350,771</u>
<b>Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported</b>	<u>4,684,395</u>	<u>1,337,993</u>	<u>90,318</u>	<u>876,746</u>	<u>271,853</u>	<u>1,949,404</u>	<u>29,821</u>	<u>45,421</u>	<u>830,941</u>	<u>10,116,892</u>
Adjustment - change to reporting entity (Note 15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(830,941)	(830,941)
<b>Fund balance - beginning, as adjusted</b>	<u>4,684,395</u>	<u>1,337,993</u>	<u>90,318</u>	<u>876,746</u>	<u>271,853</u>	<u>1,949,404</u>	<u>29,821</u>	<u>45,421</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,285,951</u>
<b>Fund balance - ending</b>	<u>\$ 6,356,228</u>	<u>\$ 1,134,003</u>	<u>\$ 98,471</u>	<u>\$ 866,342</u>	<u>\$ 416,532</u>	<u>\$ 2,707,829</u>	<u>\$ 29,785</u>	<u>\$ 27,532</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,636,722</u>

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Budget	Actual	
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Property taxes	\$ 8,161,219	\$ 8,139,207	\$ (22,012)
Charges for services	4,346,388	4,790,249	443,861
Other revenues	4,756	71,035	66,279
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	123,000	336,433	213,433
Total revenues	<u>12,635,363</u>	<u>13,336,924</u>	<u>701,561</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
Current operating:			
Public safety	11,627,479	10,910,052	717,427
Capital outlay	882,270	513,825	368,445
Debt service			
Principal	125,158	125,158	-
Interest	14,001	14,001	-
Total expenditures	<u>12,648,908</u>	<u>11,563,036</u>	<u>1,085,872</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(13,545)</u>	<u>1,773,888</u>	<u>1,787,433</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>			
Transfer to Fire Districts	(500,000)	(500,000)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	1,275	1,275
Lease liabilities issued	396,670	396,670	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(103,330)</u>	<u>(102,055)</u>	<u>1,275</u>
<b>Fund balance appropriated</b>	<u>116,875</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(116,875)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	1,671,833	1,671,833
Fund balance - beginning		<u>4,684,395</u>	
Fund balance - ending		<u>\$ 6,356,228</u>	

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Budget	Actual	
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ 53,978	\$ 53,978
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	122,976	122,976	-
Total revenues	122,976	176,954	53,978
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
Public safety	271,030	258,439	12,591
Capital outlay	123,657	122,505	1,152
Total expenditures	394,687	380,944	13,743
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(271,711)	(203,990)	67,721
<b>Fund balance appropriated</b>	271,711	-	(271,711)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(203,990)	\$ (203,990)
Fund balance - beginning		1,337,993	
Fund balance - ending		\$ 1,134,003	

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
SOIL & WATER DISTRICT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Budget	Actual	
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Charges for services	\$ 20,153	\$ 14,629	\$ (5,524)
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	3,600	3,600	-
Total revenues	<u>23,753</u>	<u>18,229</u>	<u>(5,524)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
Environmental protection	<u>23,753</u>	<u>10,076</u>	<u>13,677</u>
Total expenditures	<u>23,753</u>	<u>10,076</u>	<u>13,677</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>8,153</u>	<u>8,153</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>8,153</u>	<u>\$ 8,153</u>
Fund balance - beginning		<u>90,318</u>	
Fund balance - ending		<u>\$ 98,471</u>	



COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND  
GRANTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Actual Closed Projects	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>						
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ 14,183,072	\$ 10,488,583	\$ 824,170	\$ 80,368	\$ 11,232,385	\$ (2,950,687)
Investment income	500	1,045	(308)	-	737	237
Total revenues	14,183,572	10,489,628	823,862	80,368	11,233,122	(2,950,450)
<b>Expenditures:</b>						
Public safety	6,936,076	4,389,276	219,475	71,443	4,537,308	2,398,768
Environmental Protection	964,942	705,277	115,574	-	820,851	144,091
Human services	2,488,017	990,755	303,649	-	1,294,404	1,193,613
Cultural and recreational	132,512	52,251	-	-	52,251	80,261
Capital outlay	1,645,235	1,462,076	192,084	8,925	1,645,235	-
Total expenditures	12,166,782	7,599,635	830,782	80,368	8,350,049	3,816,733
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,016,790	2,889,993	(6,920)	-	2,883,073	866,283
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>						
Transfer to general fund	(2,326,552)	(2,323,008)	(3,484)	-	(2,326,492)	60
Transfer to special revenue fund	(100,000)	(100,000)	-	-	(100,000)	-
Transfer to capital project fund	(27,205)	(27,205)	-	-	(27,205)	-
Transfer from 2011 Dixie Youth fund	9,583	9,583	-	-	9,583	-
Transfer from 2015 Dixie Softball World S.	4,991	4,991	-	-	4,991	-
Transfer from general fund	422,393	422,392	-	-	422,392	(1)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,016,790)	(2,013,247)	(3,484)	-	(2,016,731)	59
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 876,746	(10,404)	\$ -	\$ 866,342	\$ 866,342
Fund balance - beginning			876,746			
Fund balance - ending			\$ 866,342			

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

MOORE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION SERVICES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ 855,319	\$ 652,416	\$ (202,903)
Charges for services	674,017	670,612	(3,405)
Total revenues	<u>1,529,336</u>	<u>1,323,028</u>	<u>(206,308)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
Current operating:			
Human services	1,322,335	1,175,679	146,656
Capital outlay	232,001	2,670	229,331
Total expenditures	<u>1,554,336</u>	<u>1,178,349</u>	<u>375,987</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(25,000)</u>	<u>144,679</u>	<u>169,679</u>
<b>Other financing sources:</b>			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	25,000	-	(25,000)
Total other financing sources	<u>25,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(25,000)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	144,679	<u>\$ 144,679</u>
Fund balance - beginning		<u>271,853</u>	
Fund balance - ending		<u>\$ 416,532</u>	

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

FIRE DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Ad valorem taxes			
Current year	\$ 5,594,532	\$ 6,589,263	\$ 994,731
Penalties and interest	-	14,854	14,854
Total revenues	<u>5,594,532</u>	<u>6,604,117</u>	<u>1,009,585</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
Current			
Public safety			
Eastwood	199,561	199,561	-
Seven Lakes	402,118	402,118	-
Pinehurst	310,008	310,008	-
High Falls	374,370	374,370	-
Eagle Springs	346,615	346,615	-
Carthage	405,998	405,998	-
Southern Pines	463,145	463,145	-
Pinebluff	448,588	448,588	-
Robbins	460,765	442,379	18,386
Aberdeen	286,669	286,669	-
West End	580,009	580,009	-
Crains Creek	352,853	352,853	-
Whispering Pines	300,399	300,399	-
Westmoore	254,240	254,240	-
Cypress Pointe	1,156,740	1,156,740	-
Apparatus Allowance	434,827	-	434,827
Building Allowance	125,435	-	125,435
Professional Servcies	22,000	22,000	-
Total expenditures	<u>6,924,340</u>	<u>6,345,692</u>	<u>578,648</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(1,329,808)</u>	<u>258,425</u>	<u>1,588,233</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>			
Transfer from Public Safety	500,000	500,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>500,000</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Fund balance appropriated</b>	<u>829,808</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(829,808)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>758,425</u>	<u>\$ 758,425</u>
Fund balance - beginning		<u>1,949,404</u>	
Fund balance - ending		<u>\$ 2,707,829</u>	

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

DSS CHARITABLE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Charitable fund revenues	\$ 15,000	\$ 5,255	\$ (9,745)
Total revenues	<u>15,000</u>	<u>5,255</u>	<u>(9,745)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
Charitable fund expenses	15,000	5,291	9,709
Total expenditures	<u>15,000</u>	<u>5,291</u>	<u>9,709</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>(36)</u>	<u>(36)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(36)</u>	<u>\$ (36)</u>
Fund balance - beginning		<u>29,821</u>	
Fund balance - ending		<u>\$ 29,785</u>	

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

DSS REPRESENTATIVE PAYEE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Representative payee revenues	\$ 420,000	\$ 295,464	\$ (124,536)
Total revenues	<u>420,000</u>	<u>295,464</u>	<u>(124,536)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
Representative payee expenses	<u>420,000</u>	<u>313,353</u>	<u>106,647</u>
Total expenditures	<u>420,000</u>	<u>313,353</u>	<u>106,647</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>(17,889)</u>	<u>(17,889)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(17,889)</u>	<u>\$ (17,889)</u>
Fund balance - beginning		<u>45,421</u>	
Fund balance - ending		<u>\$ 27,532</u>	

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Combining Balance Sheet  
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds  
June 30, 2024**

	<b>Airport Project</b>	<b>Emergency Communication Narrow Banding Project</b>	<b>Parks &amp; Recreation Project</b>	<b>Solid Waste Improvement Capital Project</b>	<b>Capital Reserve For Capital Projects For SCC</b>	<b>Capital Reserve For Debt Service For SCC</b>	<b>Capital Reserve For Debt Service For MCS</b>	<b>Capital Reserve For Capital Projects For MCS</b>	<b>Pandemic Recovery Project</b>	<b>Capital Reserve For Solid Waste</b>	<b>Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds</b>
<b>Assets</b>											
Cash	\$ 1,938	\$ 83,957	\$ 177,361	\$ 1,305,912	\$ 438,598	\$ 1,126,286	\$ -	\$ 54,008	\$ 9,672,890	\$ 800,000	\$ 13,660,950
Due from other governments and agencies	-	-	-	10,493	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,493
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,938</u>	<u>\$ 83,957</u>	<u>\$ 177,361</u>	<u>\$ 1,316,405</u>	<u>\$ 438,598</u>	<u>\$ 1,126,286</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 54,008</u>	<u>\$ 9,672,890</u>	<u>\$ 800,000</u>	<u>\$ 13,671,443</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 456,109	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,950	\$ -	\$ 459,059
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>456,109</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,950</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>459,059</u>
<b>Fund balances:</b>											
Restricted for:											
Stabilization by state statute	-	-	-	1,574,434	-	-	-	-	742,319	-	2,316,753
Committed fund balance											
Committed for airport capital project	1,938	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,938
Committed for general government	-	-	-	-	438,598	1,126,286	-	54,008	-	-	1,618,892
Committed for public safety	-	83,957	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,927,621	-	9,011,578
Committed for environmental protection and community development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	800,000	800,000
Committed for parks & recreation	-	-	177,361	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	177,361
Unassigned fund balance											
Unassigned for environmental protection and community development	-	-	-	(714,138)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(714,138)
Total fund balances	<u>1,938</u>	<u>83,957</u>	<u>177,361</u>	<u>860,296</u>	<u>438,598</u>	<u>1,126,286</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>54,008</u>	<u>9,669,940</u>	<u>800,000</u>	<u>13,212,384</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,938</u>	<u>\$ 83,957</u>	<u>\$ 177,361</u>	<u>\$ 1,316,405</u>	<u>\$ 438,598</u>	<u>\$ 1,126,286</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 54,008</u>	<u>\$ 9,672,890</u>	<u>\$ 800,000</u>	<u>\$ 13,671,443</u>

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances  
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	<b>Airport Project</b>	<b>Emergency Communication Narrow Banding Project</b>	<b>Parks &amp; Recreation Project</b>	<b>Solid Waste Improvement Capital Project</b>	<b>Capital Reserve For Capital Projects For SCC</b>	<b>Capital Reserve For Debt Service For SCC</b>	<b>Capital Reserve For Debt Service For MCS</b>	<b>Capital Reserve For Capital Projects For MCS</b>	<b>Pandemic Recovery Project</b>	<b>Capital Reserve For Solid Waste</b>	<b>Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds</b>
<b>Revenues</b>											
Other revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	445,600	-	445,600
Total revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	445,600	-	445,600
<b>Expenditures</b>											
Current:											
Capital outlay	-	261,883	-	1,969,603	-	-	-	-	1,109,196	-	3,340,682
Total expenditures	-	261,883	-	1,969,603	-	-	-	-	1,109,196	-	3,340,682
<b>Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures</b>	-	(261,883)	-	(1,969,603)	-	-	-	-	(663,596)	-	(2,895,082)
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>											
Transfers from other funds	-	-	5,012	260,000	438,598	-	-	554,008	500,000	400,000	2,157,618
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-	(258,015)	(71,497)	(865,979)	(3,135,633)	-	-	(4,331,124)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	5,012	260,000	180,583	(71,497)	(865,979)	(2,581,625)	500,000	400,000	(2,173,506)
<b>Net change in fund balances</b>	-	(261,883)	5,012	(1,709,603)	180,583	(71,497)	(865,979)	(2,581,625)	(163,596)	400,000	(5,068,588)
<b>Fund balance - beginning</b>	1,938	345,840	172,349	2,569,899	258,015	1,197,783	865,979	2,635,633	9,833,536	400,000	18,280,972
<b>Fund balance - ending</b>	<u>\$ 1,938</u>	<u>\$ 83,957</u>	<u>\$ 177,361</u>	<u>\$ 860,296</u>	<u>\$ 438,598</u>	<u>\$ 1,126,286</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 54,008</u>	<u>\$ 9,669,940</u>	<u>\$ 800,000</u>	<u>\$ 13,212,384</u>

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

AIRPORT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ 2,150	\$ 2,150	\$ -	\$ 2,150	\$ -
Other revenues	407,781	409,567	-	409,567	1,786
Total revenues	<u>409,931</u>	<u>411,717</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>411,717</u>	<u>1,786</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Capital outlay	32,004	31,853	-	31,853	151
Total expenditures	<u>32,004</u>	<u>31,853</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,853</u>	<u>151</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>377,927</u>	<u>379,864</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>379,864</u>	<u>1,937</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Transfers to other funds	(377,927)	(377,926)	-	(377,926)	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(377,927)</u>	<u>(377,926)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(377,926)</u>	<u>1</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,938</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 1,938</u>	<u>\$ 1,938</u>
Fund balance - beginning			<u>1,938</u>		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 1,938</u>		



COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA  
 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATION NARROW BANDING CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Capital outlay	\$ 4,330,641	\$ 3,984,801	\$ 261,883	\$ 4,246,684	\$ 83,957
Total expenditures	<u>4,330,641</u>	<u>3,984,801</u>	<u>261,883</u>	<u>4,246,684</u>	<u>83,957</u>
<b>Other financing sources(uses):</b>					
Transfer from other funds	4,680,641	4,680,641	-	4,680,641	-
Transfer to Parks & Rec Capital	<u>(350,000)</u>	<u>(350,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(350,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>4,330,641</u>	<u>4,330,641</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,330,641</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 345,840</u>	(261,883)	<u>\$ 83,957</u>	<u>\$ 83,957</u>
Fund balance - beginning			<u>345,840</u>		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 83,957</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA  
PARKS & RECREATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Donations	\$ 367,568	\$ 29,168	\$ -	\$ 29,168	\$ (338,400)
Other revenues	103,426	103,426	-	103,426	-
Total revenues	<u>470,994</u>	<u>132,594</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>132,594</u>	<u>(338,400)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Capital outlay	6,871,769	6,356,008	-	6,356,008	515,761
Total expenditures	<u>6,871,769</u>	<u>6,356,008</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,356,008</u>	<u>515,761</u>
<b>Other financing sources:</b>					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	220,900	220,900	-	220,900	-
Transfer from other funds	6,179,875	6,174,863	5,012	6,179,875	-
Total other financing sources	<u>6,400,775</u>	<u>6,395,763</u>	<u>5,012</u>	<u>6,400,775</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 172,349</u>	5,012	<u>\$ 177,361</u>	<u>\$ 177,361</u>
Fund balance - beginning			172,349		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 177,361</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA  
SOLID WASTE IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Capital outlay	\$ 4,566,385	\$ 966,486	\$ 1,969,603	\$ 2,936,089	\$ 1,630,296
Total expenditures	<u>4,566,385</u>	<u>966,486</u>	<u>1,969,603</u>	<u>2,936,089</u>	<u>1,630,296</u>
<b>Other financing sources:</b>					
Transfer from other funds	<u>4,566,385</u>	<u>3,536,385</u>	<u>260,000</u>	<u>3,796,385</u>	<u>(770,000)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,569,899</u>	<u>(1,709,603)</u>	<u>\$ 860,296</u>	<u>\$ 860,296</u>
Fund balance - beginning			<u>2,569,899</u>		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 860,296</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

CAPITAL RESERVE FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FOR SANDHILLS COMMUNITY COLLEGE  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Transfer from general fund	\$ 2,462,581	\$ 2,023,983	\$ 438,598	\$ 2,462,581	\$ -
Transfer to general fund	(2,462,581)	(1,765,968)	(258,015)	(2,023,983)	438,598
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	258,015	180,583	438,598	438,598
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 258,015</u>	180,583	<u>\$ 438,598</u>	<u>\$ 438,598</u>
Fund balance - beginning			258,015		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 438,598</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

CAPITAL RESERVE FOR DEBT SERVICE FOR SANDHILLS COMMUNITY COLLEGE  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Transfer from general fund	\$ 3,584,223	\$ 3,584,223	\$ -	\$ 3,584,223	\$ -
Transfer to general fund	(3,584,223)	(2,386,440)	(71,497)	(2,457,937)	1,126,286
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	1,197,783	(71,497)	1,126,286	1,126,286
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,197,783</u>	<u>(71,497)</u>	<u>\$ 1,126,286</u>	<u>\$ 1,126,286</u>
Fund balance - beginning			1,197,783		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 1,126,286</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

CAPITAL RESERVE FOR DEBT SERVICE FOR MOORE COUNTY SCHOOLS  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Transfer from general fund	\$ 6,275,524	\$ 6,275,524	\$ -	\$ 6,275,524	\$ -
Transfer to general fund	(6,275,524)	(5,409,545)	(865,979)	(6,275,524)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	865,979	(865,979)	-	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 865,979</u>	<u>(865,979)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance - beginning			865,979		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ -</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

CAPITAL RESERVE FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FOR MOORE COUNTY SCHOOLS  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Transfer from general fund	\$ 6,129,053	\$ 5,575,045	\$ 554,008	\$ 6,129,053	\$ -
Transfer to general fund	<u>(6,129,053)</u>	<u>(2,939,412)</u>	<u>(3,135,633)</u>	<u>(6,075,045)</u>	<u>54,008</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>2,635,633</u>	<u>(2,581,625)</u>	<u>54,008</u>	<u>54,008</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,635,633</u>	<u>(2,581,625)</u>	<u>\$ 54,008</u>	<u>\$ 54,008</u>
Fund balance - beginning			<u>2,635,633</u>		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 54,008</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA  
 PANDEMIC RECOVERY CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Investment income	\$ 300,000	\$ 250,552	\$ 445,600	\$ 696,152	\$ 396,152
Total revenues	<u>300,000</u>	<u>250,552</u>	<u>445,600</u>	<u>696,152</u>	<u>396,152</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Capital outlay	11,300,000	917,016	1,109,196	2,026,212	9,273,788
Total expenditures	<u>11,300,000</u>	<u>917,016</u>	<u>1,109,196</u>	<u>2,026,212</u>	<u>9,273,788</u>
<b>Other financing sources:</b>					
Transfer from other funds	11,000,000	10,500,000	500,000	11,000,000	-
Total other financing sources	<u>11,000,000</u>	<u>10,500,000</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>11,000,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 9,833,536</u>	<u>(163,596)</u>	<u>\$ 9,669,940</u>	<u>\$ 9,669,940</u>
Fund balance - beginning			<u>9,833,536</u>		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 9,669,940</u>		



COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

CAPITAL RESERVE FOR SOLID WASTE  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Transfer from general fund	\$ 800,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 800,000	\$ -
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	400,000	400,000	800,000	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 400,000</u>	<u>\$ 400,000</u>	<u>\$ 800,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance - beginning			<u>\$ 400,000</u>		
Fund balance - ending			<u>\$ 800,000</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

ENTERPRISE FUND  
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLANT - OPERATIONS  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Budget	Actual	
<b>Operating revenues:</b>			
Charges for services	\$ 6,249,466	\$ 6,481,964	\$ 232,498
Total operating revenues	6,249,466	6,481,964	232,498
<b>Nonoperating revenues:</b>			
Investment income	-	11,074	11,074
Total nonoperating revenues	-	11,074	11,074
<b>Net assets appropriated</b>	9,840,336	-	(9,840,336)
Total revenues, other financing sources and appropriated fund balance	\$ 16,089,802	\$ 6,493,038	\$ (9,596,764)
<b>Operating expenditures:</b>			
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 1,612,612	\$ 1,418,093	\$ 194,519
Operational expenditures	1,598,476	1,496,102	102,374
Professional services	164,200	114,244	49,956
Repairs and maintenance	385,919	284,717	101,202
Total operating expenditures	3,761,207	3,313,156	448,051
<b>Nonoperating expenditures:</b>			
Interest expense	398,511	398,511	-
Total nonoperating expenditures	398,511	398,511	-
<b>Transfer to WPCP - SDF Capital Reserve Fund</b>	35,000	-	35,000
<b>Budgetary appropriations:</b>			
Principal payments on long-term debt	831,133	831,132	1
Capital outlay	11,063,951	8,419,576	2,644,375
Total other expenditures	11,895,084	9,250,708	2,644,376
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 16,089,802	\$ 12,962,375	\$ 3,127,427
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>			
Total revenues and other financing sources - modified accrual basis		\$ 6,493,038	
Total expenditures and other financing uses - modified accrual basis		12,962,375	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(6,469,337)	
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>			
Depreciation		(2,021,363)	
Subscription amortization		(21,885)	
Amortized premium		195,435	
Principal payments on long-term debt		831,132	
Decrease in accrued interest		3,125	
(Increase) in accrued payroll		(6,084)	
(Increase) in accrued vacation pay		(25,162)	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		61,976	
(Increase) in net pension liability		(171,108)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		5,686	
(Decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		(48,630)	
Decrease in OPEB liability		241,381	
(Increase) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		(156,715)	
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(47,300)	
Capital outlay		8,419,576	
Less amounts not capitalized		(1,048,928)	
Change in Net Position		\$ (258,201)	

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

ENTERPRISE FUND  
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLANT - CAPITAL RESERVE FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Transfers from Capital Reserve for Governmental Projects</b>	\$ 2,944,046	\$ 2,944,046	\$ -	\$ 2,944,046	\$ -
<b>Transfers from WPCP Operations</b>	5,469,364	5,469,364	-	5,469,364	-
<b>Transfers from Public Utilities Operations</b>	648,069	648,069	-	648,069	-
<b>Transfers from East Moore Water District Operations</b>	10,074	10,074	-	10,074	-
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 9,071,553</u>	<u>\$ 9,071,553</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 9,071,553</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Transfers to WPCP Capital Project Fund</b>	\$ 4,320,000	\$ 4,320,000	\$ -	\$ 4,320,000	\$ -
<b>Transfers to WPCP - Capital</b>	2,314,138	-	-	-	2,314,138
<b>Transfers to 2013 Water Source Capital Project Fund</b>	2,437,415	2,437,415	-	2,437,415	-
Total expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ 9,071,553</u>	<u>\$ 6,757,415</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,757,415</u>	<u>\$ 2,314,138</u>
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>					
Total revenues and other financing sources - modified accrual basis			\$ -		
Total expenditures and other financing uses - modified accrual basis			-		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			-		
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>					
Transfers from WPCP Operations			-		
Change in Net Position			<u>\$ -</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

ENTERPRISE FUND  
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLANT - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
		Current Year	Total	
<b>Transfers from WPCP Operations</b>	\$ 3,842,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,842,000)
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 3,842,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (3,842,000)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Capital Outlay	\$ 3,842,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,842,000
	<u>3,842,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,842,000</u>
Total expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ 3,842,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,842,000</u>
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>				
Total revenues and other financing sources - modified accrual basis		\$ -		
Total expenditures - modified accrual basis		-		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		-		
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>		-		
Change in Net Position		<u>\$ -</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

ENTERPRISE FUND  
PUBLIC UTILITIES - OPERATIONS  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Budget	Actual	
<b>Operating revenues:</b>			
Charges for services	\$ 14,107,428	\$ 15,306,560	\$ 1,199,132
Other revenues	16,533	34,119	17,586
Total operating revenues	14,123,961	15,340,679	1,216,718
<b>Nonoperating revenues:</b>			
Investment income	380,351	381,399	1,048
Lease interest income	-	117,355	117,355
Gain on disposal of assets	152,800	404,746	251,946
Payment from EMWD	265,000	265,000	-
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	400,000	-	(400,000)
Total nonoperating revenues	1,198,151	1,168,500	(29,651)
<b>Transfer from EMWD Operations (SDF)</b>	60,000	157,249	97,249
<b>Net assets appropriated</b>	1,833,798	-	(1,833,798)
Total revenues, other financing sources and appropriated fund balance	\$ 17,215,910	\$ 16,666,428	\$ (549,482)
<b>Operating expenditures:</b>			
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 3,479,771	\$ 3,232,768	\$ 247,003
Operational expenditures	7,027,007	6,598,063	428,944
Professional services	948,971	408,418	540,553
Repairs and maintenance	1,225,122	854,689	370,433
Total operating expenditures	12,680,871	11,093,938	1,586,933
<b>Nonoperating expenditures:</b>			
Interest expense & other charges	498,567	498,566	1
Total nonoperating expenditures	498,567	498,566	1
<b>Transfer to EMWD</b>	494,339	494,339	-
<b>Transfer to Capital Reserve</b>	425	425	-
<b>Budgetary appropriations:</b>			
Principal payments on long-term debt	952,252	952,252	-
Capital outlay	2,589,456	1,155,392	1,434,064
Total other expenditures	3,541,708	2,107,644	1,434,064
Total expenditures	\$ 17,215,910	\$ 14,194,912	\$ 3,020,998
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>			
Total revenues and other financing sources - modified accrual basis		\$ 16,666,428	
Total expenditures - modified accrual basis		14,194,912	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		2,471,516	
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>			
Depreciation		(2,461,173)	
Subscription amortization		(43,756)	
Principal payments on long-term debt		952,252	
Due from East Moore Water District - principal contribution		(265,000)	
(Increase) in accrued payroll		(19,390)	
(Increase) in accrued vacation pay		(29,435)	
(Increase) in compensation benefits		(61)	
Decrease in debt interest accrued		117,170	
Deferred charges - paid for Refunding LOB, Series 2016		(56,015)	
Amortized Premium		30,691	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		123,952	
(Increase) in net pension liability		(342,216)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		11,371	
(Decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		(97,260)	
Decrease in OPEB liability		482,762	
(Increase) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		(313,431)	
(Increase) in deferred revenues		(4,343)	
Loss on disposal of assets		(16,125)	
Transfer to Capital Reserve		425	
Effect of Public Utilities Capital Project Funds		10,268,767	
Contributed capital		1,834,274	
Capital outlay		1,155,392	
Less amounts not capitalized		(245,646)	
Change in Net Position		\$ 13,554,721	

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA  
ENTERPRISE FUND  
PUBLIC UTILITIES - CAPITAL RESERVE FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Transfers from Public Utilities Operations</b>	<u>\$ 2,333,451</u>	<u>\$ 2,333,451</u>	<u>\$ 425</u>	<u>\$ 2,333,876</u>	<u>\$ 425</u>
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 2,333,451</u>	<u>\$ 2,333,451</u>	<u>\$ 425</u>	<u>\$ 2,333,876</u>	<u>\$ 425</u>
<b>Transfers to Public Utilities - Capital</b>	<u>\$ 1,971,033</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,971,033</u>
<b>Transfers to Vass Phase II Sewer Capital Project Fund</b>	<u>362,418</u>	<u>362,418</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>362,418</u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ 2,333,451</u>	<u>\$ 362,418</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 362,418</u>	<u>\$ 1,971,033</u>
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>					
Total revenues and other financing sources- modified accrual basis			\$ 425		
Total expenditures and other financing uses - modified accrual basis			-		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			<u>425</u>		
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>					
Transfers from Public Utilities Operations			<u>(425)</u>		
Change in Net Position			<u>\$ -</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

ENTERPRISE FUND  
PUBLIC UTILITIES - 2013 WATER SOURCE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Nonoperating revenues:</b>					
Contributions	\$ 2,171,000	\$ 2,171,000	\$ -	\$ 2,171,000	\$ -
Other revenues	68,247	68,603	-	68,603	356
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>2,239,247</u>	<u>2,239,603</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,239,603</u>	<u>356</u>
<b>Transfers from Public Utilities Operations</b>	<u>1,944,371</u>	<u>1,789,637</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,789,637</u>	<u>(154,734)</u>
<b>Transfers from Capital Reserve for Enterprise Funds</b>	<u>2,437,415</u>	<u>2,437,415</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,437,415</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Transfers from Public Utilities SDF</b>	<u>624,546</u>	<u>624,546</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>624,546</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Transfers from 2010 LOB Public Utilities Capital Project</b>	<u>968,401</u>	<u>968,401</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>968,401</u>	<u>-</u>
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 8,213,980</u>	<u>\$ 8,059,602</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,059,602</u>	<u>\$ (154,378)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Capital outlay	\$ 8,145,733	\$ 7,991,355	\$ -	\$ 7,991,355	\$ 154,378
<b>Transfers to Vass Wastewater System Capital Project</b>	<u>68,247</u>	<u>68,247</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>68,247</u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ 8,213,980</u>	<u>\$ 8,059,602</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,059,602</u>	<u>\$ 154,378</u>
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>					
Total revenues and other financing sources - modified accrual basis			\$ -		
Total expenditures and other financing uses - modified accrual basis			<u>-</u>		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			<u>-</u>		
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>					
Transfer from Public Utilities SDF			-		
Transfer from Public Utilities Operations			-		
Capital outlay			<u>-</u>		
Change in Net Position			<u>\$ -</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

ENTERPRISE FUND  
PUBLIC UTILITIES - VASS PHASE II SEWER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Nonoperating revenues:</b>					
Other revenues	\$ 191,802	\$ 32,400	\$ 35,000	\$ 67,400	\$ (124,402)
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	6,345,000	-	3,205,457	3,205,457	(3,139,543)
Investment Income	-	276	428	704	
Total nonoperating revenues	6,536,802	32,676	3,240,885	3,273,561	(3,263,945)
<b>Bonds issued</b>	5,413,000	-	5,413,000	5,413,000	-
<b>Bond anticipation proceeds</b>	5,413,000	5,413,000	-	5,413,000	-
<b>Transfers from Public Utilities Capital Reserve Fund</b>	362,418	362,418	-	362,418	-
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 17,725,220</u>	<u>\$ 5,808,094</u>	<u>\$ 8,653,885</u>	<u>\$ 14,461,979</u>	<u>\$ (3,263,945)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Capital outlay	\$ 11,949,802	\$ 854,954	\$ 8,332,976	\$ 9,187,930	\$ 2,761,872
<b>Bond Anticipation Principal Payment</b>	5,413,000	-	5,413,000	5,413,000	-
<b>Transfers to Public Utilities Capital Reserve Fund</b>	362,418	-	-	-	362,418
Total expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ 17,725,220</u>	<u>\$ 854,954</u>	<u>\$ 13,745,976</u>	<u>\$ 14,600,930</u>	<u>\$ 3,124,290</u>
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>					
Total revenues and other financing sources - modified accrual basis			\$ 8,653,885		
Total expenditures and other financing uses - modified accrual basis			<u>13,745,976</u>		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			(5,092,091)		
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>					
Bonds issued			\$ (5,413,000)		
Bond anticipation principal payment			5,413,000		
Capital outlay			<u>7,952,109</u>		
Change in Net Position			<u>\$ 2,860,018</u>		



COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

ENTERPRISE FUND  
PUBLIC UTILITIES - ARP CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
		Current Year	Total	
<b>Transfers from ARP Grant Fund</b>	\$ 7,869,757	\$ 7,308,874	\$ 7,308,874	\$ (560,883)
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 7,869,757</u>	<u>\$ 7,308,874</u>	<u>\$ 7,308,874</u>	<u>\$ (560,883)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Capital Outlay	\$ 7,869,757	\$ 221,484	\$ 221,484	\$ 7,648,273
	<u>7,869,757</u>	<u>221,484</u>	<u>221,484</u>	<u>7,648,273</u>
Total expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ 7,869,757</u>	<u>\$ 221,484</u>	<u>\$ 221,484</u>	<u>\$ 7,648,273</u>
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>				
Total revenues and other financing sources - modified accrual basis		\$ 7,308,874		
Total expenditures - modified accrual basis		<u>221,484</u>		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			7,087,390	
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>				
Capital outlay		<u>171,609</u>		
Change in Net Position		<u>\$ 7,258,999</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

ENTERPRISE FUND  
PUBLIC UTILITIES - SEVEN LAKES SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
		Current Year	Total	
<b>Nonoperating revenues:</b>				
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 149,750	\$ 149,750	(14,850,250)
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>15,000,000</u>	<u>149,750</u>	<u>149,750</u>	<u>(14,850,250)</u>
Total revenues	<u>\$ 15,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 149,750</u>	<u>\$ 149,750</u>	<u>\$ (14,850,250)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Capital outlay	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 149,750	\$ 149,750	\$ 14,850,250
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 15,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 149,750</u>	<u>\$ 149,750</u>	<u>\$ 14,850,250</u>
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>				
Total revenues - modified accrual basis		\$ 149,750		
Total expenditures - modified accrual basis		<u>149,750</u>		
Revenues over (under) expenditures			-	
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>				
Capital outlay		<u>149,750</u>		
Change in Net Position		<u>\$ 149,750</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

ENTERPRISE FUND  
EAST MOORE WATER DISTRICT - OPERATIONS  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Budget	Actual	
<b>Operating revenues:</b>			
Charges for services	\$ 3,367,000	\$ 3,579,696	\$ 212,696
Other revenues	-	8,081	8,081
Total operating revenues	3,367,000	3,587,777	220,777
<b>Transfer from Public Utilities</b>	494,339	494,339	-
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 3,861,339	\$ 4,082,116	\$ 220,777
<b>Operating expenditures:</b>			
Operational expenditures	\$ 2,067,409	\$ 1,765,447	\$ 301,962
Professional services	324,500	291,960	32,540
Total operating expenditures	2,391,909	2,057,407	334,502
<b>Nonoperating expenditures:</b>			
Interest expense	403,906	403,905	1
Total nonoperating expenditures	403,906	403,905	1
<b>Budgetary appropriations:</b>			
Principal payments on long-term debt	290,000	290,000	-
Capital outlay	176,295	62,005	114,290
Total other expenditures	466,295	352,005	114,290
<b>Other financing uses:</b>			
Transfer to East Moore Water District Capital Reserve	389,229	389,229	-
Transfer to Public Utilities SDF from EMWD	210,000	157,249	52,751
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 3,861,339	\$ 3,359,795	\$ 501,544
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>			
Total revenues - modified accrual basis		\$ 4,082,116	
Total expenditures and other financing uses - modified accrual basis		3,359,795	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		722,321	
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>			
Depreciation		(1,132,348)	
Payment of debt principal		25,000	
Due to Public Utilities Fund - Principal paid		265,000	
Contributed Capital		440,750	
Transfer to EMWD Capital Reserve		389,229	
Effect of EMWD Capital Project Funds		1,028,430	
Decrease in bond interest accrued		1,140	
Capital outlay		62,005	
Less amounts not capitalized		(600)	
Change in Net Position		\$ 1,800,927	139

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA  
ENTERPRISE FUND  
EAST MOORE WATER DISTRICT - CAPITAL RESERVE FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Transfers from East Moore Water District Operations</b>	\$ 485,804	\$ 485,804	\$ 389,229	\$ 875,033	\$ 389,229
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 485,804</u>	<u>\$ 485,804</u>	<u>\$ 389,229</u>	<u>\$ 875,033</u>	<u>\$ 389,229</u>
 <b>Transfers to East Moore Water District - Capital</b>	 \$ 135,952	 \$ -	 \$ -	 \$ -	 \$ 135,952
<b>Transfers to East Moore Water District Capital Phase IV</b>	\$ 349,852	\$ 349,852	\$ -	\$ 349,852	\$ -
Total expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ 485,804</u>	<u>\$ 349,852</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 349,852</u>	<u>\$ 135,952</u>
 <b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>					
Total revenues and other financing sources- modified accrual basis			\$ 389,229		
Total expenditures and other financing uses- modified accrual basis			<u>-</u>		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			389,229		
 <b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>					
Transfers from EMWD Operations			<u>(389,229)</u>		
 Change in Net Position			<u>\$ -</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

ENTERPRISE FUND  
EAST MOORE WATER DISTRICT - PHASE IV CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Nonoperating revenues:</b>					
Other revenues	\$ 27,750	\$ 60,020	\$ -	\$ 60,020	\$ 32,270
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	1,118,000	1,060,305	-	1,060,305	(57,695)
Investment Income	-	115	-	115	115
Total nonoperating revenues	1,145,750	1,120,440	-	1,120,440	(25,310)
<b>Loan issued</b>	1,395,000	1,395,000	-	1,395,000	-
<b>Bond anticipation proceeds</b>	1,395,000	1,395,000	-	1,395,000	-
<b>Transfers from East Moore Water District Capital Reserve</b>	162,865	162,865	-	162,865	-
<b>Transfers from East Moore Water District Operations</b>	55,135	-	-	-	(55,135)
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 4,153,750</u>	<u>\$ 4,073,305</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,073,305</u>	<u>\$ (80,445)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Interest	\$ 20,978	\$ 20,977	\$ -	\$ 20,977	\$ 1
Capital outlay	2,519,772	2,404,013	-	2,404,013	115,759
	2,540,750	2,424,990	-	2,424,990	115,760
<b>Bond Anticipation Principal Payment</b>	1,395,000	1,395,000	-	1,395,000	-
<b>Transfers to East Moore Water District Capital Reserve</b>	162,865	-	-	-	162,865
<b>Transfers to East Moore Water District Operations</b>	55,135	-	-	-	55,135
Total expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ 4,153,750</u>	<u>\$ 3,819,990</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,819,990</u>	<u>\$ 333,760</u>
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>					
Total revenues and other financing sources - modified accrual basis			\$ -		
Total expenditures and other financing uses - modified accrual basis			-		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			-		
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>					
Capital outlay			-		
Change in Net Position			<u>\$ -</u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA  
ENTERPRISE FUND  
EAST MOORE WATER DISTRICT - ARP CAPITAL PROJECT FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Transfers from ARP Grant Fund</b>	<u>\$ 1,175,000</u>	<u>\$ 146,570</u>	<u>\$ 1,028,430</u>	<u>\$ 1,175,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Transfers from EMWD Fund</b>	<u>\$ 494,339</u>	<u>\$ 494,339</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 494,339</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u><u>\$ 1,669,339</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 640,909</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,028,430</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,669,339</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Capital Outlay	<u>\$ 1,669,339</u>	<u>\$ 146,570</u>	<u>\$ 1,382,900</u>	<u>\$ 1,529,470</u>	<u>\$ 139,869</u>
	<u>1,669,339</u>	<u>146,570</u>	<u>1,382,900</u>	<u>1,529,470</u>	<u>139,869</u>
Total expenditures and other financing uses	<u><u>\$ 1,669,339</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 146,570</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,382,900</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,529,470</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 139,869</u></u>
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>					
Total revenues and other financing sources - modified accrual basis			\$ 1,028,430		
Total expenditures - modified accrual basis			<u>1,382,900</u>		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses			<u>(354,470)</u>		
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>					
Transfers from EMWD Fund			-		
Capital outlay			<u>1,382,900</u>		
Change in Net Position			<u><u>\$ 1,028,430</u></u>		

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND  
SELF INSURANCE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - FINANCIAL PLAN AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Financial Plan	Actual	
<b>Operating revenues:</b>			
Charges for services	\$ 11,096,796	\$ 11,139,826	\$ 43,030
<b>Transfer from general fund</b>	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
<b>Net assets appropriated</b>	500,949	-	(500,949)
Total revenues and other financing uses	<u>\$ 12,597,745</u>	<u>\$ 12,139,826</u>	<u>\$ (457,919)</u>
<b>Operating expenditures:</b>			
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 103,021	\$ 102,229	\$ 792
Administrative & stop loss costs	1,722,271	1,722,267	4
Hospitalization benefits and insurance premiums	10,428,175	9,932,561	495,614
Operational expenditures	14,634	13,462	1,172
Wellness Clinic	329,644	308,215	21,429
Total operating expenditures	<u>12,597,745</u>	<u>12,078,734</u>	<u>519,011</u>
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 12,597,745</u>	<u>\$ 12,078,734</u>	<u>\$ 519,011</u>
<b>Reconciliation of modified accrual basis to full accrual basis:</b>			
Total revenues and other financing sources - modified accrual basis		\$ 12,139,826	
Total expenditures - modified accrual basis		<u>12,078,734</u>	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		61,092	
<b>Adjustments to full accrual basis:</b>			
(Increase) in accrued payroll		(231)	
(Increase) in accrued vacation pay		(770)	
(Decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		(2,431)	
Decrease in OPEB liability		12,069	
(Increase) in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		<u>(7,836)</u>	
Change in net position		<u>\$ 61,893</u>	

# COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

## Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2024

	<b>Municipal Tax Fund</b>	<b>Sheriff Funds</b>	<b>Total Custodial Funds</b>
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash	\$ 135,243	\$ 41,366	\$ 176,609
Taxes receivable for other governments, net	494,528	-	494,528
Total assets	<u>629,771</u>	<u>41,366</u>	<u>671,137</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Due to other governments	520,414	-	520,414
Total liabilities	<u>520,414</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>520,414</u>
<b>Net Position</b>			
Restricted for:			
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	109,357	41,366	150,723
Total net position	<u>\$ 109,357</u>	<u>\$ 41,366</u>	<u>\$ 150,723</u>



# COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

## Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	<b>Municipal Tax Fund</b>	<b>Sheriff Funds</b>	<b>Total Custodial Funds</b>
<b>Additions</b>			
Ad valorem taxes for other governments	\$ 41,946,201	\$ -	\$ 41,946,201
Collections on behalf of inmates	-	51,231	51,231
Total additions	<u>41,946,201</u>	<u>51,231</u>	<u>41,997,432</u>
<b>Deductions</b>			
Tax distributions to other governments	41,939,835	-	41,939,835
Paments on behalf of inmates	-	24,420	24,420
Total deductions	<u>41,939,835</u>	<u>24,420</u>	<u>41,964,255</u>
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net postion	6,366	26,811	33,177
Net position, beginning	102,991	14,555	117,546
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 109,357</u>	<u>\$ 41,366</u>	<u>\$ 150,723</u>

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA  
GENERAL FUND  
SCHEDULE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE  
June 30, 2024

<u>Tax Levy</u>	<u>Uncollected Balance June 30, 2023</u>	<u>Net Levy</u>	<u>Collections</u>	<u>Other Reductions</u>	<u>Uncollected Balance June 30, 2024</u>
2003 and back	\$ 834	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 834
2004	1,465	-	-	-	1,465
2005	1,826	-	57	-	1,769
2006	1,686	-	-	-	1,686
2007	1,477	-	2	-	1,475
2008	1,940	-	4	-	1,936
2009	2,326	-	5	-	2,321
2010	2,856	-	0	-	2,856
2011	9,762	-	13	-	9,749
2012	8,414	-	12	-	8,402
2013	9,272	-	62	-	9,210
2014	9,573	-	345	-	9,228
2015	11,718	-	437	-	11,281
2016	14,677	-	401	-	14,276
2017	16,859	-	736	(38)	16,085
2018	21,955	-	999	(46)	20,910
2019	27,320	-	1,358	(44)	25,918
2020	31,524	-	4,686	1,033	27,871
2021	36,258	-	8,282	1,312	29,288
2022	(17,390)	-	21,523	71,408	32,495
2023	372,991	-	112,504	(178,312)	82,175
2024	-	73,283,138	72,955,858	-	327,280
Total	567,343	\$ 73,283,138	\$ 73,107,284	\$ (104,687)	638,510
Less allowance for uncollectible taxes (20%)	(77,100)				(102,100)
Taxes receivable, net	\$ 490,243				\$ 536,410
Reconciliation to collections:					
Property tax revenue per combined financial statements					\$ 72,194,237
Penalties and interest					(98,429)
Discounts					989,365
Relief/refunds					22,111
Collections					\$ 73,107,284

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	County Wide			Total Levy	
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy*	Property excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy:					
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 22,028,223,294	0.330	\$ 73,331,911	\$ 67,631,326	\$ 5,700,584
Registered motor vehicles taxed at prior year's rates	-	-	-	-	-
Penalties	-		38,517	38,517	-
	<u>22,028,223,294</u>		<u>73,370,428</u>	<u>67,669,843</u>	<u>5,700,584</u>
Discoveries:					
Current year taxes	33,044,042	0.330	109,185	109,185	-
Prior year taxes	28,351,615	0.510	144,573	144,573	-
Prior year taxes	1,075,900	0.465	5,129	5,129	-
Prior year taxes	12,101,313	0.485	58,813	58,813	-
Penalties	-		4,408	4,408	-
Abatements	<u>(124,059,930)</u>		<u>(409,398)</u>	<u>(421,501)</u>	<u>12,103</u>
Total property valuation	<u>\$21,978,736,234</u>				
Net Levy			73,283,138	67,570,450	5,712,687
Uncollected taxes at 6/30/24			<u>327,280</u>	<u>199,220</u>	<u>128,060</u>
Current year's taxes collected			<u>\$72,955,858</u>	<u>\$67,371,230</u>	<u>\$5,584,627</u>
Current levy collection percentage			<u>99.55%</u>	<u>99.71%</u>	<u>97.76%</u>

\* Billings are prorated according to the number of months in the billing cycle. Property is at full value but levy may vary.

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY  
June 30, 2024

Function and activity:	Land	Buildings & CIP	Equipment/Vehicles/Software	Total
General government:				
Government Center	\$ 349,184	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 349,184
Public Safety Complex	4,395,249	66,215,695	1,049,402	71,660,346
Wellness Center	-	73,274	-	73,274
Administration	-	-	36,731	36,731
County Attorney	-	-	23,330	23,330
Finance	-	-	81,312	81,312
Tax	-	-	8,761	8,761
Elections	-	505,129	314,875	820,004
Register of deeds	-	1,252,082	57,273	1,309,355
Information Technology/GIS	-	-	4,148,064	4,148,064
Property Management	733,964	18,824,071	7,412,397	26,970,432
Total general government	5,478,397	86,870,251	13,132,145	105,480,793
Public safety:				
Sheriff	-	81,680	2,849,811	2,931,491
Jail	-	5,042,039	-	5,042,039
Day reporting center	-	88,735	5,608	94,343
Emergency management	130,000	739,091	416,234	1,285,325
Animal Operations	-	757,024	80,289	837,313
Emergency medical services	17,364	1,475,746	9,045,670	10,538,780
E911 communications	-	146,042	2,371,234	2,517,276
Total public safety	147,364	8,330,357	14,768,846	23,246,567
Environmental protection and community development:				
Airport	29,199,100	8,553,163	232,893	37,985,156
Waste disposal	1,012,585	3,521,072	4,096,144	8,629,801
Planning and community development	-	18,080	140,763	158,843
Cooperative extension service	-	-	23,179	23,179
Soil and water conservation/District	-	-	68,305	68,305
Economic development	1,223,779	-	-	1,223,779
Total environmental protection and community development	31,435,464	12,092,315	4,561,284	48,089,063
Human services:				
Health	-	71,017	406,518	477,535
Social services/Child support	-	3,413,003	225,014	3,638,017
Veterans	-	35,000	-	35,000
Older adults	-	1,775,482	39,652	1,815,134
Transportation services	-	-	1,226,084	1,226,084
Total human services	-	5,294,502	1,897,268	7,191,770
Cultural and recreational:				
Library	-	-	10,185	10,185
Recreation	1,296,383	6,504,412	353,309	8,154,104
Total cultural and recreational	1,296,383	6,504,412	363,494	8,164,289
Total general capital assets	\$ 38,357,608	\$ 119,091,837	\$ 34,723,037	\$ 192,172,482

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY  
for the year ended June 30, 2024

<u>Function and activity:</u>	<u>General capital assets 7/1/23</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Transfers and Deductions</u>	<u>General capital assets 6/30/24</u>
General government:				
Government Center	\$ 349,184	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 349,184
Public Safety Complex	61,924,820	9,735,526	-	71,660,346
Wellness Clinic	73,274	-	-	73,274
Administration	36,731	-	-	36,731
County Attorney	23,330	-	-	23,330
Finance	46,898	34,414	-	81,312
Tax	8,761	-	-	8,761
Elections	510,394	309,610	-	820,004
Information Technology/GIS	3,981,614	163,670	2,780	4,148,064
Property Management	26,709,608	880,508	(619,684)	26,970,432
Register of deeds	1,323,446	-	(14,091)	1,309,355
Total general government	<u>94,988,060</u>	<u>11,123,728</u>	<u>(630,995)</u>	<u>105,480,793</u>
Public safety:				
Sheriff	1,971,002	1,017,253	(56,764)	2,931,491
Jail	5,042,039	-	-	5,042,039
Day reporting center	94,343	-	-	94,343
Emergency management	1,174,269	111,056	-	1,285,325
Animal Operations	828,318	8,995	-	837,313
Emergency medical services	10,095,652	581,814	(138,686)	10,538,780
E911 communications	2,149,687	367,589	-	2,517,276
Total public safety	<u>21,355,310</u>	<u>2,086,707</u>	<u>(195,450)</u>	<u>23,246,567</u>
Environmental protection and community development:				
Airport	37,985,426	-	(270)	37,985,156
Waste disposal	5,542,791	3,237,045	(150,035)	8,629,801
Planning and community development	65,320	93,523	-	158,843
Cooperative extension service	31,173	-	(7,994)	23,179
Soil and water conservation	68,305	-	-	68,305
Economic development	1,223,779	-	-	1,223,779
Total environmental protection and community development	<u>44,916,794</u>	<u>3,330,568</u>	<u>(158,299)</u>	<u>48,089,063</u>
Human services:				
Health	456,476	155,608	(134,549)	477,535
Social services/Child support	3,635,622	19,643	(17,248)	3,638,017
Veterans	35,000	-	-	35,000
Older adults	1,815,134	-	-	1,815,134
Transportation services	1,286,370	-	(60,286)	1,226,084
Total human services	<u>7,228,602</u>	<u>175,251</u>	<u>(212,083)</u>	<u>7,191,770</u>
Cultural and recreational:				
Library	10,185	-	-	10,185
Recreation	8,154,104	-	-	8,154,104
Total cultural and recreational	<u>8,164,289</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,164,289</u>
Total general capital assets	<u>\$ 176,653,055</u>	<u>\$ 16,716,254</u>	<u>\$ (1,196,827)</u>	<u>\$ 192,172,482</u>

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND MATURITIES  
June 30, 2024

<u>Issue Date</u> <u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u> <u>Issued</u>	<u>Maturities</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Redeemed</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2024</u>	<u>2024-2025 Requirements</u>		
		<u>Amount</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Due Date</u>			<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
6/21/16 Refunding, Series 2016										
			6/1/17	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1					
			6/1/18	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1					
	2,180,000	2,180,000	6/1/19	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	2,180,000				
	3,000,000	3,000,000	6/1/20	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	3,000,000				
	3,505,000	3,505,000	6/1/21	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	3,505,000				
	4,615,000	4,615,000	6/1/22	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	4,615,000				
	4,640,000	4,640,000	6/1/23	2.000%	12/1 & 6/1	4,640,000				
	4,520,000	4,520,000	6/1/24	2.000%	12/1 & 6/1	4,520,000				
	4,400,000	4,400,000	6/1/25	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	4,400,000	4,400,000	220,000	4,620,000
	4,410,000	4,410,000	6/1/26	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	4,410,000	-	220,500	220,500
	4,420,000	4,420,000	6/1/27	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	4,420,000	-	221,000	221,000
	4,430,000	4,430,000	6/1/28	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	4,430,000	-	221,500	221,500
	2,260,000	2,260,000	6/1/29	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	2,260,000	-	113,000	113,000
	<u>42,380,000</u>					<u>22,460,000</u>	<u>19,920,000</u>	<u>4,400,000</u>	<u>996,000</u>	<u>5,396,000</u>
12/15/16 Refunding, Series 2016										
	350,000	350,000	6/1/17	2.000%	12/1 & 6/1	350,000				
	165,000	165,000	6/1/18	3.000%	12/1 & 6/1	165,000				
	165,000	165,000	6/1/19	3.000%	12/1 & 6/1	165,000				
	170,000	170,000	6/1/20	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	170,000				
	185,000	185,000	6/1/21	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	185,000				
	190,000	190,000	6/1/22	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	190,000				
	205,000	205,000	6/1/23	3.000%/5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	205,000				
	205,000	205,000	6/1/24	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	205,000				
	215,000	215,000	6/1/25	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	215,000	215,000	10,750	225,750
	230,000	230,000	6/1/26	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	230,000	-	11,500	11,500
	240,000	240,000	6/1/27	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	240,000	-	12,000	12,000
	255,000	255,000	6/1/28	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	255,000	-	10,200	10,200
	260,000	260,000	6/1/29	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	260,000	-	10,400	10,400
	275,000	275,000	6/1/30	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	275,000	-	11,000	11,000
	280,000	280,000	6/1/31	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	280,000	-	11,200	11,200
	295,000	295,000	6/1/32	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	295,000	-	11,800	11,800
	310,000	310,000	6/1/33	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	310,000	-	12,400	12,400
	320,000	320,000	6/1/34	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	320,000	-	12,800	12,800
	330,000	330,000	6/1/35	3.875%	12/1 & 6/1	-	330,000	-	12,788	12,788
	350,000	350,000	6/1/36	3.875%	12/1 & 6/1	-	350,000	-	13,563	13,563
	355,000	355,000	6/1/37	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	355,000	-	14,200	14,200
	365,000	365,000	6/1/38	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	365,000	-	14,600	14,600
	380,000	380,000	6/1/39	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	380,000	-	15,200	15,200
	395,000	395,000	6/1/40	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	395,000	-	15,800	15,800
	405,000	405,000	6/1/41	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	405,000	-	16,200	16,200
	420,000	420,000	6/1/42	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	420,000	-	16,800	16,800
	350,000	350,000	6/1/43	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	350,000	-	14,000	14,000
	355,000	355,000	6/1/44	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	355,000	-	14,200	14,200
	365,000	365,000	6/1/45	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	365,000	-	14,600	14,600
	365,000	365,000	6/1/46	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	365,000	-	14,600	14,600
	<u>8,750,000</u>					<u>1,635,000</u>	<u>7,115,000</u>	<u>215,000</u>	<u>290,601</u>	<u>505,601</u>

(continued on next page)

COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND MATURITIES  
June 30, 2024

Issue Date Description	Amount	Maturities		Interest		Balance	2024-2025 Requirements			
	Issued	Amount	Year	Rate	Due Date		Redeemed	June 30, 2024	Principal	Interest
09/11/18 School, Series 2018										
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/19	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	1,550,000				
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/20	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	1,550,000				
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/21	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	1,550,000				
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/22	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	1,550,000				
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/23	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	1,550,000				
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/24	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	1,550,000	77,500	1,627,500
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/25	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	77,500	77,500
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/26	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	77,500	77,500
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/27	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	77,500	77,500
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/28	5.000%/4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	69,750	69,750
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/29	4.000%/3.125%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	55,219	55,219
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/30	3.125%/3.250%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	49,406	49,406
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/31	3.250%/3.125%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	49,406	49,406
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/32	3.125%/3.250%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	49,406	49,406
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/33	3.250%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	50,375	50,375
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/34	3.250%/3.3750%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	51,344	51,344
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/35	3.375%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	52,313	52,313
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/36	3.375%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	52,313	52,313
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/37	3.375%/3.500%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	53,281	53,281
	1,550,000	1,550,000	12/1/38	3.500%	12/1 & 6/1	-	1,550,000	-	27,125	27,125
	31,000,000					7,750,000	23,250,000	1,550,000	869,938	2,419,938
03/28/19 School, Series 2019A										
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/20	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,700,000				
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/21	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,700,000				
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/22	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,700,000				
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/23	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,700,000				
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/24	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,700,000				
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/25	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	1,700,000	85,000	1,785,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/26	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	85,000	85,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/27	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	85,000	85,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/28	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	85,000	85,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/29	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	85,000	85,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/30	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	85,000	85,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/31	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	85,000	85,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/32	3.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	51,000	51,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/33	3.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	51,000	51,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/34	2.875%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	48,875	48,875
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/35	3.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	51,000	51,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/36	3.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	51,000	51,000
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/37	3.125%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	53,125	53,125
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/38	3.250%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	55,250	55,250
	1,700,000	1,700,000	1/15/39	3.250%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,700,000	-	55,250	55,250
	34,000,000					8,500,000	25,500,000	1,700,000	1,011,500	2,711,500
09/24/19 School, Series 2019B										
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/21	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,900,000				
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/22	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,900,000				
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/23	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,900,000				
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/24	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,900,000				
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/25	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	1,900,000	95,000	1,995,000
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/26	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	95,000	95,000
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/27	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	95,000	95,000
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/28	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	95,000	95,000
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/29	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	95,000	95,000
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/30	5.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	95,000	95,000
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/31	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	76,000	76,000
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/32	2.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	38,000	38,000
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/33	2.125%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	40,375	40,375
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/34	2.250%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	42,750	42,750
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/35	2.375%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	45,125	45,125
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/36	2.375%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	45,125	45,125
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/37	2.375%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	45,125	45,125
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/38	2.375%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	45,125	45,125
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/39	2.375%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	45,125	45,125
	1,900,000	1,900,000	7/15/40	2.375%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,900,000	-	45,125	45,125
	38,000,000					7,600,000	30,400,000	1,900,000	1,037,875	2,937,875

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COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND MATURITIES  
June 30, 2024

Issue Date Description	Amount	Maturities		Interest		Redeemed	Balance	2024-2025 Requirements		
	Issued	Amount	Year	Rate	Due Date		June 30, 2024	Principal	Interest	Total
02/17/21 Community College, Series 2021										
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/22	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,000,000				
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/23	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,000,000				
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/24	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	1,000,000				
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/25	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	40,000	1,040,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/26	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	40,000	40,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/27	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	40,000	40,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/28	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	40,000	40,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/29	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	40,000	40,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/30	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	40,000	40,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/31	4.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	40,000	40,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/32	1.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	10,000	10,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/33	2.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	20,000	20,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/34	2.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	20,000	20,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/35	1.250%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	12,500	12,500
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/36	1.375%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	13,750	13,750
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/37	1.500%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	15,000	15,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/38	1.500%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	15,000	15,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/39	2.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	20,000	20,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/40	2.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	20,000	20,000
	1,000,000	1,000,000	1/15/41	2.000%	7/15 & 1/15	-	1,000,000	-	20,000	20,000
	20,000,000					3,000,000	17,000,000	1,000,000	446,250	1,446,250
6/17/21 Refunding, Series 2021										
	60,000	60,000	6/1/22	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	60,000				
	60,000	60,000	6/1/23	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	60,000				
	60,000	60,000	6/1/24	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	60,000				
	65,000	65,000	6/1/25	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	65,000	65,000	3,250	68,250
	65,000	65,000	6/1/26	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	65,000	-	3,250	3,250
	70,000	70,000	6/1/27	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	70,000	-	3,500	3,500
	75,000	75,000	6/1/28	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	75,000	-	3,750	3,750
	75,000	75,000	6/1/29	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	75,000	-	3,750	3,750
	80,000	80,000	6/1/30	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	80,000	-	4,000	4,000
	85,000	85,000	6/1/31	5.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	85,000	-	4,250	4,250
	90,000	90,000	6/1/32	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	90,000	-	3,600	3,600
	95,000	95,000	6/1/33	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	95,000	-	3,800	3,800
	95,000	95,000	6/1/34	4.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	95,000	-	3,800	3,800
	100,000	100,000	6/1/35	2.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	100,000	-	2,000	2,000
	100,000	100,000	6/1/36	2.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	100,000	-	2,000	2,000
	105,000	105,000	6/1/37	2.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	105,000	-	2,100	2,100
	105,000	105,000	6/1/38	3.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	105,000	-	3,150	3,150
	110,000	110,000	6/1/39	3.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	110,000	-	3,300	3,300
	115,000	115,000	6/1/40	3.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	115,000	-	3,450	3,450
	115,000	115,000	6/1/41	2.000%	12/1 & 6/1	-	115,000	-	2,300	2,300
	120,000	120,000	6/1/42	2.125%	12/1 & 6/1	-	120,000	-	2,550	2,550
	120,000	120,000	6/1/43	2.125%	12/1 & 6/1	-	120,000	-	2,550	2,550
	125,000	125,000	6/1/44	2.125%	12/1 & 6/1	-	125,000	-	2,656	2,656
	125,000	125,000	6/1/45	2.125%	12/1 & 6/1	-	125,000	-	2,656	2,656
	130,000	130,000	6/1/46	2.125%	12/1 & 6/1	-	130,000	-	2,763	2,763
	130,000	130,000	6/1/47	2.125%	12/1 & 6/1	-	130,000	-	2,763	2,763
	135,000	135,000	6/1/48	2.125%	12/1 & 6/1	-	135,000	-	2,869	2,869
	115,000	115,000	6/1/49	2.125%	12/1 & 6/1	-	115,000	-	2,444	2,444
	2,725,000					180,000	2,545,000	65,000	76,500	141,500
TOTAL	\$ 176,855,000					\$51,125,000	\$ 125,730,000	\$ 10,830,000	\$ 4,728,664	\$ 15,558,664



## STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the County of Moore's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

<b>Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	154
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	159
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	163
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	166
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	168

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Schedule 1

**County of Moore**  
**Net Position by Component**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**  
**(accrual basis of accounting)**  
**(amounts expressed in thousands)**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 53,345	\$ 51,912	\$ 52,586	\$ 52,473	\$ 52,128	\$ 57,699	\$ 62,360	\$ 65,311	\$ 71,166	\$ 72,801
Restricted	30,454	11,030	11,716	41,607	16,780	21,629	64,165	24,888	36,569	44,851
Unrestricted	(56,000)	(30,773)	(27,962)	(72,576)	(75,103)	(137,002)	(191,989)	(126,274)	(114,652)	(104,663)
Total governmental activities net position	<u>\$ 27,799</u>	<u>\$ 32,169</u>	<u>\$ 36,340</u>	<u>\$ 21,504</u>	<u>\$ (6,195)</u>	<u>\$ (57,674)</u>	<u>\$ (65,464)</u>	<u>\$ (36,075)</u>	<u>\$ (6,917)</u>	<u>\$ 12,989</u>
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 30,987	\$ 33,292	\$ 23,005	\$ 23,226	\$ 31,095	\$ 32,827	\$ 31,724	\$ 30,721	\$ 32,671	\$ 41,413
Restricted	-	-	-	-	297	970	716	725	940	1,485
Unrestricted	8,973	9,479	19,512	19,975	12,939	13,273	16,314	21,262	24,495	30,306
Total business-type activities net position	<u>\$ 39,960</u>	<u>\$ 42,771</u>	<u>\$ 42,517</u>	<u>\$ 43,201</u>	<u>\$ 44,331</u>	<u>\$ 47,070</u>	<u>\$ 48,754</u>	<u>\$ 52,708</u>	<u>\$ 58,106</u>	<u>\$ 73,204</u>
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 84,332	\$ 85,204	\$ 75,591	\$ 75,699	\$ 83,223	\$ 90,526	\$ 94,084	\$ 96,032	\$ 103,837	\$ 114,214
Restricted	30,454	11,030	11,716	41,607	17,077	22,599	64,881	25,613	37,509	46,336
Unrestricted	(47,027)	(21,294)	(8,450)	(52,601)	(62,164)	(123,729)	(175,675)	(105,012)	(90,157)	(74,357)
Total primary government net position	<u>\$ 67,759</u>	<u>\$ 74,940</u>	<u>\$ 78,857</u>	<u>\$ 64,705</u>	<u>\$ 38,136</u>	<u>\$ (10,604)</u>	<u>\$ (16,710)</u>	<u>\$ 16,633</u>	<u>\$ 51,189</u>	<u>\$ 86,193</u>

Note: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

## Schedule 2

**County of Moore**  
**Changes in Net Position**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**  
**(accrual basis of accounting)**  
**(amounts expressed in thousands)**

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
<b>Expenses</b>										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 11,770	\$ 11,231	\$ 13,364	\$ 13,646	\$ 14,793	\$ 13,120	\$ 15,127	\$ 17,145	\$ 19,043	\$ 20,366
Public Safety	23,107	23,713	25,440	26,464	28,403	33,429	37,621	33,956	38,943	43,534
Environmental protection and community development	5,803	5,321	4,802	4,644	4,625	5,803	5,660	8,056	9,488	10,625
Human services	18,082	18,339	17,599	15,905	16,902	18,379	20,343	19,985	20,738	21,758
Culture and recreational	1,097	1,172	1,134	1,215	1,278	1,342	1,355	1,668	1,919	2,093
Education	35,317	35,155	40,835	43,153	75,494	108,954	73,740	49,371	46,674	48,676
Debt service fees	-	238	78	2	596	233	741	8	8	-
Debt service-interest	3,654	2,786	629	2,557	4,178	6,432	6,353	7,206	6,505	5,930
Total governmental activities expenses	98,830	97,955	103,881	107,586	146,269	187,692	160,940	137,395	143,318	152,982
Business-type activities:										
Water Pollution Control Plant	4,187	4,605	4,557	4,629	5,031	4,800	5,688	5,488	5,532	6,751
Public utilities	9,330	9,590	11,387	11,608	12,304	11,883	12,693	12,675	13,336	14,882
East Moore water district	2,130	2,136	2,524	2,686	2,674	2,696	3,275	3,033	3,224	3,593
Total business-type activities expenses	15,647	16,331	18,468	18,923	20,009	19,379	21,656	21,196	22,092	25,226
Total primary government expenses	<u>\$ 114,477</u>	<u>\$ 114,286</u>	<u>\$ 122,349</u>	<u>\$ 126,509</u>	<u>\$ 166,278</u>	<u>\$ 207,071</u>	<u>\$ 182,596</u>	<u>\$ 158,591</u>	<u>\$ 165,410</u>	<u>\$ 178,208</u>
<b>Program Revenues</b>										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 2,360	\$ 2,591	\$ 2,780	\$ 3,286	\$ 3,197	\$ 3,407	\$ 4,989	\$ 5,055	\$ 4,318	\$ 4,440
Public safety	3,861	4,087	3,792	3,861	4,259	3,839	4,670	5,280	5,625	5,922
Environmental protection and community development	1,961	2,266	2,536	2,551	3,095	3,384	3,764	6,456	6,426	7,009
Human services	657	603	564	533	552	508	420	514	561	714
Cultural and recreational	224	235	192	217	181	120	102	168	246	217
Operating grants and contributions:										
General government	45	41	-	54	-	25	158	10,000	-	-
Public safety	1,483	1,562	1,750	1,378	1,381	1,984	5,397	2,068	1,097	1,178
Environmental protection and community development	104	259	295	211	182	195	124	126	333	91
Human services	11,342	11,337	10,995	8,890	9,411	9,906	11,539	11,885	11,292	10,935
Cultural and recreational	5	-	1	1	-	32	-	49	-	-
Capital grants and contributions:										
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,337
Public safety	-	-	-	67	64	185	551	73	234	105
Environmental protection and community development	285	154	1	-	-	-	-	-	147	-
Human services	2	-	-	25	-	761	-	117	33	104
Education	513	796	1,780	1,036	900	503	1,493	28	-	-
Total Government activities program revenues	<u>22,842</u>	<u>23,931</u>	<u>24,686</u>	<u>22,110</u>	<u>23,222</u>	<u>24,849</u>	<u>33,207</u>	<u>41,819</u>	<u>30,312</u>	<u>39,052</u>
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water Pollution Control Plant	4,764	5,198	5,292	5,266	6,476	5,997	6,717	6,007	6,067	6,482
Public utilities	9,665	9,746	10,476	11,182	10,977	11,704	12,448	14,117	13,640	15,302
East Moore water district	1,708	1,944	1,674	2,274	2,183	2,346	2,576	2,812	3,166	3,580
Operating grants and contributions										
Public utilities	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions:										
Wastewater treatment	-	-	-	-	-	59	-	-	72	-
Public utilities	-	2,171	-	933	914	1,098	775	354	3,162	5,189
East Moore water district	-	-	-	160	100	461	186	1,158	562	441
Total business-type activities program revenues	<u>16,137</u>	<u>19,059</u>	<u>17,442</u>	<u>19,815</u>	<u>20,650</u>	<u>21,674</u>	<u>22,702</u>	<u>24,448</u>	<u>26,669</u>	<u>30,994</u>
Total primary government program revenues	<u>\$ 38,979</u>	<u>\$ 42,990</u>	<u>\$ 42,128</u>	<u>\$ 41,925</u>	<u>\$ 43,872</u>	<u>\$ 46,523</u>	<u>\$ 55,909</u>	<u>\$ 66,267</u>	<u>\$ 56,981</u>	<u>\$ 70,046</u>

Note: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

## Schedule 2 continued

**County of Moore**  
**Changes in Net Position Cont.**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**  
**(accrual basis of accounting)**  
**(amounts expressed in thousands)**

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Net (expenses)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (75,988)	\$ (74,024)	\$ (79,195)	\$ (85,476)	\$ (123,047)	\$ (162,843)	\$ (127,733)	\$ (95,576)	\$ (113,006)	\$ (113,930)
Business-type activities	490	2,728	(1,026)	892	641	2,295	1,046	3,252	4,577	5,768
Total primary government net expense	<u>\$ (75,498)</u>	<u>\$ (71,296)</u>	<u>\$ (80,221)</u>	<u>\$ (84,584)</u>	<u>\$ (122,406)</u>	<u>\$ (160,548)</u>	<u>\$ (126,687)</u>	<u>\$ (92,324)</u>	<u>\$ (108,429)</u>	<u>\$ (108,162)</u>
<b>General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position</b>										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 62,710	\$ 60,640	\$ 63,385	\$ 65,528	\$ 67,667	\$ 79,245	\$ 82,338	\$ 85,093	\$ 84,658	\$ 87,012
Sales taxes	14,868	15,933	16,686	17,015	19,416	23,035	27,769	30,852	33,308	36,143
Other taxes and licenses	263	279	296	312	322	320	363	376	517	380
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	1,758	1,956	2,579	2,760	3,069	3,533	4,573	5,253	6,335	5,901
Donations	113	100	119	101	308	329	382	366	433	249
Investment income	311	284	577	1,395	3,230	2,987	122	301	8,231	11,965
Other revenues	176	86	111	76	735	1,092	860	237	11,362	396
Payments from component units	345	345	346	646	347	822	3,323	2,373	124	25
Gain on sale of assets	-	-	731	-	254	-	131	114	128	103
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(147)	(8,337)
Total government activities	<u>80,544</u>	<u>79,623</u>	<u>84,830</u>	<u>87,833</u>	<u>95,348</u>	<u>111,363</u>	<u>119,861</u>	<u>124,965</u>	<u>144,949</u>	<u>133,837</u>
Business-type activities:										
Donations	-	22	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	33	34	643	347	344	337	585	400	399	393
Other revenues	5	26	71	31	57	40	47	237	25	77
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	122	117
Gain on sale of assets	-	-	47	51	88	68	5	3	128	405
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	147	8,337
Total business-type activities	<u>38</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>773</u>	<u>429</u>	<u>489</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>637</u>	<u>702</u>	<u>821</u>	<u>9,329</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 80,582</u>	<u>\$ 79,705</u>	<u>\$ 85,603</u>	<u>\$ 88,262</u>	<u>\$ 95,837</u>	<u>\$ 111,808</u>	<u>\$ 120,498</u>	<u>\$ 125,667</u>	<u>\$ 145,770</u>	<u>\$ 143,166</u>
Special item - governmental activities										
	\$ -	\$ (1,229)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Change in Net Position</b>										
Governmental activities	\$ 4,556	\$ 4,370	\$ 5,635	\$ 2,357	\$ (27,699)	\$ (51,480)	\$ (7,872)	\$ 29,389	\$ 31,943	\$ 19,907
Business-type activities	528	2,810	(253)	1,321	1,130	2,740	1,683	3,954	5,398	15,097
Total primary government	<u>\$ 5,084</u>	<u>\$ 7,180</u>	<u>\$ 5,382</u>	<u>\$ 3,678</u>	<u>\$ (26,569)</u>	<u>\$ (48,740)</u>	<u>\$ (6,189)</u>	<u>\$ 33,343</u>	<u>\$ 37,341</u>	<u>\$ 35,004</u>

Note: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

## Schedule 3

**County of Moore**  
**Fund Balances of Governmental Funds**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**  
**(Modified accrual basis of accounting)**  
**(amounts expressed in thousands)**

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General fund										
Nonspendable										
Inventories	\$ 107	\$ 82	\$ 93	\$ 94	\$ 84	\$ 88	\$ 104	\$ 113	\$ 101	\$ 106
Long-term receivables	479	363	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	200
Prepaid Items	270	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for:										
Stabilization by state statute	7,090	7,034	7,590	7,582	9,086	10,088	12,353	15,016	13,998	18,807
Solid Waste - White Goods Program	399	417	452	532	640	652	755	951	985	1,105
Solid Waste - Scrap Tire Program	-	-	-	-	-	84	173	272	400	543
Register of Deeds	102	168	203	223	222	237	331	394	457	520
Building inspection	-	-	-	-	193	604	1,072	1,617	1,979	2,295
Health - Medicaid Assistance Program	306	317	330	354	309	263	274	297	436	539
Committed fund balance										
Committed for tax revaluation	164	140	216	208	213	280	196	800	525	508
Committed for debt services	-	-	-	2,000	2,000	2,000	4,000	5,946	5,946	5,946
Assigned fund balance										
Subsequent year's expenditures	-	253	-	-	-	-	602	496	-	8,000
Assigned for Capital Reserve for Fire Protection Services Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000
Assigned for risk management	-	-	-	1,000	1,000	800	1,500	750	1,000	1,000
Assigned for court project	-	-	-	2,112	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for environmental protection	-	-	-	170	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for parks & recreation capital project	-	100	-	963	1,000	-	11	12	5	-
Assigned for solid waste projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	355	-
Assigned for projects in Pandemic Recovery Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	-
Assigned for property management building improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,944	-
Assigned for MCS current expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,702	-
Assigned for IT projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	-
Assigned for Health capital outlay software	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	-
Assigned for county general operational & capital expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,400	1,800
Assigned for county general operational expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,116	-	-
Assigned for county general capital expenditures	-	300	200	400	500	600	7,650	3,620	-	-
Assigned for elections capital projects building	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for vehicle replacement plan	-	315	-	-	-	-	-	650	-	-
Assigned for remaining governmental projects from FY2016	-	560	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for Moore County Schools	-	-	1,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for digital learning	-	-	418	225	21	3	11	-	-	-
Assigned for vehicles	-	-	250	400	260	940	700	-	-	-
Assigned for capital reserve for governmental projects	-	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	5,019	-	-
Assigned for capital reserve for capital projects for MCS	-	-	-	-	1,000	951	1,431	2,191	554	1,068
Unassigned fund balance										
General fund	16,569	16,811	17,516	18,232	18,125	19,761	21,880	24,868	29,643	30,270
Total general fund	<u>\$ 8,917</u>	<u>\$ 27,060</u>	<u>\$ 29,081</u>	<u>\$ 34,495</u>	<u>\$ 35,653</u>	<u>\$ 37,351</u>	<u>\$ 53,043</u>	<u>\$ 64,128</u>	<u>\$ 66,250</u>	<u>\$ 73,707</u>
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid Items	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12
Restricted for:										
Stabilization by state statute	21,332	1,754	1,831	2,023	4,500	7,689	46,584	2,952	2,558	4,569
Emergency Telephone System	968	1,175	465	711	779	798	848	1,016	1,188	1,124
Human services	60	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	62	67	78	87	90	88
Capital Projects/financing agreement compliance	4,793	4,112	349	29,170	82,277	50,012	34,108	64,327	42,455	27,385
Fire protection	169	83	471	696	716	939	1,317	1,336	1,889	2,653
Future Parks & Recreation expenditures	27	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charitable services	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	30	30	30
Health services	-	-	-	-	-	-	68	55	45	27
Opioid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	241	831	3,016
ARP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	296	718
Grants project	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	332	613	525
Committed fund balance										
Committed for airport capital project	-	-	37	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Committed for cultural and recreational	1	5	819	3,220	4,144	107	32	184	172	177
Committed for general government	1,302	22,302	24,274	18,273	14,762	25,894	29,135	34,236	38,890	40,422
Committed for public safety	368	368	1,024	1,600	2,625	3,795	16,410	14,364	13,146	12,841
Committed for environmental protection and community development	-	24	24	24	-	1,026	747	673	2,750	800
Assigned fund balance										
Subsequent year's expenditures	834	-	-	-	76	79	2,552	-	-	159
Assigned for public safety	601	1,079	1,354	1,140	1,836	2,402	-	3,023	3,824	4,766
Assigned for environmental protection	52	64	71	58	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for human services	-	-	40	45	-	-	-	-	-	36
Unassigned fund balance										
Special revenue funds	(319)	(274)	(124)	(25)	(464)	(1,841)	(350)	(158)	(43)	-
Capital projects funds	(262)	(487)	(414)	(195)	-	-	-	-	-	(714)
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ 29,926</u>	<u>\$ 30,286</u>	<u>\$ 30,221</u>	<u>\$ 56,742</u>	<u>\$ 111,315</u>	<u>\$ 90,969</u>	<u>\$ 131,565</u>	<u>\$ 122,705</u>	<u>\$ 108,736</u>	<u>\$ 98,636</u>

Note: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

## Schedule 4

**County of Moore**  
**Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**  
**(modified accrual basis of accounting)**  
**(amounts expressed in thousands)**

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
<b>Revenues</b>										
Property taxes	\$ 62,618	\$ 60,669	\$ 63,419	\$ 65,494	\$ 67,698	\$ 79,276	\$ 82,557	\$ 85,087	\$ 84,714	\$ 86,938
Sales taxes	14,868	15,933	16,686	17,015	19,415	23,035	27,769	30,852	33,308	36,143
Other taxes and licenses	263	279	296	312	322	320	364	376	517	380
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	1,758	1,956	2,579	2,760	3,069	3,533	4,573	5,253	6,335	5,901
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	13,682	14,095	14,822	11,609	11,938	13,546	19,262	24,107	13,135	20,750
Charges for services	9,063	9,782	9,863	10,448	11,285	11,259	13,945	17,472	17,176	18,301
Investment income	118	284	577	1,395	3,230	2,987	122	301	8,231	11,965
Donations	113	100	119	101	308	329	382	366	433	249
Other revenues	176	86	112	75	735	1,092	860	477	856	2,439
Payments from component units	345	345	346	646	347	822	3,323	2,373	124	25
Total revenues	103,004	103,529	108,819	109,855	118,347	136,199	153,157	166,664	164,829	183,091
<b>Expenditures</b>										
Current:										
General government	9,033	9,014	9,994	10,678	11,715	11,655	12,779	13,669	14,952	15,875
Public safety	21,694	21,561	23,239	24,429	26,227	28,690	31,661	31,568	35,339	38,958
Environmental protection and community development	3,835	4,003	3,710	3,565	4,372	4,632	4,705	6,969	7,950	8,706
Human services	17,321	16,759	16,061	14,636	15,277	16,198	17,716	18,336	19,025	20,122
Cultural and recreational	1,086	1,123	1,074	1,157	1,186	1,236	1,182	1,276	1,524	1,685
Education	32,908	33,690	35,228	37,106	35,446	37,540	37,157	36,413	40,716	42,569
Grants - other	1,092	1,021	791	763	867	868	985	965	1,033	921
Capital outlay	8,173	3,473	7,635	8,646	42,742	79,055	45,383	27,999	29,972	23,948
Debt service:										
Principal	6,787	6,783	7,403	5,552	6,596	10,533	12,795	17,209	17,489	17,390
Interest and other charges	3,582	7,003	4,307	2,440	3,826	6,079	7,099	8,689	7,943	7,355
Bond issuance costs	-	238	78	2	597	234	741	8	8	11
Total expenditures	105,511	104,668	109,520	108,974	148,851	196,720	172,203	163,101	175,951	177,540
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,507)	(1,139)	(701)	881	(30,504)	(60,521)	(19,046)	3,563	(11,122)	5,551
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>										
Transfers in	14,225	5,796	8,727	11,043	20,010	20,063	12,999	32,322	21,017	12,933
Transfers out	(14,225)	(5,796)	(8,727)	(11,043)	(21,010)	(21,063)	(13,799)	(33,822)	(21,914)	(22,270)
Capital lease obligation issued	-	336	-	-	223	115	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	98	53	731	54	254	44	131	114	128	103
Payment to bond trustees	-	(46,825)	(12,555)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt issued	-	-	-	31,000	15,812	-	244	-	-	155
Subscription liabilities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	43
Lease liabilities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	17	423
Bonds premium	-	8,358	-	-	5,947	4,713	10,012	-	-	-
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	65,000	38,000	65,665	-	-	-
Refunding bonds issued	-	42,380	14,481	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	98	4,302	2,657	31,054	86,236	41,872	75,252	(1,339)	(723)	(8,613)
<b>Special Item</b>	-	(1,229)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,409)	\$ 1,934	\$ 1,956	\$ 31,935	\$ 55,732	\$ (18,649)	\$ 56,206	\$ 2,224	\$ (11,845)	\$ (3,062)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures (1)	10.34%	13.41%	10.84%	7.51%	7.10%	8.75%	12.13%	17.42%	16.61%	15.39%

Notes: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

- (1) Total debt service (principal and interest payments only) is shown as a percentage of total noncapital expenditures. Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay (to the extent capitalized for the government-wide statement of net assets) and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditure categories.

**County of Moore**  
**Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**  
**(in thousands of dollars)**

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Personal Property</b>	<b>Real Property</b>	<b>Motor Vehicles</b>	<b>Utilities/ Other</b>	<b>Less: Tax Exempt Real Property</b>	<b>Less: Abatements</b>	<b>Total Taxable Assessed Value</b>	<b>Total Direct Tax Rate</b>	<b>Estimated Actual Taxable Value</b>	<b>Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value</b>
2015	327,018	12,533,473	859,941	156,354	1,478,800	31,683	12,366,303	0.465	12,325,600	100.3%
2016	334,158	12,170,136	897,122	179,536	1,602,825	13,122	11,965,005	0.465	12,006,812	99.65%
2017	380,414	12,377,743	950,352	185,741	1,652,895	(417)	12,241,772	0.465	12,213,976	100.23%
2018	513,948	12,591,779	964,137	195,626	1,670,345	97,458	12,497,687	0.465	12,213,976	102.32%
2019	477,431	12,784,249	1,042,386	201,007	1,675,803	26,894	12,802,376	0.465	12,544,513	102.06%
2020	557,477	13,863,927	1,061,383	212,930	1,815,745	71,059	13,808,913	0.510	13,761,278	100.35%
2021	582,689	14,189,839	1,250,091	218,672	1,904,271	110,513	14,226,507	0.510	14,056,315	101.21%
2022	579,377	14,499,533	1,310,902	232,278	1,899,228	87,340	14,635,522	0.510	14,458,351	101.23%
2023	663,108	14,916,349	1,434,894	238,949	1,937,150	106,129	15,210,021	0.485	14,801,508	102.76%
2024	745,647	22,092,591	1,533,893	265,220	2,534,555	124,060	21,978,736	0.330	22,034,543	99.75%

Source: Moore County Tax Department

Notes: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

Property in the county is reassessed every four years. The County assesses property at 100 percent of market value based on a revaluation date of 1/1/2023 and assesses personal property at 100 percent based on original cost with Department of Revenue trend factors applied each year.

## Schedule 6

**County of Moore**  
**Property Tax Rates**  
**Direct and Overlapping Governments**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
<u>Direct Rates</u>										
County General	\$0.4650	\$0.4650	\$0.4650	\$0.4650	\$0.4650	\$0.5100	\$0.5100	\$0.5100	\$0.4850	\$0.3300
Advanced Life Support (ALS)	0.0200	0.0200	0.0300	0.0300	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0400	0.0375
<u>Municipalities</u>										
Aberdeen	0.4300	0.4300	0.4700	0.4700	0.4700	0.4900	0.4900	0.4900	0.4900	0.4200
Cameron	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750	0.5750
Carthage	0.4300	0.4950	0.4950	0.4950	0.4950	0.5050	0.5050	0.5050	0.5050	0.5050
Carthage Tag Fee	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00
Foxfire	0.3500	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.2900
Pinebluff	0.3700	0.3800	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000
Pinehurst	0.2800	0.2900	0.2950	0.2950	0.2950	0.3000	0.3000	0.3150	0.3100	0.2300
Robbins	0.6400	0.6400	0.6200	0.6200	0.6400	0.7500	0.7500	0.7400	0.7300	0.7100
Robbins Tag Fee	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00
Southern Pines	0.3700	0.3800	0.3800	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.2900
Southern Pines Tag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00
Taylortown	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.4750
Vass	0.4900	0.4900	0.4900	0.5000	0.5150	0.5150	0.5150	0.5150	0.5350	0.4900
Whispering Pines	0.3700	0.3700	0.3700	0.3700	0.3700	0.3700	0.4200	0.4700	0.4700	0.3200
<u>Fire Districts</u>										
Southern Pines	0.0890	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Crestline	0.0830	0.0800	0.0850	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pinebluff	0.0860	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Pinehurst	0.0840	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Seven Lakes	0.0400	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
West End	0.0690	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Eastwood	0.0700	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Robbins	0.0630	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Carthage	0.0640	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Highfalls	0.0660	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Eagle Springs	0.0750	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Aberdeen	0.0920	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Crains Creek	0.1110	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.0950	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
SP Service District	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.4000	0.6000
Whispering Pines	0.0580	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.9500	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Cypress Point	0.0810	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.9500	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875
Westmoore	0.0700	0.0800	0.0850	0.0900	0.0950	0.0950	0.9500	0.1050	0.1050	0.0875

Source: Moore County Tax Department

Notes: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

Property in the county is reassessed every four years. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value. Tax rate is as of July 1 of each fiscal year.

The County of Moore does not display any components of the total direct rate as the County appropriate fund balance and capital reserve funds to pay for debt payments and major capital projects.

Starting FY 2011, Circle V and Cameron Fire Districts were combined into V Cypress Point Fire District.

Starting FY 2016, All Fire Districts are assessed the same rate.

Starting FY 2018, Crestline Fire District was combined with Aberdeen Fire District.

N/A - not applicable



## Schedule 7

**County of Moore**  
**Principal Property Taxpayers**  
**Current Year and Nine Years Ago**

Taxpayer	2024			2015		
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Duke Energy Progress, Inc	\$ 160,017,971	1	0.73%			
Resorts of Pinehurst	130,327,480	2	0.59%	87,661,090	1	0.72%
ZP NO 340 LLC	66,732,380	3	0.30%			
Morganton Park, LLC	60,000,000	4	0.27%			
Pinehurst, Inc	59,298,540	5	0.27%			
Pinehurst Surgical Clinic	52,464,630	6	0.24%	23,614,600	6	0.19%
Pinehurst Medical Group, LLC	51,761,360	7	0.24%	20,244,470	9	0.16%
Hawthorne Pinehurst, LLC	41,323,370	8	0.19%	24,344,970	5	0.20%
Pinehurst LLC	40,722,085	9	0.19%	51,801,270	3	0.42%
Blues Crossing Apartments, LLC	35,809,740	10	0.16%			
Progress Energy				79,497,071	2	0.64%
Forest Creek Investors, LLC				48,476,430	4	0.39%
Randolph Electric Memb Corp				22,404,686	7	0.18%
Country Club of North Carolina				22,028,920	8	0.18%
Aberdeen Commons Associates, LLC				19,991,120	10	0.16%
<hr/>						
Total assessed valuation of top 10 taxpayers	698,457,556		3.18%	400,064,627		3.24%
Balance of assessed valuation	21,280,278,678		96.82%	11,966,238,605		96.76%
Total assessed valuation	<u>\$ 21,978,736,234</u>		<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$ 12,366,303,232</u>		<u>100.00%</u>

Source - Moore County Tax Department

Notes: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

**Schedule 8**

**County of Moore**  
**Property Tax Levies and Collections**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**  
**(amounts expressed in thousands)**

<b>Fiscal Year Ended June 30</b>	<b>Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy</b>		<b>Collections in Subsequent Years</b>	<b>Total Collections to Date</b>	
		<b>Amount</b>	<b>Percentage of Levy</b>		<b>Amount</b>	<b>Percentage of Levy</b>
2015	57,654	57,316	99.4%	327	57,643	100.0%
2016	55,773	55,524	99.6%	235	55,759	100.0%
2017	57,064	56,753	99.5%	295	57,048	100.0%
2018	58,326	57,993	99.4%	312	58,305	100.0%
2019	59,693	59,404	99.5%	263	59,667	100.0%
2020	70,494	70,067	99.4%	399	70,466	100.0%
2021	72,763	72,414	99.5%	320	72,734	100.0%
2022	74,908	74,552	99.6%	324	74,876	100.0%
2023	74,094	73,721	99.5%	291	74,012	99.5%
2024	73,283	72,956	99.5%	-	72,956	99.6%

Sources: Moore County Tax Department and Moore County Finance Department

Note: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

**County of Moore**  
**Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**  
(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities							Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
	General Obligation Bonds	Leases	Subscription Liability	Limited Obligation Bonds	Installment Financing	Unamortized Premium	Bonds	Subscription Liability	Federal/State Revolving Loan	Installment Financing	Limited Obligation Bonds	Unamortized Premium	Bond Anticipation Note			
2015	60,230	-	-	22,040	286	2,286	12,035	-	20,951	149	7,385	506	-	125,868	3.05%	1,339
2016	51,260	-	-	19,955	449	10,123	11,845	-	19,769	561	7,050	475	-	121,487	2.81%	1,288
2017	46,535	-	-	19,374	278	7,732	11,592	-	18,806	413	15,811	309	-	120,850	2.52%	1,262
2018	43,350	-	-	17,080	31,205	7,058	11,368	-	17,624	341	15,193	298	-	143,517	2.83%	1,476
2019	105,200	-	-	15,251	45,623	12,221	11,143	-	16,441	267	14,563	287	-	220,996	4.22%	2,186
2020	136,950	-	-	13,418	43,288	15,812	10,911	-	15,259	192	13,916	277	-	250,023	4.44%	2,429
2021	148,295	-	-	57,419	41,056	24,594	10,440	-	1,364	116	26,338	2,993	1,395	314,010	5.03%	3,016
2022	137,530	1,280	859	53,508	38,599	22,915	11,561	-	1,237	39	24,799	2,766	-	295,093	4.45%	2,848
2023	126,740	1,237	588	49,634	36,140	21,235	11,271	148	1,110	-	23,242	2,540	5,413	279,298	N/A	2,659
2024	116,070	1,569	299	45,799	33,834	19,555	16,394	68	982	-	21,666	2,314	-	258,550	N/A	2,419

Notes: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Demographic and Economic Statistics on Schedule 12 for personal income and population data.

N/A - not available

**County of Moore**  
**Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**  
(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>General Obligation Bonds</b>	<b>Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (a)</b>	<b>Per Capita (b)</b>
2015	60,230	0.49%	641
2016	51,260	0.43%	543
2017	46,535	0.38%	486
2018	43,350	0.35%	446
2019	105,200	0.84%	1,041
2020	136,950	0.99%	1,330
2021	148,295	1.06%	1,424
2022	137,530	0.95%	1,331
2023	126,740	0.86%	1,206
2024	116,070	0.53%	1,086

Notes: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes of the financial statements.

- a. See the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (Schedule 5) for property value data.
- b. Population data can be found in the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics (Schedule 12).

Schedule 11

County of Moore  
Legal Debt Margin Information  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Debt limit	\$ 989,304,259	\$ 957,200,393	\$ 979,341,759	\$ 999,814,982	\$ 1,024,190,107	\$ 1,104,712,965	\$ 1,138,120,551	\$ 1,170,841,805	\$ 1,216,801,656	\$ 1,758,298,899
Total net debt applicable to limit	82,555,861	71,664,012	66,186,977	214,635,261	224,074,310	213,655,767	246,769,878	229,637,016	214,339,924	197,571,067
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 906,748,398</u>	<u>\$ 885,536,381</u>	<u>\$ 913,154,782</u>	<u>\$ 785,179,721</u>	<u>\$ 800,115,797</u>	<u>\$ 891,057,198</u>	<u>\$ 891,350,673</u>	<u>\$ 941,204,789</u>	<u>\$ 1,002,461,732</u>	<u>\$ 1,560,727,832</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	8.3%	7.5%	6.8%	21.5%	21.9%	19.3%	21.7%	19.6%	17.6%	11.2%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2024

Appraised valuation - June 30, 2024	\$ 21,978,736,234
Debt limit - eight percent (8%) of appraised valuation	1,758,298,899
<u>Gross Debt</u>	
Total bonded debt	125,730,000
Revenue bond	6,734,000
Limited obligation bonds	67,465,000
Authorized and unissued bonds	-
Federal/State revolving loan	982,030
Notes payable	33,834,261
Lease payable	1,568,972
Subscription liability	366,242
Gross debt	<u>236,680,505</u>
<u>Statutory Deductions</u>	(39,109,438)
Net debt	<u>197,571,067</u>
Legal debt margin	<u><u>1,560,727,832</u></u>

Notes: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

NC Statute GS159-55 limits the County's outstanding debt to 8% of the appraised value of property subject to taxation.

The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the County's net debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the County's legal borrowing authority.

## Schedule 12

**County of Moore**  
**Demographic and Economic Statistics**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Population (1)</b>	<b>Personal Income (2) (thousands of dollars)</b>	<b>Per Capita Personal Income (2)</b>	<b>Median Age (4)</b>	<b>School Enrollment (3)</b>	<b>Unemployment Rate (4)</b>
2015	93,984	4,125,534	43,725	45	13,130	5.67%
2016	94,352	4,327,275	45,181	45	12,993	5.44%
2017	95,776	4,793,730	49,286	45	12,792	4.86%
2018	97,264	5,063,095	51,307	45	12,856	4.02%
2019	101,088	5,236,988	51,913	44	12,759	3.90%
2020	102,950	5,634,157	54,514	44	12,835	5.52%
2021	104,130	6,245,470	60,775	43	12,444	5.59%
2022	103,298	6,636,457	62,886	44	12,825	3.83%
2023	105,040	N/A	N/A	N/A	12,963	3.60%
2024	106,898	N/A	N/A	N/A	12,931	3.25%

Sources: (1) Fiscal Years 2013 - 2018, data obtained from United State Census Bureau; Fiscal Year 2020 -2022, data obtained from North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management population projections.

(2) Bureau of Economic Analysis

(3) Moore County Schools Day 20 Enrollment Report

(4) U.S. Census Bureau

Note: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

N/A - not available

**Schedule 13**

**County of Moore  
Principal Employers  
Current Year and Nine  
Years Ago**

<b>Employer</b>	<b>2024</b>			<b>2015</b>		
	<b>Employees (Note 1)</b>	<b>Rank</b>	<b>Percentage of Total County Employment</b>	<b>Employees (Note 1)</b>	<b>Rank</b>	<b>Percentage of Total County Employment</b>
Firsthealth of the Carolinas Inc	1,000 & over	1	N/A	1,000 & over	1	N/A
Moore County Schools	1,000 & over	2	N/A	1,000 & over	2	N/A
Pinehurst, LLC	1,000 & over	3	N/A	1,000 & over	3	N/A
County of Moore	500 - 999	4	N/A	500 - 999	4	N/A
Pinehurst Medical Clinic Inc	500 - 999	5	N/A	250 - 499	8	N/A
Sandhills Community College	500 - 999	6	N/A	500 - 999	5	N/A
Pinehurst Surgical Clinic, PA	500 - 999	7	N/A			
Harris Teeter	250 - 499	8	N/A			
Lee Electrical Construction Inc	250 - 499	9	N/A			
Wal-Mart Associates	250 - 499	10	N/A	250 - 499	7	N/A
St Joseph of the Pines Hospital, Inc				500 - 999	6	N/A
Burford's Tree Surgeons, Inc.				250 - 499	9	N/A
Food Lion				250 - 499	10	N/A

Source: Department of Commerce, Labor and Economic Analysis Division, QCEW Unit

Notes: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

1. Per the NC Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Division Employee figures were compiled for statistical purposes on a range basis only.

**Schedule 14**

**County of Moore**  
**Full-time Equivalent County Employees by Function**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**

<b>Function</b>	<b>Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30</b>									
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2024</b>
General government	94.5	96	96	105	105	105	105	108	112	118.5
Public safety:										
Law enforcement	76.5	77	78	80	80	86	87	89	90	104
Other (Jail, communications, EMS and emergency management)	154	161.5	160.5	168.5	175	187	197	198	200	216.5
Environmental protection and community development	35.5	34	33	28.5	28.67	29	30.5	34.5	35.5	37.5
Human services	200.5	196	193	201	207.33	206	205	208	211	217
Cultural and recreational	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	15	15
Water/Sewer	59	59	59	59	60	60	60	62.5	62.5	63.5
Total employees	634.0	637.5	633.5	656.0	670.0	687.0	698.5	714.0	726.0	772.0

Source: Moore County Human Resources Department

Note: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.



## Schedule 15

**County of Moore**  
**Operating Indicators by Function**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Function	2015	2016	2017	2018	FISCAL YEAR 2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Planning										
Permits issued (New Residential)	1,066	1,252	1,364	1,684	1,739	2,070	2,757	2,829	2,957	3,518
Permits issued (New Commercial)	63	89	64	82	68	148	108	68	75	67
Sheriff										
Physical arrests	1,868	2,728	1,984	1,638	1,848	1,813	2,147	1,726	1,362	1,636
Civil Papers Served	3,462	5,749	3,212	3,270	3,066	2,948	2,901	2,874	3,355	3,328
Traffic violations	801	68	1,585	1,369	1,155	989	1,720	1,052	1,412	1,840
EMS										
Number of calls answered	13,501	14,814	15,263	15,858	16,421	16,691	16,645	19,230	21,046	21,252
Fire										
Inspections	1,118	1,076	919	583	1,129	1,374	1,358	1,593	1,342	1,243
Sanitation										
Garbage collected (tons/year)	12,918	13,532	14,371	14,529	15,671	16,867	17,547	16,797	16,911	16,515
Landfill collections (tons/year)	22,754	27,319	27,909	26,884	19,544	30,878	27,317	29,313	28,296	28,454
Recyclables collected (tons/year)	4,126	4,989	4,945	5,009	4,200	3,618	3,267	1,742	1,575	1,526
Culture and recreation										
Athletic activities participants	4,346	4,622	5,396	7,381	5,937	679	1,664	3,622	2,986	10,244
Water										
New connections	426	423	532	588	533	494	630	728	519	569
Water mains breaks	226	35	15	36	33	35	24	37	13	28
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons-based on meter readings)	2,406,540	2,072,490	2,476,915	2,588,302	2,563,939	2,756,949	2,800,723	3,093,474	3,056,435	3,203,816
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	4.914	5.285	5.242	5.195	6.613	4.691	5.398	5.386	5,174	4.988

Sources: Various county governmental departments

Note: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

N/A - not available

## Schedule 16

**County of Moore**  
**Capital Asset Statistics by Function**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years**

<b>Function</b>	<b>FISCAL YEAR</b>									
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2024</b>
Airport	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Airport acreage	524.5	524.5	524.5	524.5	521	521	521	521.9	521.9	521.9
County vehicles	293	291	305	305	310	320	340	347	366	382
Recreation										
Parks acreage	60.36	138.86	67.86	67.86	59.86	59.86	59.86	47.55	47.55	47.55
Parks	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Solid Waste										
Collection sites	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

Sources: Various county governmental departments

Note: The County of Moore began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

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**To Members of the Board of Commissioners  
Moore County  
Carthage, North Carolina**

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Moore County, North Carolina** (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2024. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Moore County ABC Board, as described in our report on Moore County's financial statements. The financial statements of the Moore County ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal controls over financial reporting or compliance and other matters associated with the Moore County ABC Board or that are reported on separately by those auditors who audited the financial statements of the Moore County ABC Board.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Moore County, North Carolina's Responses to Findings**

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC*

Raleigh, North Carolina  
November 26, 2024

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THE OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT**

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**To Members of the Board of Commissioners  
Moore County  
Carthage, North Carolina**

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### ***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited **Moore County, North Carolina's** (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### ***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

---

### ***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS), *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

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We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-002 to be significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

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*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC*

Raleigh, North Carolina  
November 26, 2024



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THE OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT**

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**To Members of the Board of Commissioners  
Moore County  
Carthage, North Carolina**

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program**

#### ***Opinion on Each Major State Program***

We have audited **Moore County, North Carolina's** (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's state programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### ***Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's state programs.

***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

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We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-003. Our opinion on each major state program is not modified with respect to this matter.

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on County's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-002 and 2024-003 to be significant deficiencies.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC*

Raleigh, North Carolina  
November 26, 2024

# MOORE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? ☐ Yes ☒ None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? ☐ Yes ☒ No

#### **Federal Awards**

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? ☒ Yes ☐ None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs?

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

☒ Yes ☐ No

Identification of major program:

#### Assistance Listing Number

93.778

93.044, 93.045, 93.053

10.561

21.027

#### Name of Federal Program or Cluster

Medicaid Cluster

Aging Cluster

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Cluster

Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

# MOORE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS (CONTINUED)

#### State Awards

Internal control over major state programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? ☒ Yes ☐ None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for  
major state programs?

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in  
accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?

☒ Yes ☐ No

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

Identification of major State programs:

#### Program Names

Juvenile Crime Prevention Programs

Rural Operating Assistance Program (ROAP)

Other major state programs include Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid) and Aging Cluster which have a state match on the federal programs. Therefore, these programs have been included in the major programs above.

**MOORE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

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**SECTION II**  
**FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES**

**2024-001      Prior Period Adjustment (Repeat Finding)**

**Criteria:** Internal controls should be in place to ensure that financial statements properly present the financial position and results of the County in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

**Condition:** Internal controls were not sufficient to timely detect a material misstatement in the County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023.

**Context/Cause:** During our audit for the year ended June 30, 2024, a material misstatement in the opening balances of the County was identified and, thus, error correction was required as follows:

- An error in recording the opioid settlement revenue in the Opioid Fund that should have been recognized in the previous year in the amount of \$419,326.
- An error in recording the opioid settlement revenue in the governmental activities that should have been recognized in the previous year in the amount of \$10,505,519.

**Effects:** As a result of the issue identified above, a material audit adjustment was required to correct previously reported balances of the County. The fund balance of the Opioid Fund increased by \$419,326 and the net position of the governmental activities increased by \$10,505,519.

**Recommendation:** We recommend the County carefully review the financial statements and the applicable reporting requirements under GAAP to ensure that all information and financial data is properly reported.

**Auditee's Response:** We concur with the finding.

# MOORE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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### SECTION III

#### FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

##### 2024-002      Significant Deficiency over Eligibility (Repeat Finding)

**Information on the federal program:** Medicaid Cluster (Medicaid), Assistance Listing Number 93.778, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, passed through the N.C Department of Health and Human Services (NCDHHS), Division of Medical Assistance.

**Criteria:** Per the North Carolina Medicaid Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX) Compliance Supplement and the DSS manuals (Aged, Blind and Disabled manual, Family and Children Medicaid manual and the Integrated Policy manual), case files for individuals or families receiving assistance are required to retain documentation to serve as evidence for the appropriate eligibility determination, including:

- accurate computation of countable income and resources;
- verification of unearned income;
- verification of earned income; and
- verification of relationships in the household

**Condition:** We noted two instances where the applicant's relationship, who was included in the household composition, was not established with supporting documentation.

**Context/Cause:** The County did not retain required documentation in the case files at the time eligibility was determined. We noted the above conditions in 2 out of the 60 case files inspected for applicable payments.

**Effects:** Case files not containing all required documentation result in a risk that the County could provide services to individuals not eligible to receive such services or that such services could be denied to eligible individuals. For the two cases noted, subsequent to being notified that required documentation had not been retained in the case file, the County was able to obtain documentation to substantiate that the applicants tested were eligible to receive benefits.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the County train and monitor employees on the eligibility determination process. We also recommend the County review and amend current policies and procedures in place to ensure that all eligibility determination documentation is completed and retained by the County.

**Auditee's Response:** We concur with the finding.



# MOORE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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### SECTION IV

#### STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Finding 2024-002 as listed in Section III Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs is also considered to be a state award finding.

#### **2024-003      Significant Deficiency over Reporting**

**Information on the federal program:** Rural Operating Assistance Program (ROAP), passed through the N.C. Department of Transportation.

**Criteria:** Per the NC State Compliance, the County is required to submit monthly reports to the N.C. Department of Transportation within 45 days after month end and a year-end report withing 30 days after year-end.

**Condition:** We noted one month was submitted untimely.

**Context/Cause:** The County submitted one of the four months we reviewed late per the State Compliance. The County noted this was a result of staffing shortages in the department.

**Effects:** Untimely reporting compliance.

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the County submits all required reporting requirements per the State Compliance.

**Auditee's Response:** We concur with the finding.

*County of Moore*  
206 South Ray Street  
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Carthage, North Carolina 28327

Financial Services  
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Telephone: 910-947-6310  
Fax: 910-947-6311

**CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

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**II. Financial Statement Findings and Responses**

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**Finding: 2024-001, Prior Period Adjustment**

**Name of Contact Person:** Caroline Ly Xiong, Finance Director

**Corrective Action/Management's Response:** Staff did not record the opioid settlement revenue received 90 days after the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and did not report the related revenue under full accrual accounting. The fund balance and the net position of the governmental activities were increased by \$419,326 and \$10,505,519, respectively. Staff is now aware of the reporting requirement and will accurately book the revenue in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

**Proposed Completion Date:** As soon as the discrepancy was reported by the auditor, we corrected the year-end revenue and recorded the prior period adjustment in the Opioid Fund and the governmental activities as of June 30, 2024.



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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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III. Federal Findings and Questioned Costs

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**Finding: 2024-002, Significant Deficiency over Eligibility**

**Name of Contact Person:** David Richmond, Director

**Corrective Action/Management's Response:** No financial costs are associated with findings. Refresher trainings on household member relationships verification will be held with all Family and Children Medicaid Workers. Ten Targeted second party reviews will be completed by Quality Assurance Team to monitor compliance with policy. Workers are held accountable for outcomes/actions for correct eligibility determination of cases.

**Proposed Completion Date:** All training for corrective action refresher training will be completed by March 31, 2025. Targeted second parties will begin December 2024 and continue.

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IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

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Findings 2024-002 as listed in Section III Federal Award Findings and Questions Costs are also considered to be state award findings.

*County of Moore*  
*Transportation Services*  
*302 Monroe Street*  
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*Carthage, North Carolina 28327*  
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**CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024**

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**IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

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**Finding: 2024-003 Significant Deficiency over Reporting**

**Name of Contact Person:** Sonia Biggs, Transportation Director

**Corrective Action/Management's Response:** The department concurs with the findings and will comply with submitting monthly reports within 45 days after the end of the month, except for June which will be submitted by July 31 annually. Reports will be sent to Finance for audit within 21 days after the end of each month. Upon Finance's approval, reports will be submitted in Smartsheet.

**Proposed Completion Date:** All corrective actions will be effective with reporting for November 2024, and continue.

# MOORE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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### 2023-001      Prior Period Adjustment

**Criteria:** Internal controls should be in place to ensure that financial statements properly present the financial position and results of the County in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

**Condition:** Internal controls were not sufficient to timely detect material misstatements in the County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

**Current Status:** Repeat finding, See 2024-001.

### 2023-002      Significant Deficiency over Eligibility

**Criteria:** Per the North Carolina Medicaid Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX) Compliance Supplement and the DSS manuals (Aged, Blind and Disabled manual, Family and Children Medicaid manual and the Integrated Policy manual), case files for individuals or families receiving assistance are required to retain documentation to serve as evidence for the appropriate eligibility determination, including:

- accurate computation of countable income and resources;
- verification of unearned income;
- verification of earned income; and
- verification of relationships in the household

Information on any non-custodial parent must be obtained for a child support referral within 12 months of the applicant's eligibility determination.

**Condition:** We noted one instance where the applicant's relationship with their grandparent, who was included in the household composition, was not established with supporting documentation. We noted two instances where the child support referral was not submitted timely. We noted one instance where the bank information was incorrectly entered by the County for \$5.

**Current Status:** Repeat finding, See 2024-002.

### 2023-003      Significant Deficiency over Activities Allowed and Unallowed and Allowable Costs/Cost Principle

**Criteria:** Per the NCDHHS policy manual, salaries, wages, and fringe benefits of Department of Social Service employees hired under the state merit system are allowable. Salaries shall be allocated to programs by time distribution methods and supported by payroll and attendance records for individuals.

**Condition:** Employee's time is tracked through the use of day sheets in which employees track their time by service code in 6-minute increments. Day sheets are used to complete weekly timesheets which are approved by supervisors. We noted four out of twenty-five day sheets selected for Foster Care had more program minutes than what was reported on the employee's approved time sheet.

**Current Status:** Corrected.

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL # Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Provided to Subrecipients
<b>Federal Grants:</b>					
<b>Cash Programs:</b>					
<b>U.S. Department of Health &amp; Human Services</b>					
Passed-through Triangle J Council of Governments					
COVID-19-Special Programs for the Aging - Title III E					
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	DAAS	\$ 8,851	\$ 2,950	\$ -
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III E					
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E	93.052	DAAS	68,887	4,592	-
Total Special Programs for the Aging - Title III E			77,738	7,542	-
<b>Aging Cluster:</b>					
COVID-19- Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part B_					
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	DOA-735	8,719	1,539	-
Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part B_					
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	DOA-735	282,732	445,127	-
COVID-19-Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part C_					
Nutritional Services	93.045	DOA-735	94,193	16,622	-
Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part C_Nutritional Services	93.045	DOA-735	79,850	4,697	-
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	DOA-735	5,188	-	-
Total Aging Cluster			470,682	467,985	-
Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program	93.071	2101NCMIAA-00	8,111	-	-
Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part D_					
Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043	DOA-733	7,312	430	-
Total Triangle J Council of Governments			563,843	475,957	-
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:					
<b>Division of Social Services:</b>					
Administration:					
<b>Special Children Adoption Fund Cluster (3):</b>					
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	2302NCFPCV, 2201NCFPSS, 2301NCFPSS	15,552	-	-
Total Special Children Adoption Fund Cluster			15,552	-	-
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	2001NCCES, 2101NCCES	937,282	-	-
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	2201NCCWSS, 2301NCCWSS	13,785	10,153	-
Low-Income Home Energy Administration	93.568	23B1NCLIEA, 24B1NCLIEA, 2301NCLIEE	65,838	-	-
LIEAP ARPA	93.568	2101NCLWCG	26,594	-	-
LJHWAP ARP ADM	93.568	2101NCLWCG	1,924	-	-
Refugee Assistance	93.566		922	-	-
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	2301NCSOSR, 2401NCSOSR	275,111	-	-
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	2101NCAPCG, 2201NCSOSR, 2301NCSOSR	74,987	228	-
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful					
Transition to Adulthood	93.674	2203NCCILP & 2303NCCILP	8,139	1,836	-
Total Nonclustered			1,404,582	12,217	-
<b>Foster Care and Adoption Cluster (3):</b>					
Foster Care Title IV-E Benefit Payments	93.658	2001NCFOST, 2101NCFOST	156,646	75,651	-
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	2001NCFOST, 2101NCFOST	527,315	97,014	-
Adoption Assistance-Administration	93.659	2001NCADPT, 2101NCADPT	7,206	-	-
Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster			691,167	172,665	-
<b>Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster:</b>					
<b>Division of Public Health:</b>					
TANF - Work First	93.558	2B25151 20G0119003	9,112	-	-
<b>Division of Social Services:</b>					
TANF - Work First	93.558	2102NCTANF, 2202NCTANF	525,656	-	-
Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)			534,768	-	-
Total Division of Social Services			2,646,069	184,882	-
Administration for Children and Families					
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services					
<b>Subsidized Child Care Cluster (3)</b>					
<b>Child Care Development Fund Cluster:</b>					
<b>Division of Social Services:</b>					
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the					
Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	2001NCCCDF, 2101NCCCDF	133,143	-	-
Total Subsidized Child Care Cluster			133,143	-	-

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL # Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Provided to Subrecipients
<b>Federal Grants:</b>					
<b>Cash Programs:</b>					
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services:					
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:					
<u>Division of Medical Assistance:</u>					
<u>Medicaid Cluster:</u>					
Administration:					
Medicaid Cluster					
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	XIX-MAP21	\$ 2,381,837	\$ 91,202	\$ -
Total Medicaid Cluster			2,381,837	91,202	-
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	CHIP21	158,781	2,696	-
Total Health Choice			158,781	2,696	-
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Insurance					
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)					
Research, Demonstrations and Evaluations	93.779	NC-10	11,893	-	-
Total Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services			2,552,511	93,898	-
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:					
<u>Administration for Community Living</u>					
State Health Insurance Assistance Program	93.324	90SAPG0099-02-00	13,948	-	-
Passed-through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services					
<u>Division of Public Health:</u>					
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	2B32680 20G0054001	28,715	-	-
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis					
Control Programs	93.116	2B1883A 20G0065001	50	-	-
Family Planning Services	93.217	2B25900 20G0079002/2B26021 20G0079004	60,321	-	-
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.323	2B1883A 20G0097001	80,376	-	-
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	2B0631E 20G0093002	17,730	-	-
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Collaboration with Academia to					
Strengthen Public Health	93.967	2B05GLH 20G0216001	22,219	-	-
			209,411	-	-
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant					
Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant	93.994	2B25735 20G0185001/2D05318 20G0185002/2D05351 20G0185002	64,898	-	-
<u>HIV Cluster (3):</u>					
Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Prevention and Control Grants	93.977	2B04631 20G0182001	42	-	-
HIV Care- Ryan White	93.917	2B04536 20G0169002	681	-	-
Total HIV Cluster			723	-	-
Total Division of Public Health			275,032	-	-
<b>Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</b>			6,184,546	754,737	-
<b><u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u></b>					
Passed-through N.C. Department of Health & Human Services:					
<u>Division of Social Services:</u>					
Administration:					
SNAP Cluster					
State Administrative Matching Grants for					
the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	205NC406S2514, 215NC406S2514	797,210	-	-
Total Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Cluster			797,210	-	-
<u>Division of Public Health:</u>					
WIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for					
Women, Infants, & Children	10.557	2D15403 20G0001001/ 2D15404 20G0001001/ 2D15405 20G0001001/ 2D15409 20G0001001	325,979	-	-
Direct Program:					
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities (Note 6)	10.760		3,205,457	-	-
<b>Total U.S. Department of Agriculture</b>			4,328,646	-	-
<b><u>U.S. Department of Justice</u></b>					
Direct Program:					
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2020-AP-BX-0939	9,002	-	-
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	1121-0235	963	-	-
Equitable Sharing Program - Treasury	16.922	NC0630000	53,994	-	-
Equitable Sharing Program - Justice Funds	16.922	NC0630000	3,622	-	-
Passed-through N. C. Department of Public Safety					
Governor's Crime Commission:					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (2022 Taser)	16.738	PROJ014850 Add new tasers	23,867	-	-
<b>Total U.S. Department of Justice</b>			91,448	-	-
<b><u>U.S. Department of Treasury</u></b>					
Direct Program:					
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		8,337,306	-	2
<b>Total U.S. Department of Treasury</b>			8,337,306	-	2

**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL # Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Provided to Subrecipients
<b>Federal Grants:</b>					
<b>Cash Programs:</b>					
<b>U.S. Department of Transportation</b>					
Passed-through N.C. Department of Transportation					
<u>Federal Transit Administration:</u>					
Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509	36233.74.23.1	\$ 260,470	\$ 16,279	\$ -
COVID-19- Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509	49233.44.1.2	106,697	-	-
Total Federal Transit Administration			367,167	16,279	-
<b>Total U.S. Department of Transportation</b>			367,167	16,279	-
<b>U.S. Department of Homeland Security</b>					
Passed-through N.C. Department of Public Safety:					
Division of Emergency Management					
Disaster Grants- Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	FEMA-4393-DR-NC	24,683	-	-
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	DR-4285-003-R	4,242	1,414	-
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	DR-4285-016-R	153	50	-
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	DR-4393-004-R	4,010	-	-
Emergency Management Performance Grant 2022	97.042	EMA-2022-EP-00005	21,430	-	-
Emergency Management Performance Grant 2023	97.042	EMA-2023-EP-00003	21,319	-	-
Homeland Security Grant Program Grant 2021	97.067	EMW-2021-SS-00039	52,149	-	-
Homeland Security Grant Program Grant 2021	97.067	EMW-2021-SS-00039	31,083	-	-
Homeland Security Grant Program Grant 2021	97.067	EMW-2021-SS-0039-MOO2	7,036	-	-
			166,105	1,464	-
<b>Total federal awards</b>			\$ 19,475,218	\$ 772,480	\$ 2
<b>State Grants:</b>					
<b>Cash Programs:</b>					
<b>N.C. Department of Health and Human Services</b>					
<u>Division of Social Services:</u>					
Administration:					
AFDC Incent/Prog Integrity			\$ -	\$ 292	\$ -
Smart Start Daycare - Administration			-	44,852	-
ST Child Welfare/CPS/CS LD			-	70,220	-
State Foster Care Benefits Program			-	43,678	-
Total Division of Social Services			-	159,042	-
<u>Division of Public Health:</u>					
Food and Lodging Fees			-	26,389	-
DPH Aid-to-Counties			-	78,073	-
Family Planning-State			-	57,381	-
Maternal Health			-	8,950	-
High Risk Maternity Clinics			-	4,551	-
General Communicable Disease Control			-	2,732	-
HIV/STD STATE			-	86	-
TB Control			-	19,730	-
State Fiscal Recovery Funds			-	87,172	-
School Nurse Funding Initiative			-	50,000	50,000
Total Division of Public Health			-	335,064	50,000
<b>Total N.C. Department of Health and Human Services</b>			-	494,106	50,000
<b>N.C. Department of Public Instruction</b>					
Public School Building Capital Fund			-	250	250
<b>Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction</b>			-	250	250
<b>N.C. Division of Veterans Affairs</b>					
Veterans Services			-	2,174	-
<b>Total N.C. Division of Veterans Affairs</b>			-	2,174	-
<b>N.C. Division of Aging and Adult Services</b>					
Passed-through Triangle J Council of Governments:					
Senior Center General Purpose Funding			-	11,089	-
Heat Relief Fans			-	754	-
<b>Total N.C. Division of Aging and Adult Services</b>			-	11,843	-
<b>N.C. Department of Transportation</b>					
Rural State Operating Program			-	8,015	-
Rural Operating Assistance Program			-	244,071	-
<b>Total N.C. Department of Transportation</b>			-	252,086	-
<b>N.C. Department of Environmental Quality</b>					
Matching Funds for Soil & Water Conservation Districts			-	3,600	-
Soil and Water Technical Assistance Grant			-	30,000	-
S.L. 2023-134 Water/Sewer Directed Projects			-	149,750	-
<b>Total N.C. Department of Environmental Quality</b>			-	183,350	-



**COUNTY OF MOORE, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024**

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL # Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Provided to Subrecipients
<b>Federal Grants:</b>					
<b>Cash Programs:</b>					
<b>N. C. Department of Public Safety</b>					
Office of State Budget & Management					
NC General Assembly in Session Law 2021-180 (House Bill 105)			\$ -	\$ 6,864	\$ -
Division of Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice			-	238,021	138,662
Juvenile Crime Prevention Council Program			-	-	-
<b>Total N.C. Department of Public Safety</b>			-	244,885	138,662
<b>N.C. Housing Trust Fund</b>					
Passed-through N.C. Housing Finance Agency			-	111,294	-
Urgent Repair Program Grant 2022			-	111,294	-
<b>Total N. C. Housing Finance Agency</b>			-	-	-
<b>Total State awards</b>			-	1,299,988	188,912
<b>Other Financial Assistance:</b>					
NC Department of Justice					
Opioid Settlement Fund (Note 7)			-	327,031	-
<b>Total federal and State awards</b>			\$ 19,475,218	\$ 2,399,499	\$ 188,914

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

**Note 1: Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of Moore County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the SEFSA presents only a selected portion of the operations of Moore County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Moore County.

**Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

**Note 3: Cluster of Programs**

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care, Special Children Adoption Incentive Fund, HIV, and Foster Care and Adoption Clusters.

**Note 4: Indirect Cost Rate**

Moore County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**Note 5: Benefit Payments Issued by the State**

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

Program Title	AL#	Federal	State
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women Infant and Children	10.557	1,328,860	-
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.551	18,135,189	-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	84,747	-
Adoption Assistance	93.659	411,970	99,426
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	117,934,183	47,378,081
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	769	217
Refugee Assistance Payments	93.566	3,980	-
Pandemic Emergency Assistance Fund - PEA	93.558	-	-
Child Welfare Services Adoption		-	120,274
State/County Special Assistance Program		-	464,911

**Note 6: Loans Outstanding**

County of Moore had the following loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2024 for loans that the grantor/pass-through grantor has still imposed continuing compliance requirements. The grant fundings related to the Vass Phase II Construction are included in the SEFSA. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2024 consist of:

Program Title	AL#/ <sup>1</sup> CFDA No.	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Amount Outstanding
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	-	\$ 5,413,000

**Note 5: Opioid Settlement Fund**

The NC Department of Justice does not consider Opioid Settlement Funds either Federal or State Financial assistance since they are from a settlement with private major drug companies. Since these funds are subject to the State Single Audit Implementation Act, they are reported as "Other Financial Assistance" on the SEFSA, and considered State Awards for State single audit requirements.